OBESITY IN MAINE

Obesity is a leading cause of chronic disease and medical costs.

Obesity increases a person's risk of:







Cardiovascular Diseases



Diabetes



Breathing Problems



Low Quality of Life



Premature Death



Obesity results in more than \$450 million in medical costs in Maine every year.



Physical activity and healthy eating can **prevent** the health consequences of obesity.

Maine is facing a serious obesity problem.

1 in 3 (30%) Maine adults



and 1 in 7 (14%) Maine high school students are





Only a quarter (21%) of Maine high school students and half (54%) of (adults get the recommended amount of daily physical activity.

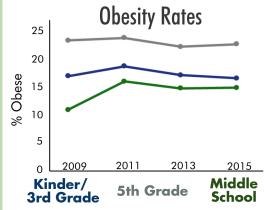
A quarter (23%) of Maine high school students drink at least one sugar-sweetened beverage daily, while less than half (44%) eat at least one **vegetable** daily.

Public health programs are making a difference.

Breastfeeding



6 in 10 (60%) Maine infants born in 2014 were breastfed at 6 months, up from only 4 in 10 (42%) in 2009. Breastfeeding protects against obesity.



The increase in obesity rates among Maine students has started to

plateau.

School Nutrition



The percentage of Maine schools selling "less healthy" foods and beverages to their students is improving (39% in

2014 from 48% in 2012).

What can you do?

- ✓ Participate in community coalitions or partnerships to address obesity.
- Support the development of policies that make the healthy choice the easy choice.
- Be a role model; promote active and healthy living.

For more information, please visit: www.choosemyplate.gov or www.cdc.gov/healthyweight/physical activity/getting started.html

