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Fifty Years of Maine Stumpage Prices: Supplementary Handout

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Project Summary This is a supplementary chartpak accompanying ECANUSA 2010 Poster

- Fifty years of stumpage trends give insights
- Dramatic changes in markets and utilization
- Real Price Trends over time
- Regional comparisons
- We offer no real conclusions here up to you!
- Extrapolate with care!

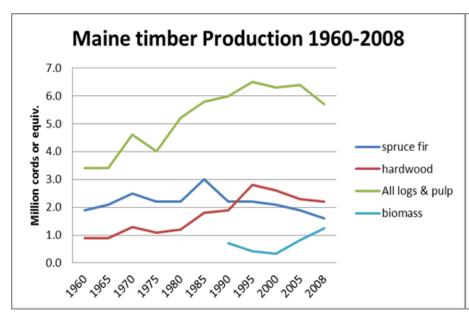
Market Changes: Pulp and Paper

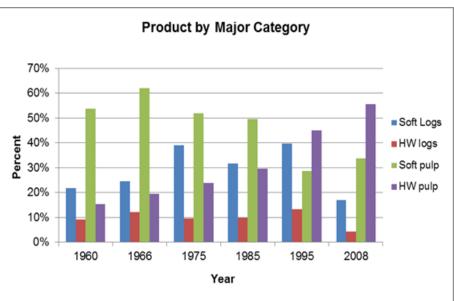
- Pulp and Paper
 - Market growth in P&W through late 90s
 - Loss of newsprint by 1989
 - Sector downturn after 1999
 - Strength in hardwood pulp in 00's
 - Switch to chips
 - Stud mills increasingly compete for large pulpwood (to early '00s)
- Oil prices
 - Cogen and bomass electricity
 - Pellet industry competing for pulpwood
- Major Impacts
 - Huge growth in market for hardwood & secondary spp.
 - Smaller market for "groundwood"

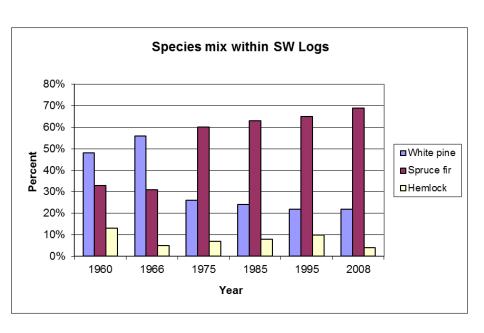
Market Changes: Lumber

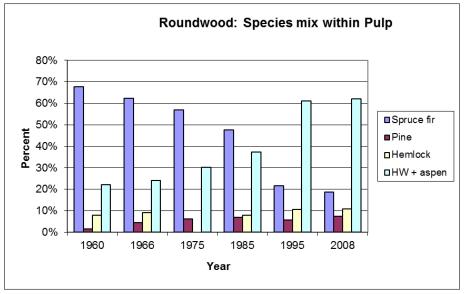
- 1960's: most capacity in South of Maine
- White pine was king, some hardwood
- By mid 70's, invention of "stud mill"
- & Revival of spruce market in East led to
- Strong growth in spruce-fir lumber production
- Housing downturn post 2006 worst since Great Depression

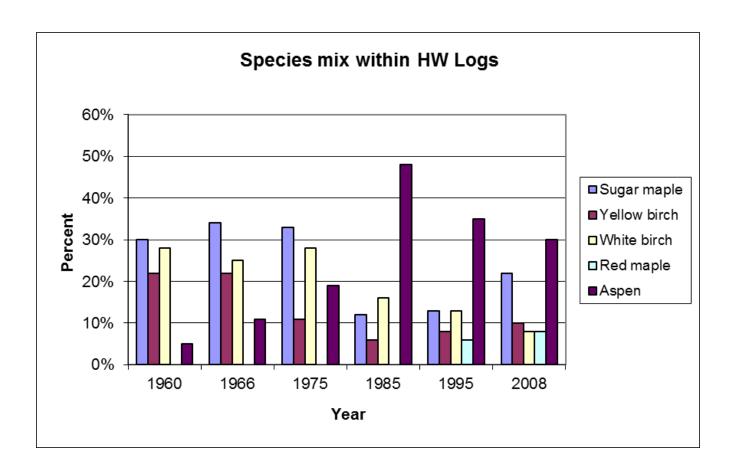
Trends in Consumption by Species/Product











Note: not certain of aspen numbers here...

Markets: Specialties

- White birch
- Veneer
- Pine VA items
 - Loss of markets to nonwood substitutes
 - Radiata annexes many VA markets

| Trimmed data # reports | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|------|-------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| by selected product, species group, and report year | | | | | | | | | |
| Product | Species Group 2000 200 | | 2008 | % Increase | | | | | |
| TTOUGE | Species Group | 2000 | 2000 | merease | | | | | |
| Biomass | MXD SPP | 102 | 532 | 422% | | | | | |
| Firewood | MXD SPP | 289 | 520 | 80% | | | | | |
| Pulpwood | Spruce-Fir | 537 | 681 | 27% | | | | | |
| | Hemlock | 384 | 568 | 48% | | | | | |
| | Aspen | 390 | 460 | 18% | | | | | |
| | MXD HWD | 716 | 983 | 37% | | | | | |
| Boltwood | White Birch | -41% | | | | | | | |
| Palletwood | MXD HWD | 270 | 350 | 30% | | | | | |
| Studwood | Spruce-Fir | 214 | 342 | 60% | | | | | |
| Sawlogs | Spruce-Fir | 526 | 531 | 1% | | | | | |
| | White Pine | 807 | 887 | 10% | | | | | |
| | Cedar | 27 | 88 | 226% | | | | | |
| | Hemlock | 376 | 288 | -23% | | | | | |
| | Red Maple | 291 | 457 | 57% | | | | | |
| | Sugar Maple | 204 | 452 | 122% | | | | | |
| | Yellow Birch | 175 | 411 | 135% | | | | | |
| | White Birch | 334 | 372 | 11% | | | | | |
| | Aspen | 165 | 68 | -59% | | | | | |
| | Oak | 380 | 383 | 1% | | | | | |
| Veneer | Sugar Maple | 46 | 141 | 207% | | | | | |
| | Yellow Birch | 57 | 158 | 177% | | | | | |
| | White Birch | 62 | 132 | 113% | | | | | |
| | Grand Total* | 8853 | 10960 | 24% | | | | | |
| | Source: MFS. | | | | | | | | |
| | * includes items not itemized in this table. | | | | | | | | |

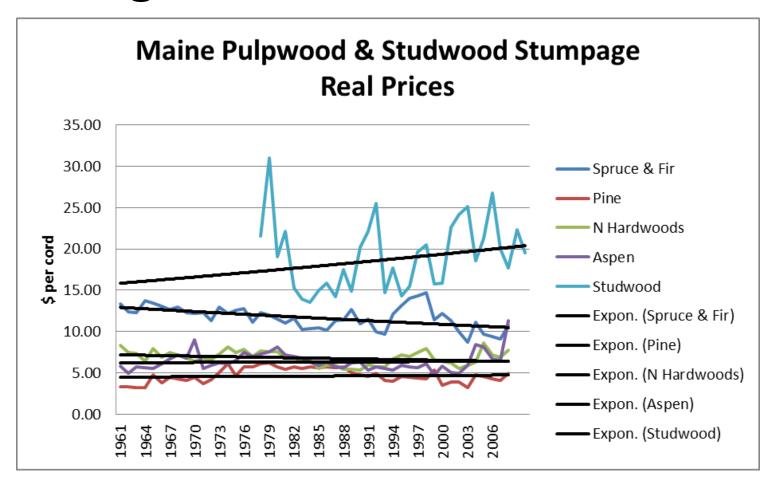
Number of (trimmed) reports Illustrates changes in markets:

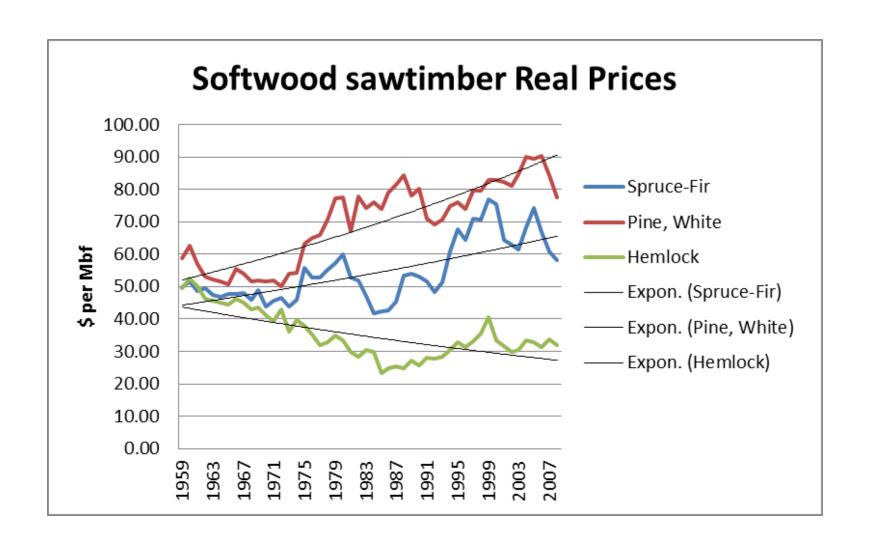
- Large reductions in no. reports for birch boltwood, hemlock logs, and aspen logs
- Large increases in biomass, fuelwood, cedar logs, and maple and yellow birch veneer

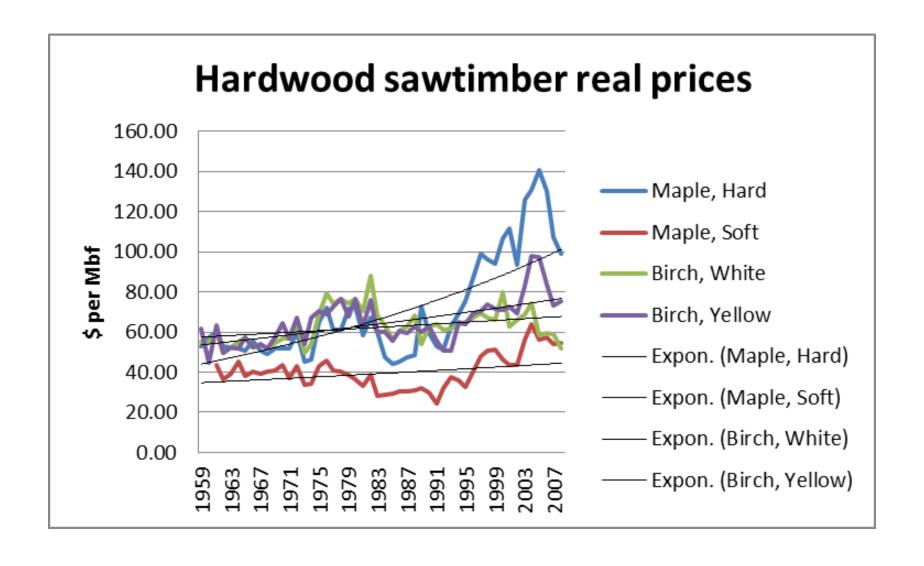
Utilization: Apples to Oranges?

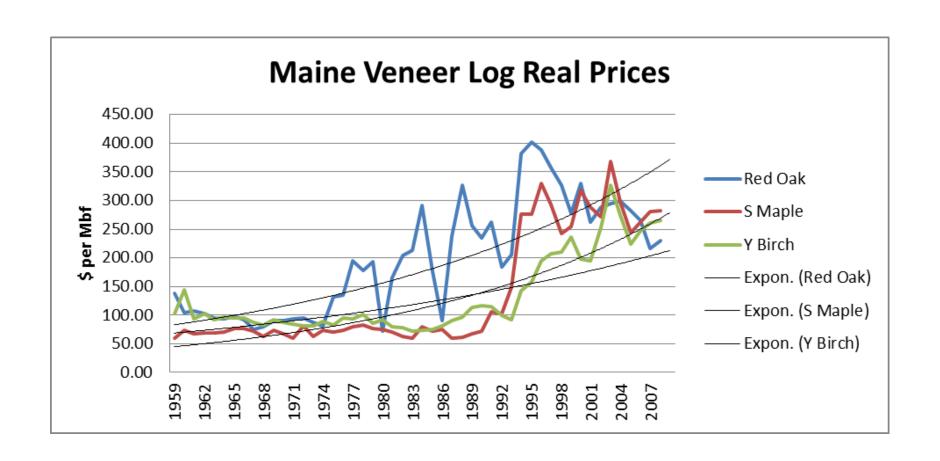
- The market's definition of products changed
- 1960's: no studwood, spruce logs to 9" or higher.
 All stick scaled
- 1980's: Hy-Grade; fitted logs, studwood.
- 1990's Spruce to 2.5" top at some mills, all T/l; by the ton
- Similar for others...
- So, the product in 2009 is NOT same as in 1959.

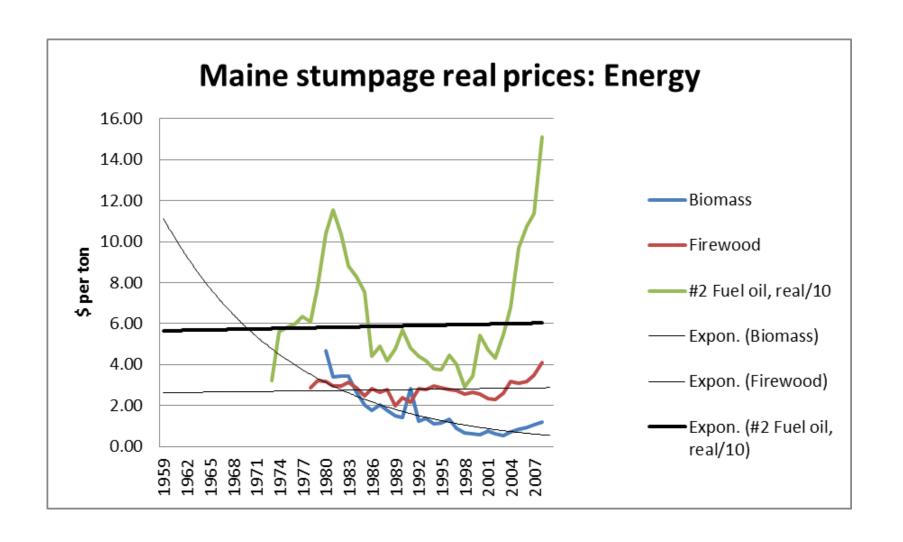
Longterm Trends, Real Prices

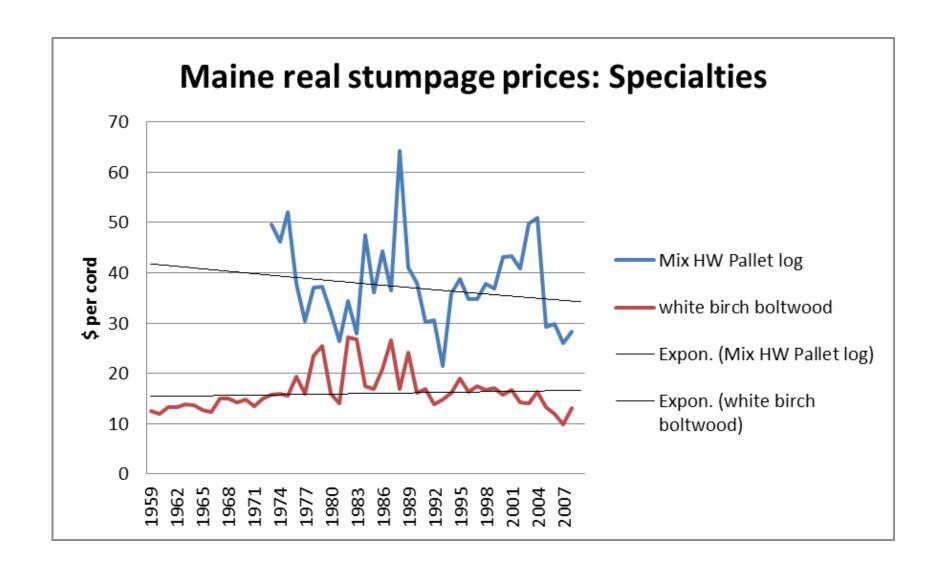








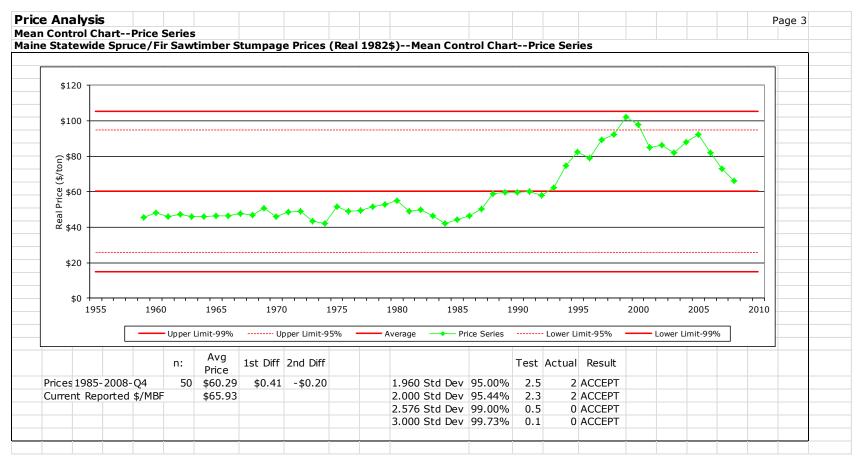




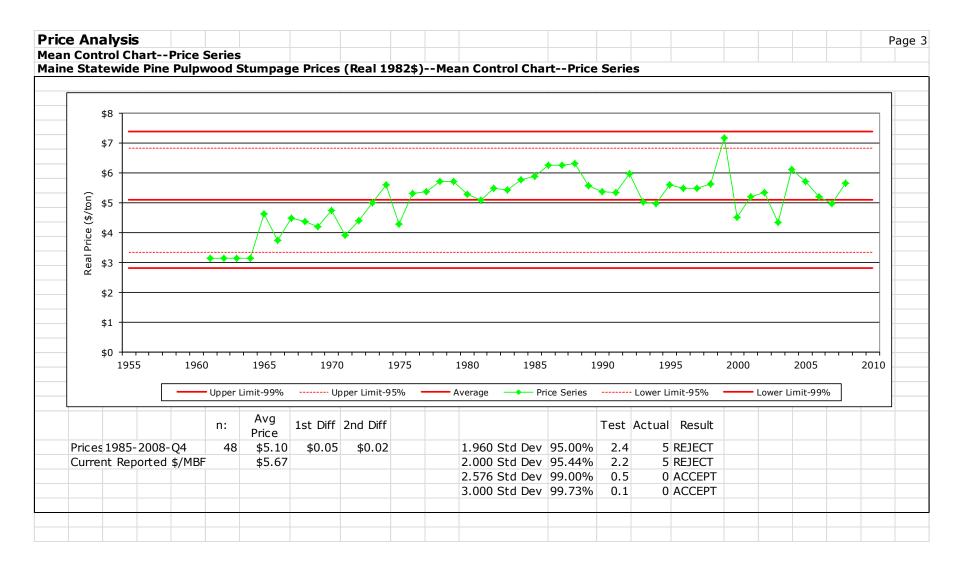
| | | Summa | С | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|------------------|------|--|---------------|------|--|--|--|
| | | PERCENT/YR | | | | | | | |
| | | Nominal AAROC | R2 | | Real AAROC | R2 | | | |
| | | | | | (from "PP | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Pulpwood | Spruce Fir | 4.26 | 0.93 | | -0.44 | 0.26 | | | |
| | Pine | 4.81 | 0.86 | | 0.11 | 0.01 | | | |
| | N. Hardwoods | 4.77 | 0.93 | | -0.25 | 0.08 | | | |
| | Aspen | 5.41 | 0.93 | | 0.06 | 0.00 | | | |
| | Studwood | 4.22 | 0.84 | | 0.51 | 0.05 | | | |
| Sawtimber | Spruce Fir | 5.47 | 0.97 | | 0.80 | 0.50 | | | |
| | White Pine | 5.80 | 0.95 | | 1.13 | 0.76 | | | |
| | Hemlock | 3.70 | 0.96 | | -0.96 | 0.46 | | | |
| | Hard Maple | 6.36 | 0.96 | | 1.70 | 0.57 | | | |
| | Soft Maple | 5.21 | 0.97 | | 0.50 | 0.11 | | | |
| | White Birch | 5.00 | 0.92 | | 0.34 | 0.13 | | | |
| | Yellow Birch | 5.40 | 0.96 | | 0.73 | 0.40 | | | |
| Veneer | Red Oak | 7.66 | 0.90 | | 2.99 | 0.67 | | | |
| | Sugar Maple | 8.31 | 0.93 | | 3.65 | 0.67 | | | |
| | Yellow Birch | 6.93 | 0.95 | | 2.26 | 0.56 | | | |
| Energy | Biomass | -2.90 | 0.40 | | -6.04 | 0.73 | | | |
| | Firewood | 3.60 | 0.86 | | 0.18 | 0.01 | | | |
| | #2 Fuel Oil Real / 10 | NO DATA | 1 | | 0.13 | 0.00 | | | |
| | Mix HW Pallet Log | 4.82 | 0.84 | | 0.40 | 0.03 | | | |
| | White Birch Boltwood | 3.69 | 0.74 | | 0.15 | 0.01 | | | |
| | Note: AAROC = average annual reate of change, or | | | | | | | | |
| | compound annual growth rate. | | | | | | | | |
| | Calculated by running an exponential regression on the time series. | | | | | | | | |
| | This exploits the entire body of the data and not just beginning and end points | | | | | | | | |
| | So, calculation method will affect result. | | | | | | | | |

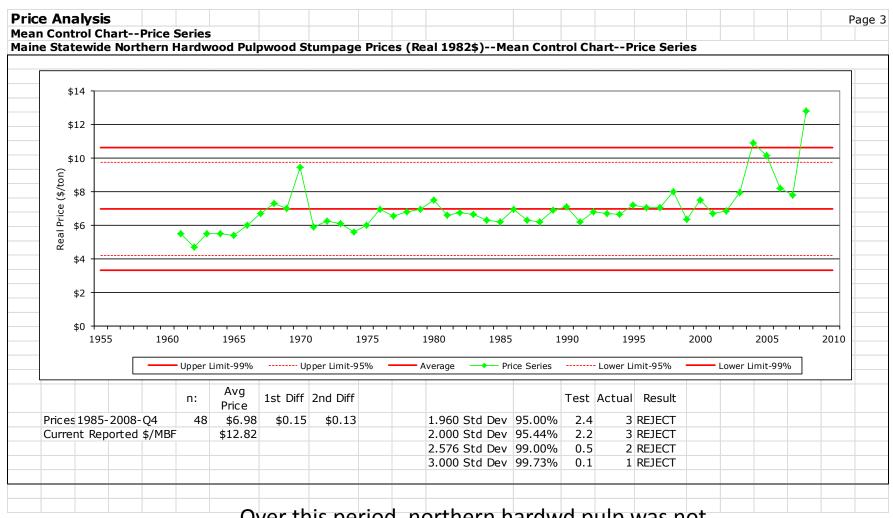
Over this period, AAROC on CPI was 4.61%. This overestimates inflation compared to just comparing end point years.

Price Analysis using Control Charts

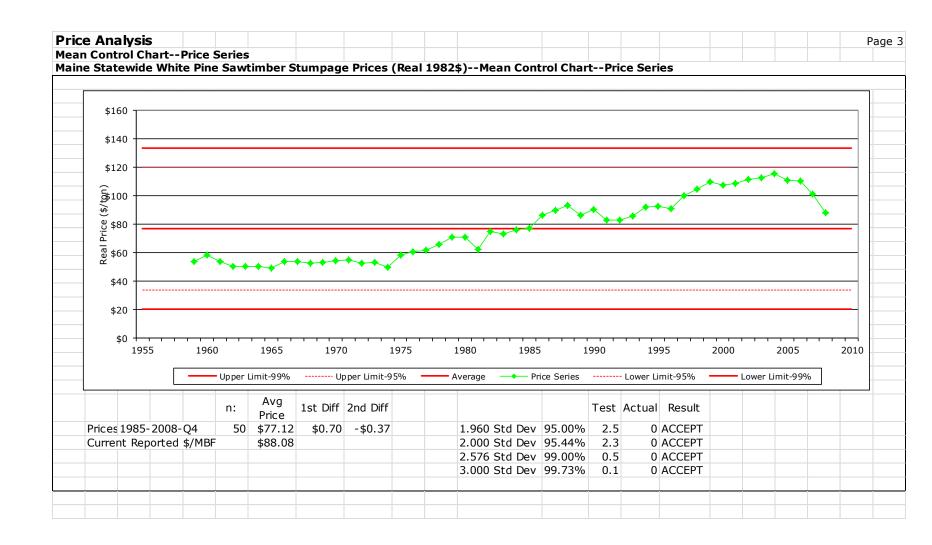


Control charts used in industry to track quality parameters. This shows Maine real spruce fir sawtimber stumpage prices to be mean-reverting over this period.

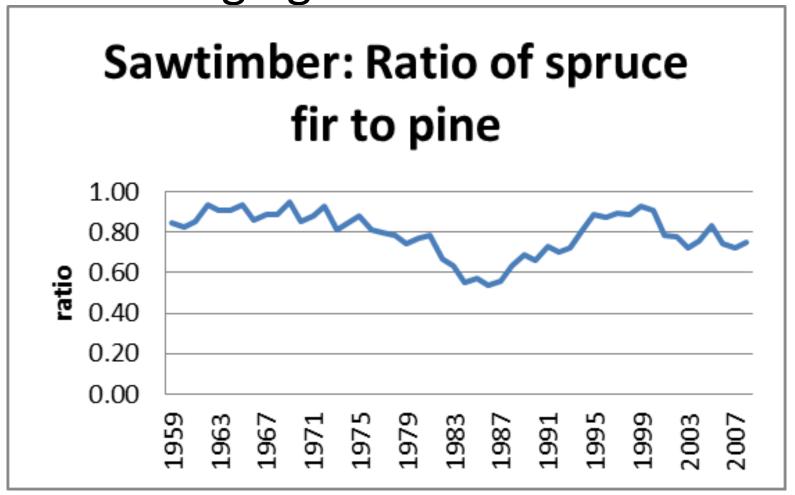


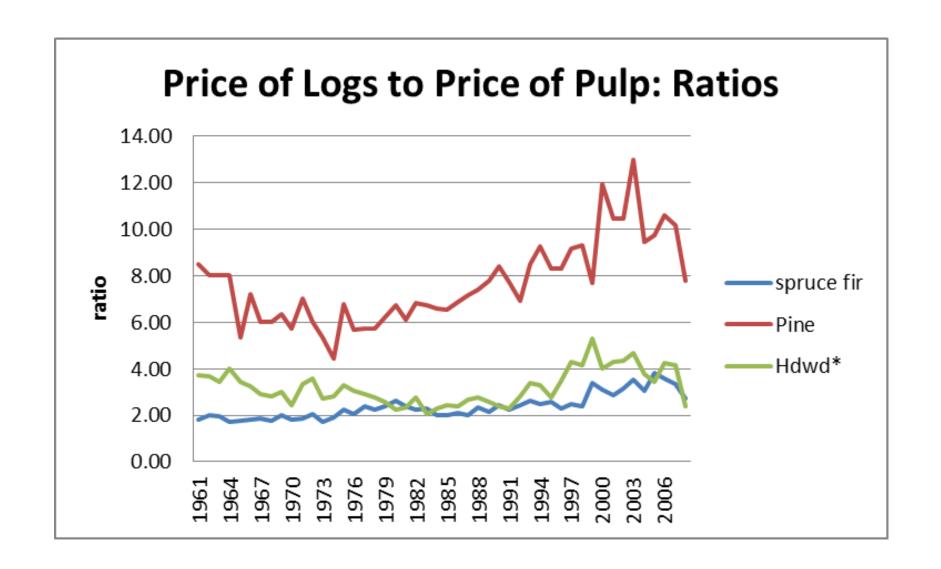


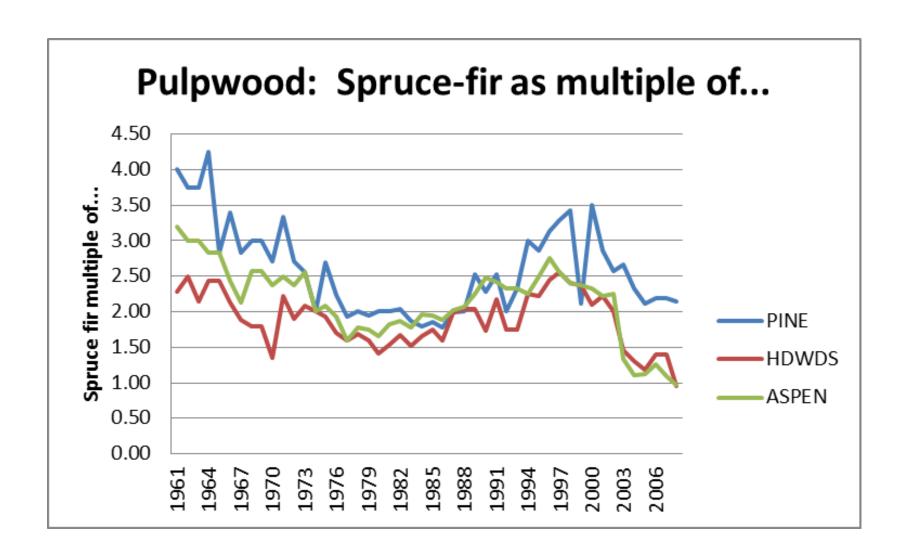
Over this period, northern hardwd pulp was not mean-reverting...



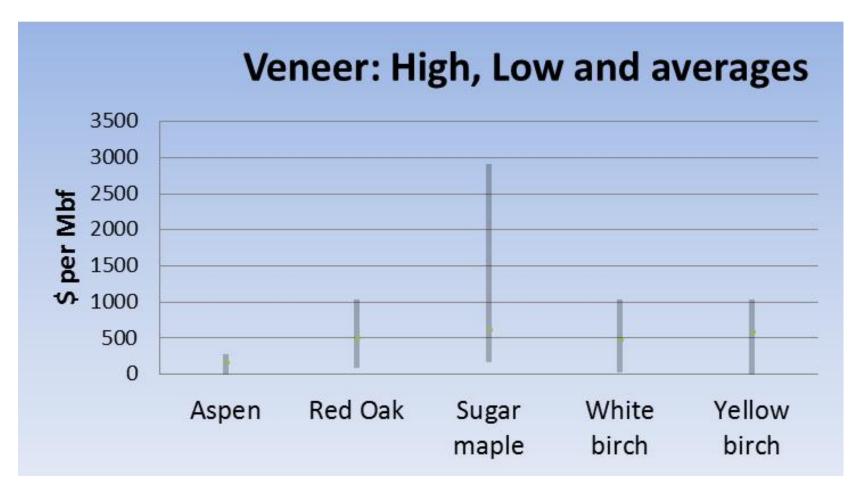
Price Ratios: Tell us something about changing relative values...



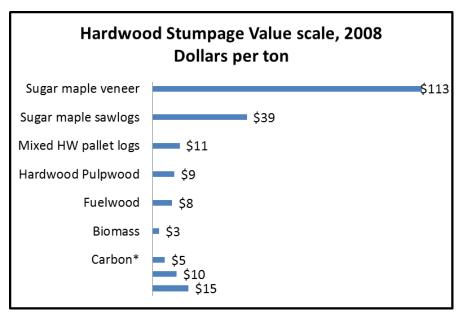


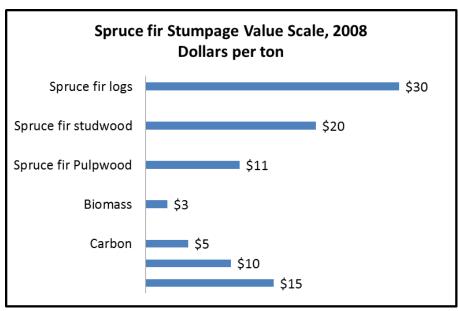


Variability in Data is Huge: see our other handout



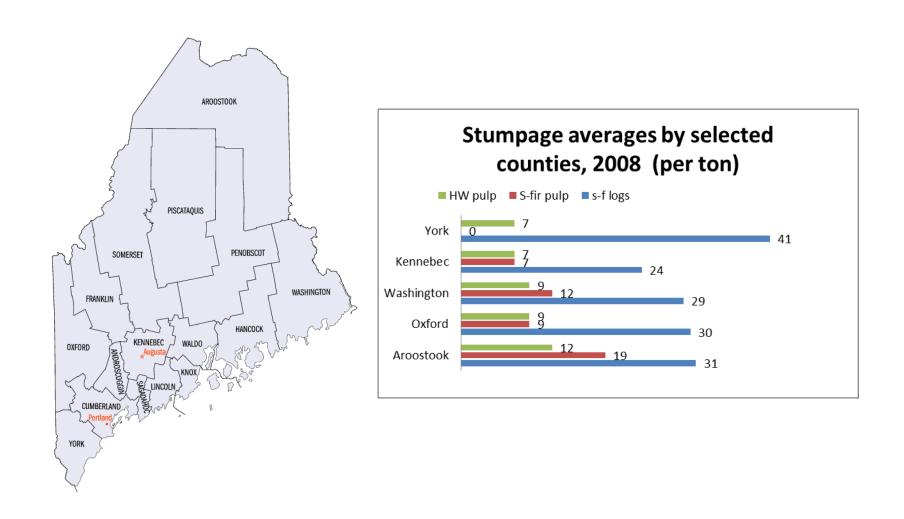
Value Scales



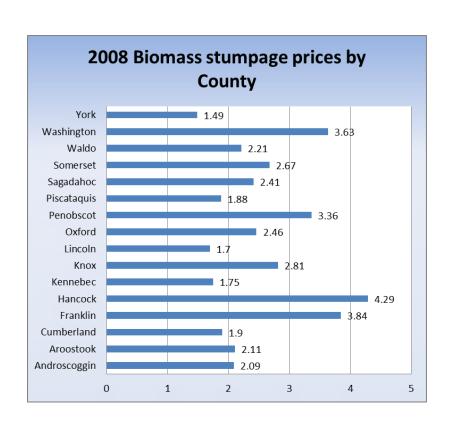


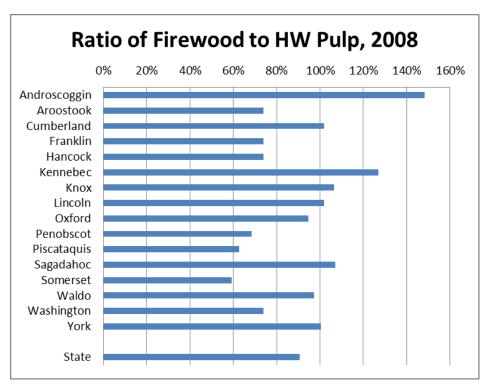
Carbon represents the value of a ton of wood solely for its carbon content, at indic. prices

Differences within State

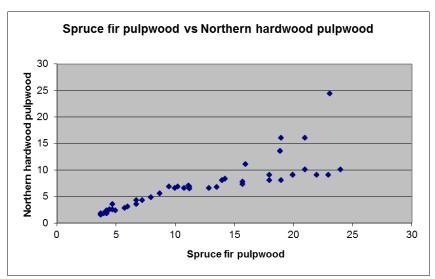


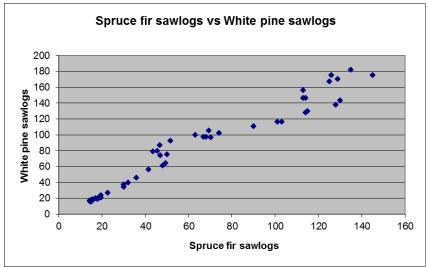
Basemap: US Bureau of Census





Correlations breaking down...





Further analysis?

- More specific comparisons across other US regions
- Develop a "model property" and see how its revenue would have changed, under assumed cutting policy, over this period
- Analyze subperiods within the half-century:
 A major break in supply/demand conditions occurred in midperiod, during 70s & 80s but not at same time for all products
- Big project: How would prices have changed if we could strip out effect of changing utilization standards (e.g a "hedonic" index) (phd dissertation, anyone?)
- Other ideas?

Significance for Forest Investors & Managers

- Generally stumpage kept up with inflation, but only barely (largely due to recent market conditions)
- Veneer, some sawlogs outdid inflation well
- Significant break in market dynamics in mid period means that AAROCs may conceal more than they reveal.
- Investors with 10-20 yr time horizons should beware relying on longterm AAROCs
- To 2008, most of these time series pass a a mean-reversion test (e.g not random walk)

Significance...

- Traditional price spreads between products and species no longer stable
- Despite rising energy costs, real prices of fuelwood stumpage barely increased; biomass fell significantly.
 - Your thoughts???