Maine DOC Restrictive Housing: The Impacts of Systemic Wellness

Randall Liberty, Commissioner Ryan Thornell, Deputy Commissioner

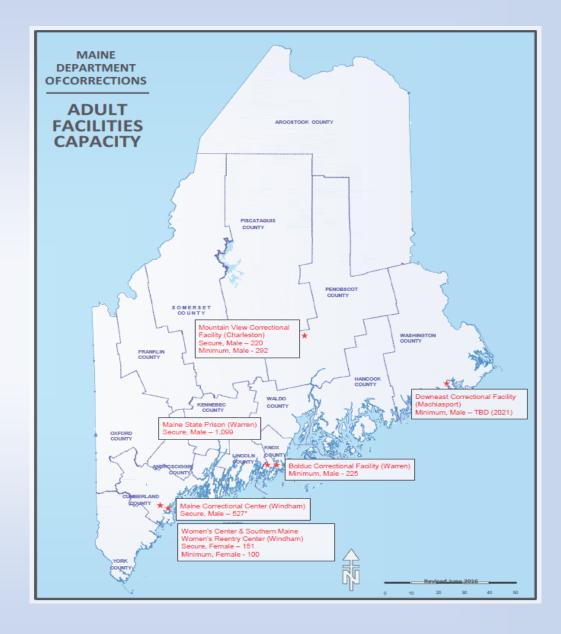
Maine Department of Corrections



CLA Winter Conference January 2022

Overview

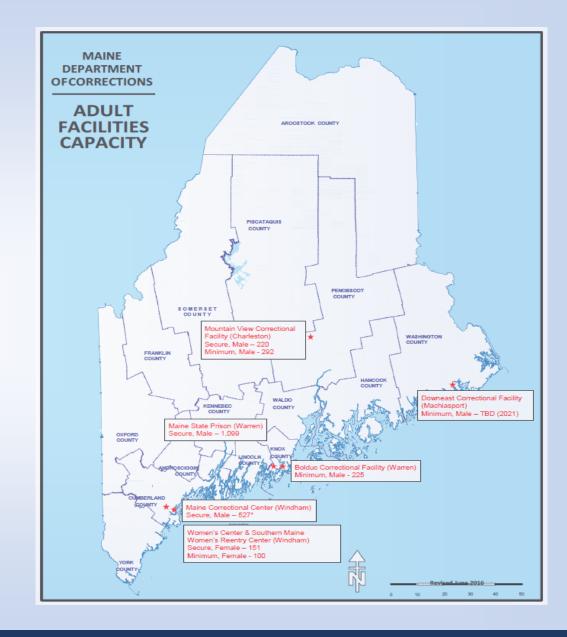
- About Maine and Maine DOC
- Restrictive Housing in Maine
- Maine Model of Corrections
- Lessons Learned



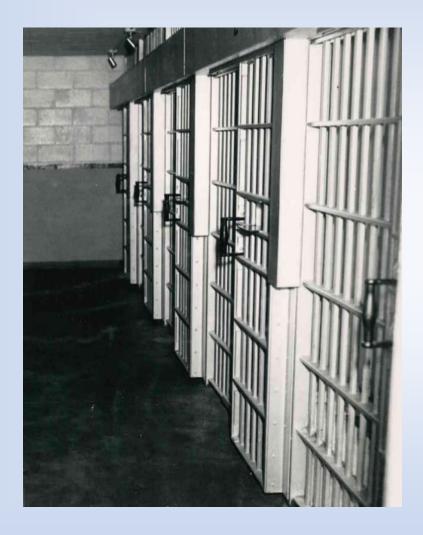


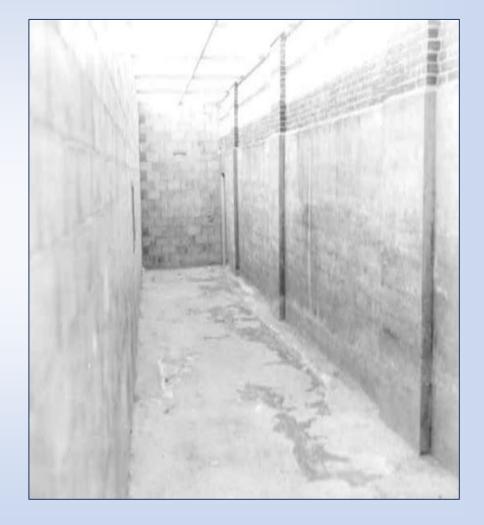
Maine DOC

- Maine's population: ~1,350,000
 - Average age: 44.7
 - Rural
 - Low crime/incarceration rates
- MDOC's population: 1,600 adults
 - 1,485 males
 - 115 females
 - Average age: 41
 - 6 adult facilities (secure and minimum)
- 5,400 adult probation clients



Maine's Restrictive Housing Evolution





1940s

Maine's Restrictive Housing Evolution





2016



Maine's Restrictive Housing Evolution



Current



Waves of Restrictive Housing Reform

- Pre-2014
 - Commissioner Ponte slashes
 RH population numbers
- 2014-2015
 - MDOC is defined by
 PBS Frontline's Solitary Nation



Waves of Restrictive Housing Reform





Waves of Restrictive Housing Reform



- Changing the narrative
- Meaningful reform begins



General Goals of Reform

- Reduce the # of RH placements
- Reduce the length of stay in RH
- Reduce the incidents in RH and in GP
- Increase programming/treatment available in RH
- Create meaningful placement and review process
- Divert special populations from RH



Meaningful Reform in Maine

- Ensure meaningfulness in placement
- Increase the time and activity out of cell
- Utilize programming/interventions to address behaviors and needs
- Divert special populations and shorten stays in RH
- Willingness to take risks
- Use wellness as a definition of success



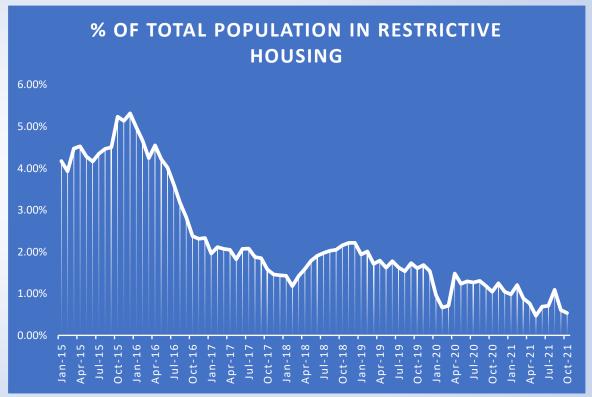
What It Looks Like Now

- Administrative Status
 - Avg. LOS on Ad Status is 3.03 days (m) / 1.0 days (f)
- Disciplinary Segregation
 - Avg. LOS on D-Seg is 39 days (m) / 0 days (f)
- Administrative Controls Unit
 - Programming unit for long-term step-down
- Intensive Mental Health Unit



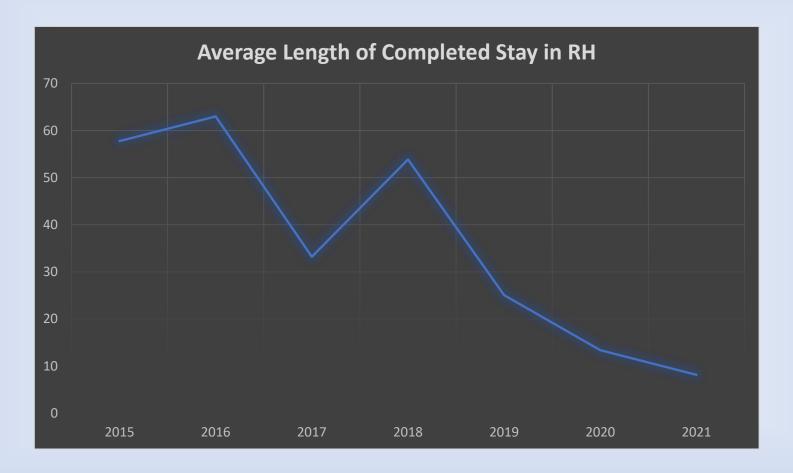
Outcomes







Outcomes





Role of Systemic Wellness

- The health of the overall system determines the role of restrictive housing within it
 - Outcomes in Maine are due to systemic wellness
 - Confront what contributes to RH placement

- Maine Model of Corrections
 - Normalization, humanization, and de-stigmatization



System-wide Sustainability

- Languages matters de-stigmatizing their stay
- Educational services universally available
- Technology usage widely available
- Diversity, equity and inclusion
- Wellness-based case management
- Tablets to supplement programming
- Vocational training with national certification

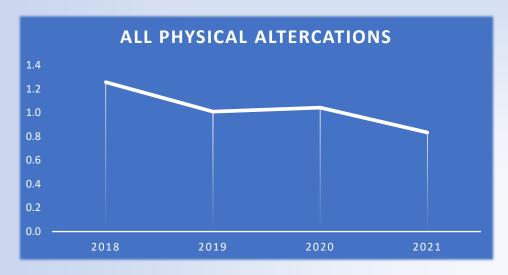


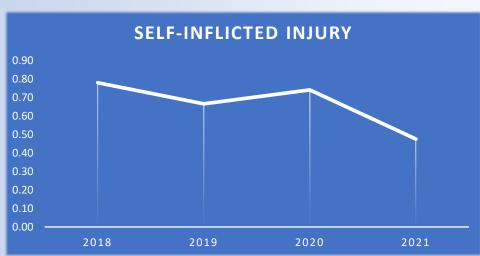
System-wide Sustainability

- Women's services
- Agriculture and food sustainability
- Intensive Mental Health Unit
- Privilege level system
- Medications for SUD
- Specialty programs and interventions
- Restorative justice/conflict mediation

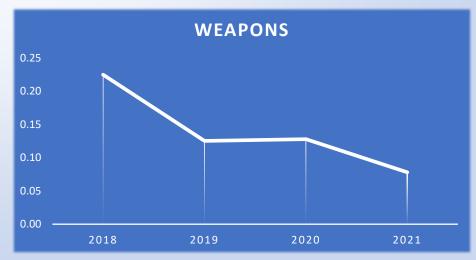


Incident Data Supports the Work











Return to Custody Data

- One year post release
 - RTC on downward trend





Lessons Learned

- Internal champions are critical to sustained success
- The agency leadership must be willing to take risks
- The goals will change over time it's a marathon
- Change is hard, but possible, to sustain
- Staff buy-in often feels elusive, but it's happening
- RH reform can't be an isolated initiative, it must be part of systemic improvement to be sustained



Challenges and Future

- Staffing levels need to support the work
- Sustainability through isolated incidents
- Population peaks and valleys
- Sustaining buy-in and messaging
- Redefining best practices and standards





Repurposing Corrections







Thank You

For more information, please contact:

Randall Liberty, Commissioner Randall.Liberty@maine.gov

Ryan Thornell, PhD, Deputy Commissioner Ryan.Thornell@maine.gov

