



Terrestrial invasive plants

What plant sellers need to know Gary Fish gary.fish@maine.gov

Five-Year Review of the Do Not Sell List of Invasive Plants

- Chapter 273 was originally adopted in January of 2017
- ► Rule prescribes a five-year review to add new plants
- In November 2021 DACF established a new stakeholder committee
- The committee developed a list of potential plant additions and changes to the rule
 - Committee met six times
- ► The changes were proposed on March 30, 2022
- ► A public hearing was held on April 22, 2022

MAINE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, CONSERVATION & FORESTRY

MAINE FOREST SERVICE

Woods Wise Wire

DACF to do Five-Year Review of the Do Not Sell List of Invasive Plants

Chapter 273, Criteria for Listing Invasive Terrestrial Plants was adopted in January of 2017. The final section of the rule prescribes a five-year review of the listed species. 2021 begins that fifth year and the DACF Horticulture Program is beginning to organize that effort.

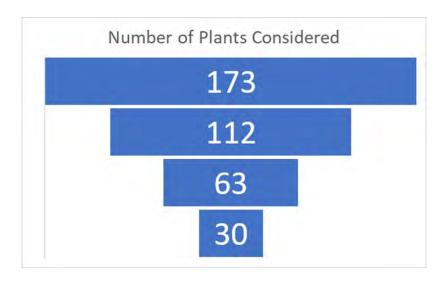
One important task is developing the stakeholder committee that will review the rule and suggest additions and/or subtractions to the list of regulated species. The makeup of the previous stakeholder group is below. We would like feedback on this template and will be looking for volunteers to fill the slots once the stakeholder group positions are solidified.

The projected timeline is to develop a list of potential additions and/or subtractions over the winter, spring and summer and then narrow that list to the actual species that would go into the proposed rule. If necessary, proposed rule changes would be available in November or December of 2021 for public comment. As with the original rules, a one-year phase-in to allow newly listed plants to be sold out of inventory would be proposed.

Please contact Gary Fish, State Horticulturist, at gary.fish@maine.gov if you have ideas regarding the makeup of the stakeholder committee or if you are interested in serving.

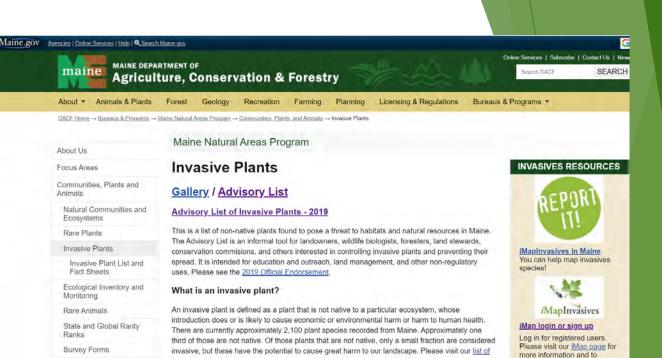
Invasive Terrestria	Plant Stakehol	der Review (Committee
	i iain stakenoi	INCOLUNION V	

President of the Maine Landscape and Nursery Association or designee	Ryan Russell , Land Plans Inc., President of the Maine Landscape and Nursery Association
Representative from a production Nursery	Jake Pierson, Pierson Nurseries
Representative from a retail nursery	Randy Martin, The King's Gardener
Representative from a land trust/land management community	Amy Soper, Androscoggin Land Trust
Representative from the production forestry sector	Kyle Burdick, Baskahegan Company
Representative from DACF - Natural Areas Program	Molly Docherty, Director, Maine Natural Areas Program (MNAP)
Representative of a university or college with ornamental horticulture experience	Matt Wallhead, Ornamental Horticulture Specialist, University of Maine Cooperative Extension
Representative from either the Maine Department of Transportation or a municipal public works	Kyle Rosenberg , Forest to Shore
Representative of DACF- Horticulture Program	Gary Fish, State Horticulturist

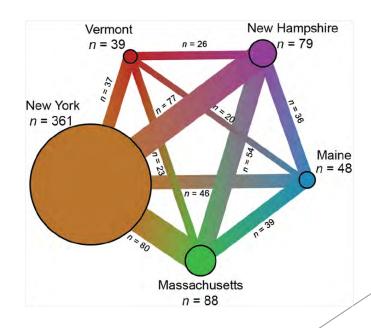


Terrestrial Invasive Plant Committee

- ► The committee started with a list of 173 species which was reduced to (112) - 81 priority plants to evaluate and another 31 seemingly lower risk plants to evaluate if time permitted
- ▶ 49 hitchhiker plants were removed from the list because it is very difficult to detect them, reducing the list to 63
- We are doing this training partly to help address the concern for hitchhiker plants



fact sheets to determine if a particular species is considered invasive in Maine, and our new



Maps, Data, and Technical

Why those 173 plant species?

- Our pipeline for plant suggestions included:
 - The MNAP Advisory List of Invasive Plants -https://www.maine.gov/dacf/mnap/fe atures/invasive_plants/invsheets.htm
 - NE RISCC Network impactful range shifting species
 - https://esajournals.onlinelibrary.wiley.com/ doi/full/10.1002/ecs2.4014
 - ► Plants listed by other Northeast states
 - Plants nominated through the online form
 - https://www.maine.gov/dacf/php/ horticulture/documents/MaineInvas ivePlantNominationForm_Dec2016.p df

Terrestrial Invasive Plant Committee

- After a deep dive into the evaluations, the committee decided to:
 - Move forward by adding 30 species to the do-not-sell list and
 - To create a "Watch List" with 29 plants
 - The committee struggled with what to do with *Rosa rugosa* and decided to put it in its own category Invasive Species of Special Concern
 - Recommended clarifying the requirements to petition for removal of a cultivar, hybrid, or subspecies
- The rule was adopted May 24, 2022
- As of January 1, 2024, 30 additional plants are banned from sale or import

Have You Seen These Plants?

Wanted for crimes against nature. State horticulturalist Gary Fish on the state's newest horticultural outlaws (and a warning label for beach roses).



ABOVE Beach roses, which have been given the ominous designation, "Invasive Terrestrial Plant of Special Concern." Photograph by Benjamin Williamson.

TEXT BY AURELIA C. SCOTT
PHOTOGRAPHS COURTESY OF THE MAINE NATURAL AREAS PROGRAM

https://mainehomes.com/have-you-seen-these-plants/

Change to the variance section

- C. Varieties, cultivars, hybrids and/or subspecies that have been shown not to be invasive through scientific research and analysis may be considered exempt from this rule after review by a committee established by the Department.
 - 1. Data submitted must include sources with no financial interest in the species, such as universities, agricultural experiment stations, cooperative extension, USDA or botanical gardens; and
 - 2. Regulatory status in nearby states shall also be considered.

What about hybrids, cultivars, varieties, subspecies, or grafted plants?

- We all need to do our best to watch for and identify plants that are hybrids, cultivars, varieties, or subspecies of prohibited plants
 - As written, the rule does not allow any percentage of genetics from a prohibited plant
 - . If you have any questions about a specific plant, please ask
 - In the future, we hope to provide additional guidance on this issue

Acer truncatum x Acer platanoides



https://landscapeplants.oregonstate.edu/plants/acer-pacific-sunset

What about hybrids, cultivars, varieties, subspecies, or grafted plants?

- Selling rootstocks of prohibited plants for people grafting their own plants is prohibited
- If you sell grafted plants that are labeled or generally known or advertised as being grafted onto a rootstock of a prohibited plant that is prohibited
- If you sell grafted plants that are on unknown rootstocks, you don't need to spend much time trying to figure out what you've got; just be aware that if you discover they are grafted onto a prohibited plant, you cannot legally sell them anymore

91-100%



Bartlett seedling
Horner 4
Winter Nelis seedling
P. calleryana D6
P. calleryana seedling

Invasive Plants Prohibited from Sale or Import in Maine What you need to Know



CMR 01-001 Chapter 273: Criteria for Listing Invasive Terrestrial Plants makes it illegal to sell, import, export, buy or intentionally propagate for sale the 33 plant species listed below.

Acer ginnala (amur maple)

Acer platanoides (Norway maple)

Aegopodium podagraria (bishop's weed)

Ailanthus altissima (tree of heaven)

Alliaria petiolata (garlic mustard)

Amorpha fruticosa (false indigo bush)

Ampelopsis glandulosa (porcelain berry)

Artemisia vulgaris (common mugwort)

Berberis thunbergii (Japanese barberry)

Berberis vulgaris (common barberry)

Celastrus orbiculatus (Asiatic bittersweet)

Elaeagnus umbellata (Autumn olive)

Euonymus alatus (winged euonymus)

Euphorbia cyparissas (cypress spurge)

Fallopia baldschuanica (Chinese bindweed)

Fallopia japonica (Japanese knotweed)

Frangula alnus (glossy buckthorn)

Hesperis matronalis (dame's rocket)

Impatiens glandulifera (omamental jewelweed)

Iris pseudacorus (yellow iris)

Ligustrum vulgare (common privet)

Lonicera japonica (Japanese honeysuckle)

Lonicera maackii (amur or bush honeysuckle)

Lonicera morrowii (Morrow's honeysuckle)

Lonicera tatarica (Tatarian honeysuckle)

Lythrum salicaria (purple loosestrife)

Microstegium vimineum (Japanese stilt grass)

Paulownia tomentosa (paulownia, princess tree)

Persicaria perfoliata (mile-a-minute)

Phellodendron amurense (amur cosk tree)

Populus alba (white cottonwood)

Robinia pseudoacacia (black locust)

Rosa multiflora (multiflora rose)

Ouick Facts

- · The sale/import ban includes the listed species and all cultivars, varieties and hybrids.
- · Variances may be applied for and granted for scientific research and for varieties, cultivars or hybrids that have been shown to not be invasive through peer reviewed scientific research.
- The invasive plant rule and included prohibited plant list will be reviewed every 5 years.
- Recent changes to the rule will prohibit the sale of an additional 30 species starting January 1, 2024 (see back).
- Find more information at



FOR MORE INFORMATION: MAINE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, CONSERVATION AND FORESTRY DIVISION OF ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH 28 STATE HOUSE STATION AUGUSTA, ME 04333 207-287-3891 HORTICULTURE@MAINEGOV

Scientific name	Common name	Effective Date
Alnus glutinosa	European alder	1/1/2024
Angelica sylvestris	Woodland angelica	1/1/2024
Anthriscus sylvestris	Wild chervil, raven's wing	1/1/2024
Aralia elata	Japanese angelica tree	1/1/2024
Butomus umbellatus	Flowering rush	1/1/2024
Elaeagnus angustifolia	Russian olive	1/1/2024
Euonymus fortunei	Wintercreeper, climbing spindle tree	1/1/2024
Festuca filiformis	Fine-leaved sheep fescue	1/1/2024
Ficaria verna	Lesser celandine	1/1/2024
Glaucium flavum	Yellow hornpoppy	1/1/2024
Glechoma hederacea	Ground ivy, creeping charlie	1/1/2024
Glyceria maxima	Great mannagrass, reed mannagrass	1/1/2024
Hippophae rhamnoides	Sea buckthom	1/1/2024
Ligustrum obtusifolium	Border privet	1/1/2024
Lonicera xylosteum	Dwarf honeysuckle	1/1/2024
Lythrum virgatum	European wand loosestrife	1/1/2024
Miseanthus sacchariflorus	Amur silvergrass	1/1/2024
Petasites japonicus	Fuki, butterbur, giant butterbur	1/1/2024
Phalaris arundinacea	Reed canary grass, variegated ribbon grass	1/1/2024
Photinia villosa	Photinia, Christmas berry	1/1/2024
Phragmites australis	Common reed	1/1/2024
Phyllostachys aurea	Golden bamboo	1/1/2024
Phyllostachys aureosulcata	Yellow groove bamboo	1/1/2024
Pyrus calleryana	Callery ("Bradford") pear	1/1/2024
Ranunculus repens	Creeping buttercup	1/1/2024
Rubus phoenicolasius	Wineberry	1/1/2024
Silphium perfoliatum	Cup plant	1/1/2024
Sorbus aucuparia	European mountain-ash	1/1/2024
Tussilago farfara	Coltsfoot	1/1/2024
Valeriana officinalis	Common valerian	1/1/2024

Invasive Terrestrial Plant Species of Special Concern

Scientific Name	Common Name	
Rosa rugosa	Rugosa rose, beach rose	



https://arthropodafotos.de/db_plants.php?lang=eng&sc= 0&sci=Alnus&scisp=glutinosa

Commonly **Sold Species** Banned 1/1/2024 Alnus glutinosa European alder



https://www.houseofbeautifulgardens.com/

Elaeagnus angustifolia

Russian Olive



EddMapS Photo

Euonymus fortunei

Wintercreeper



Sarah Scally, Maine DACF

Glechoma hederacea
Creeping Charlie



Leslie Mehrhoff, University of Connecticut

Ligustrum obtusifolium

Border Privet



https://www.minnesotawildflowers.info/grass-sedgerush/amur-silvergrass

Miscanthus sacchariflorus

Amur silvergrass



Pat Grover, Mason County, Invasive Control Board

Petasites japonicus

Giant butterbur, Fuki



Phish Photography - Coastal Maine Botanical Gardens

Phalaris arundinacea

Variegated ribbon grass



John Rutter, University of Georgia

Commonly Sold Species **Banned** 1/1/2024 Photinia villosa Christmas berry



Britt Slattery, US FWS

Pyrus calleryana

Callery "Bradford" Pear



Gary Fish, Maine DACF

Sorbus aucuparia

European Mountain-ash



Leslie Mehrhoff, University of Connecticut

Commonly Sold Species Banned 1/1/2024 Valeriana officinalis Common valerian

Other plants banned on 1/1/2024

- Angelica sylvestris
- ► Anthriscus sylvestris
- ► Aralia elata
- ▶ Butomus umbellatus
- Festuca filiformis
- ► Ficaria verna
- ▶ Glaucium flavum
- ► Glyceria maxima

- ► Hippophae rhamnoides
- Lonicera xylosteum
- ► Lythrum vigatum
- ► Phalaris arundinacae
- Phyllostachys aurea
- Phyllostachys aureosulcata
- Phragmites australis

Other plants banned on 1/1/2024

- ► Ranunculus repens
- ► Rubus phoenicolasius
- Silphium perfolatum
- ► Tussilago farfara

Plants on the "Watch List"

- Actinidia argula
- Akebia quinata
- ► Arum italicum
- Broussonetia papyrifera
- Buddelja davidii
- Clematis ternifolia
- Dioscorea oppositifolia
- Dioscorea polystachya

- ► Eragrostis curvula
- ► Filipendula ulmaria
- Lespedeza bicolor
- ► Ligustrum ovalifolium
- Lonicera caerulea
- ► Lychnis flos-cuculi
- ► Morus alba
- Quercus acutissima

Plants on the "Watch List"

- ► Rosa rugosa
- ► Saccharum ravennae
- ► Salvia glutinosa
- ► Silybum marianum
- ► Spiraea japonica
- Symplocos paniculate
- Syringa japonica

- ► Toona sinensis
- ► Ulmus pumila
- ► Viburnum dilatatum
- ▶ Viburnum sieboldii
- Wisteria floribunda
- Wisteria sinensis

Rosa rugosa - invasive species of special concern starting 1/1/2024



- Must provide signage or plant tags (next slide)
 - A. The plant vendor must provide species specific guidance at the time of sale to notify the purchaser about the invasive potential of the species and what habitat types to avoid when installing the plant.
 - B. No person selling or offering for sale an invasive terrestrial plant species of special concern shall conceal, detach, alter, deface, or destroy any label, sign, or notice required under this section.

New requirements for *Rosa* rugosa



Rosa rugosa

Invasive Species – Harmful to the Environment

Ask About Alternative Plants

Follow Species Specific Instructions Provided by the Vendor

Protect native species; do not plant in coastal areas, especially on or near sand dunes.

Alternative plants include: virginia rose and other roses, bayberry, sweet fern, red chokeberry, beach plum and sand cherry.

Rosa rugosa

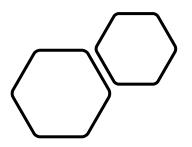
Invasive Species—Harmful to the Environment

Do not plant in coastal environments, especially on or near sand dunes.

Alternatives: Virginia rose, bayberry, sweet fem, red chokeberry, beach plum and sand cherry



What you can do!



Report invasive species

- bugwatch@maine.gov
- https://appengine.egov.com/a pps/me/dacf/mfs-tree-ailment
- invasives.mnap@maine.gov
- milfoil@maine.gov
- https://survey123.arcgis.com/share/da099be43ba642799f9c35934525
 7b2f





Questions?

Gary Fish

Maine State Horticulturist

gary.fish@maine.gov

207-287-7545