# **ISSUE:** Confidentiality

NA INIC	NEW MEVICO	CALIEODNIA	COLOBADO
MAINE	NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
A. Applications and supporting	The department shall maintain a	California law gives law	The state health agency shall create
information submitted by	confidential file containing the	enforcement access to names of	and maintain a confidential registry
qualifying patients under this	names and addresses of the persons	card holders.	of patients who have applied for
chapter, including	who have either applied for or		and are entitled to receive a
information regarding their	received a registry identification		registry identification card
primary caregivers and	card. Individual names on the list		according to the criteria set forth in
physicians, are confidential.	shall be confidential and not		this subsection, effective June 1,
B. Applications and supporting	subject to disclosure, except:		1999.
information submitted by	(1) to authorized employees or		* No person shall be permitted
primary caregivers operating	agents of the department as		to gain access to any
in compliance with this	necessary to perform the		information about patients in
chapter, including the	duties of the department		the state health agency's
physical address of a	pursuant to the provisions of		confidential registry, or any
nonprofit dispensary, are	the Lynn and Erin		information otherwise
confidential.	Compassionate Use Act;		maintained by the state health
C. The department shall	(2) to authorized employees of		agency about physicians and
maintain a confidential list of	state or local law enforcement		primary care-givers, except
the persons to whom the	agencies, but only for the		for authorized employees of
department has issued	purpose of verifying that a		the state health agency in the
registry identification cards.	person is lawfully in		course of their official duties
Individual names and other	possession of a registry		and authorized employees of
identifying information on	identification card; or		state or local law
the list are confidential,	(3) as provided in the federal		enforcement agencies which
exempt from the freedom of	Health Insurance Portability		have stopped or arrested a
access laws, Title 1, chapter	and Accountability Act of		person who claims to be
13, and not subject to	1996.		engaged in the medical use of
disclosure except to			marijuana and in possession
authorized employees of the			of a registry identification
department as necessary to			card or its functional
perform official duties of the			equivalent, pursuant to
department.			paragraph (e) of this
D. The department shall verify			subsection (3). Authorized

MAINE	NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
to law enforcement personnel			employees of state or local
whether a registry			law enforcement agencies
identification card is valid			shall be granted access to the
without disclosing more			information contained within
information than is			the state health agency's
reasonably necessary to			confidential registry only for
verify the authenticity of the			the purpose of verifying that
registry identification card.			an individual who has
E. A person, including an			presented a registry
employee or official of the			identification card to a state
department or another state			or local law enforcement
agency or local government,			official is lawfully in
who breaches the			possession of such card.
confidentiality of information			
obtained pursuant to this			
chapter commits a Class E			
crime. Notwithstanding this			
subsection, department			
employees may notify law			
enforcement about falsified			
or fraudulent information			
submitted to the department			
as long as the employee who			
suspects that falsified or			
fraudulent information has			
been submitted confers with			
the employee's supervisor and			
both agree that circumstances			
exist that warrant reporting.			

RHODE ISLAND	ALASKA	HAWAII	MICHIGAN
The Department shall maintain a	Except as otherwise provided by	Not addressed.	The following confidentiality rules
confidential list of the persons to	law, a person is not subject to		shall apply:
whom the department has issued	arrest, prosecution, or penalty in		(1) Applications and supporting

RHODE ISLAND	ALASKA	HAWAII	MICHIGAN
registry identification cards and	any manner for applying to have		information submitted by
shall notify local and state law	the person's name placed on the		qualifying patients, including
enforcement of the number of	confidential registry maintained by		information regarding their
qualified patients in any given city	the department under AS 17.37.010		primary caregivers and
or town. Individual names and	.No person shall be permitted to		physicians, are confidential.
other identifying information on	gain access to names of patients,		(2) The department shall
the list shall be confidential,	physicians, primary care-givers or		maintain a confidential list of
exempt from the provisions of	any information related to such		the persons to whom the
Rhode Island Access to Public	persons maintained in connection		department has issued
Information, chapter 2 of title 38,	with the Department's confidential		registry identification cards.
and not subject to disclosure,	registry, except for authorized		Individual names and other
except to authorized employees of	employees of the Department in the		identifying information on
the department as necessary to	course of their official duties and		the list is confidential and is
perform official duties of the	authorized employees of state or		exempt from disclosure under
department.	local law enforcement agencies		the freedom of information
(i) The department shall verify	who have stopped or arrested a		act, 1976 PA 442, MCL
to law enforcement personnel	person who claims to be engaged		15.231 to 15.246.
whether a registry	in the medical use of marijuana and		(3) The department shall verify
identification card is valid	in the possession of a registry		to law enforcement personnel
solely by confirming the	identification card or its functional		whether a registry
random registry identification	equivalent, pursuant to AS		identification card is valid,
number.	17.35.010(e).		without disclosing more
(j) It shall be a crime, punishable			information than is
by up to one hundred eighty			reasonably necessary to
(180) days in jail and a one			verify the authenticity of the
thousand dollar (\$1,000) fine,			registry identification card.
for any person, including an			(4) A person, including an
employee or official of the			employee or official of the
department or another state			department or another state
agency or local government,			agency or local unit of
to breach the confidentiality			government, who discloses
of information obtained			confidential information in
pursuant to this chapter.			violation of this act is guilty
Notwithstanding this			of a misdemeanor, punishable

RHODE ISLAND	ALASKA	HAWAII	MICHIGAN
provision, the department			by imprisonment for not
employees may notify law enforcement about falsified			more than 6 months, or a fine of not more than \$1,000.00,
or fraudulent information			or both. Notwithstanding this
submitted to the Department.			provision, department employees may notify law
			enforcement about falsified
			or fraudulent information submitted to the department.
			submitted to the department.

MONTANA	NEVADA	OREGON	VERMONT
The department shall maintain a	Except as otherwise provided in	The Department shall create and	Not addressed.
confidential list of the persons to	this section, NRS 239.0115 and	maintain both paper and computer	
whom the department has issued	subsection 4 of NRS 453A.210, the	data files of patients, designated	
registry identification cards.	Department and any designee of	caregivers, growers, and grow site	
Individual names and other	the Department shall maintain the	addresses. The data files will	
identifying information on the list	confidentiality of and shall not	include all information collected on	
must be confidential and are not	disclose:	the application forms or equivalent	
subject to disclosure, except to:	(a) The contents of any	information from other written	
(a) authorized employees of the	applications, records or other	documentation, plus a copy of	
department as necessary to	written documentation that the	OMMP registry identification	
perform official duties of the	Department or its designee	cards, effective date, date of issue,	
department; or	creates or receives pursuant to	and expiration date.	
(b) authorized employees of state	the provisions of this chapter; or		
or local law enforcement	(b) The name or any other	(1) Except as provided in section	
agencies, only as necessary to	identifying information of:	(2) of this rule, the names	
verify that a person is a	(1) An attending physician;	and identifying information	
lawful possessor of a registry	or	of registry identification	
identification card.	(2) A person who has	cardholders and the name	
	applied for or to whom the	and identifying information	
(1) A person, including an	Department or its designee	of a pending applicant for a	
employee or official of the	has issued a registry	card, a designated primary	
department or other state or	identification card.	caregiver, and a grower, and	
local government agency,		a marijuana grow site	
commits the offense of		location, shall be	
disclosure of confidential		confidential and not subject	
information relating to		to public disclosure.	
medical use of marijuana if		(2) Names and other identifying	
the person knowingly or		information made	
purposely discloses		confidential under section	
confidential information in		(1) of this rule may be	
violation of [section 3].		released to:	
(2) A person convicted of		(a) Authorized employees of	
disclosure of confidential		the Department as	

MONTANA	NEVADA	OREGON	VERMONT
information relating to		necessary to perform	
medical use of marijuana		official duties of the	
shall be fined not to exceed		Department, including the	
\$1,000 or be imprisoned in		production of any reports	
the county jail for a term not		of aggregate (i.e., non-	
to exceed 6 months, or both.		identifying) data or	
		statistics;	
		(b) Authorized employees of	
		state or local law	
		enforcement agencies	
		when they provide a	
		specific name or address.	
		Information will be	
		supplied only as necessary	
		to verify:	
		(A) That a person is or was a	
		lawful possessor of a	
		registry identification	
		card; or	
		(B) That the address is or	
		was a documented grow	
		site, and how many	
		people are authorized to	
		grow at that grow site; or	
		(C) How many people a	
		person was or is	
		authorized to grow for;	
		or	
		(D) As provided in OAR	
		333-008-0060(2);	
		(c) Other persons (such as, but	
		not limited to, employers,	
		lawyers, family members,	
		other government officials)	

MONTANA	NEVADA	OREGON	VERMONT
		upon receipt of a properly	
		executed release of	
		information signed by the	
		patient, the patient's parent	
		or legal guardian, designated	
		primary caregiver or grower.	
		The release of information	
		must specify what	
		information the Department	
		is authorized to release and	
		to whom.	

WASHINGTON		
Not addressed.		

**ISSUE: Debilitating Medical Condition** 

MAINE	NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
Cancer, glaucoma, positive status	Debilitating condition means	AIDS, anorexia, arthritis, cachexia,	Cancer, glaucoma, HIV/AIDS
for immunodeficiency virus,	cancer; glaucoma; multiple	cancer, chronic pain, glaucoma,	positive, cachexia; severe pain;
acquired immune deficiency	sclerosis; damage to the nervous	migraine, persistent muscle	severe nausea; seizures, including
syndrome, hepatitis C, amyotropic	tissue of the spinal cord, with	spasms, including spasms	those that are characteristic of
lateral sclerosis, Crohn's disease,	objective neurological indication of	associated with multiple sclerosis,	epilepsy; or persistent muscle
agitation of Alzheimer's disease,	intractable spacticity; epilepsy;	seizures, including seizures	spasms, including those that are
nail-patella syndrome or the	positive status for human	associated with epilepsy, severe	characteristic of multiple sclerosis.
treatment of these conditions; A	immunodeficiency virus or	nausea; Other chronic or persistent	Other conditions are subject to
chronic or debilitating disease or	acquired immune deficiency	medical symptoms.	approval by the Colorado Board of
medical condition or its treatment	syndrome; admitted to hospice care		Health.
that produced intractable pain,	in accordance with rules		
which is pain that has not	promulgated by the department; or		
responded to ordinary medical or	other medical condition, medical		
surgical measures for more than 6	treatment or disease as approved by		
months; A chronic or debilitating	the department.		
disease or medical condition or its			
treatment that produces one or			
more of the following: cachexia or			
wasting syndrome; severe nausea;			
seizures, including but not limited			
to those characteristic of epilepsy;			
or severe and persistent muscle			
spasms, including but not limited			
to those characteristic of multiple			
sclerosis; or Any other medical			
condition or its treatment approved			
by the department as provided for			
in section 2424, subsection 2			

RHODE ISLAND	ALASKA	HAWAII	MICHIGAN
Cancer, glaucoma, positive status	Cachexia, cancer, chronic pain,	Cancer, glaucoma, positive status	Approved for treatment of
for HIV/AIDS, Hepatitis C, or the	epilepsy and other disorders	for HIV/AIDS; A chronic or	debilitating medical conditions,
treatment of these conditions; A	characterized by seizures,	debilitating disease or medical	defined as cancer, glaucoma, HIV,
chronic or debilitating disease or	glaucoma, HIV or AIDS, multiple	condition or its treatment that	AIDS, hepatitis C, amyotrophic
medical condition or its treatment	sclerosis and other disorders	produces cachexia or wasting	lateral sclerosis, Crohn's disease,
that produces cachexia or wasting	characterized by muscle spasticity,	syndrome, severe pain, severe	agitation of Alzheimer's disease,
syndrome; severe, debilitating,	and nausea. Other conditions are	nausea, seizures, including those	nail patella, cachexia or wasting
chronic pain; severe nausea;	subject to approval by the Alaska	characteristic of epilepsy, or severe	syndrome, severe and chronic pain,
seizures, including but not limited	Department of Health and Social	and persistent muscle spasms,	severe nausea, seizures, epilepsy,
to, those characteristic of epilepsy;	Services.	including those characteristic of	muscle spasms, and multiple
or severe and persistent muscle		multiple sclerosis or Crohn's	sclerosis.
spasms, including but not limited		disease. Other conditions are	
to, those characteristic of multiple		subject to approval by the Hawaii	
sclerosis or Crohn's disease; or		Department of Health.	
agitation of Alzheimer's Disease;			
or any other medical condition or			
its treatment approved by the state			
Department of Health.			

MONTANA	NEVADA	OREGON	VERMONT
Cancer, glaucoma, or positive	AIDS; cancer; glaucoma; and any	Cancer, glaucoma, positive status	Cancer, AIDS, positive status for
status for HIV/AIDS, or the	medical condition or treatment to a	for HIV/AIDS, or treatment for	HIV, multiple sclerosis, or the
treatment of these conditions; a	medical condition that produces	these conditions; A medical	treatment of these conditions if the
chronic or debilitating disease or	cachexia, persistent muscle spasms	condition or treatment for a	disease or the treatment results in
medical condition or its treatment	or seizures, severe nausea or pain.	medical condition that produces	severe, persistent, and intractable
that produces cachexia or wasting	Other conditions are subject to	cachexia, severe pain, severe	symptoms; or a disease, medical
syndrome, severe or chronic pain,	approval by the health division of	nausea, seizures, including seizures	condition, or its treatment that is
severe nausea, seizures, including	the state Department of Human	caused by epilepsy, or persistent	chronic, debilitating and produces
seizures caused by epilepsy, or	Resources.	muscle spasms, including spasms	severe, persistent, and one or more
severe or persistent muscle spasms,		caused by multiple sclerosis. Other	of the following intractable
including spasms caused by mul-		conditions are subject to approval	symptoms: cachexia or wasting
tiple sclerosis or Chrohn's disease;		by the Health Division of the	syndrome, severe pain or nausea or
or any other medical condition or		Oregon Department of Human	seizures.

treatment for a medical condition adopted by the department by rule.		Resources.	
	ſ		
WASHINGTON			
Cachexia; cancer; HIV or AIDS;			
epilepsy; glaucoma; intractable			
pain (defined as pain unrelieved by			
standard treatment or medications);			
and multiple sclerosis. Other			
conditions are subject to approval			
by the Washington Board of			
Health.			

**ISSUE: Dispensary – Limitations** 

MAINE	NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
A nonprofit dispensary or a	Distribution criteria	No provision in state law	Nothing in state law speaks to
principal officer, board member,	documentation. The private non-		dispensaries.
agent or employee of a nonprofit	profit entity shall develop,		
dispensary may not dispense more	implement and maintain on the		
han 2 1/2 ounces of usable	premises, policies and procedures		
narijuana to a qualifying patient or	relating to the marijuana program.		
o a primary caregiver on behalf of	The policies and procedures shall		
qualifying patient during a 15-	at a minimum include the		
lay period.	following criteria:		
	(1) Develop distribution criteria		
A nonprofit dispensary may not	for qualified patients or		
possess more than 6 live marijuana	primary caregivers		
plants for each registered	appropriate for marijuana		
qualifying patient who has	services;		
designated the nonprofit dispensary	(2) Qualified patient's or the		
as a primary caregiver and	primary caregiver's		
designated that the dispensary will	distribution criteria shall		
be permitted to cultivate marijuana	include a clear identifiable		
for the registered qualifying	photocopy of all qualified		
patient's medical use.	patient's or the primary		
	caregiver's registry		
A nonprofit dispensary may not	identification card served by		
lispense, deliver or otherwise	the private entity; and;		
ransfer marijuana to a person other	(3) Alcohol and drug free work		
han a qualifying patient who has	place policy; the private non-		
lesignated the nonprofit dispensary	profit entity shall develop,		
s a primary caregiver or to the	implement and maintain on		
patient's other registered primary	the premises, policies and		
aregiver.	procedures relating to an		
	alcohol and drug free		
	workplace program;		
	(4) Employee policies and		

MAINE	NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
	procedures; the private non-		
	profit entity shall develop,		
	implement and maintain on		
	the premises, employee		
	policies and procedures to		
	address the following		
	requirements:		
	(a) a job description or		
	employment contract		
	developed for all		
	employees, which		
	includes duties, authority,		
	responsibilities,		
	qualifications and		
	supervision; and		
	(b) training in, and adherence,		
	to state confidentiality		
	laws;		
	(5) The licensed producer shall		
	maintain a personnel record		
	for each employee that		
	includes an application for		
	employment and a record of		
	any disciplinary action taken;		
	and		
	(6) The private non-profit entity		
	shall develop, implement and		
	maintain on the premises on-		
	site training curriculum, or		
	enter into contractual		
	relationships with		
	outside resources capable of		
	meeting employee training		
	needs, which includes, but is		

MAINE	NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
	not limited to, the following		
	topics:		
	(a) professional conduct,		
	ethics and patient		
	confidentiality; and		
	( <b>b</b> ) informational		
	developments in the field		
	of medical use of		
	marijuana;		
	(7) Employee safety and security		
	training; the private non-profit		
	entity shall provide each		
	employee, at the time of his or		
	her initial appointment,		
	training in the following:		
	(a) the proper use of security		
	measures and controls that		
	have been adopted; and		
	(b) specific procedural		
	instructions on how to		
	respond to an emergency,		
	including robbery or a		
	violent accident.		
	(8) All private non-profit entities		
	shall prepare training		
	documentation for each		
	employee and have employees		
	sign a statement indicating the		
	date, time and place the		
	employee received said		
	training and topics discussed,		
	to include name and title of		
	presenters; the private non-		
	profit entity shall maintain		

MAINE	NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
	documentation of an		
	employee's training for a		
	period of at least six (6)		
	months after termination of an		
	employee's employment;		
	employee training		
	documentation shall be made		
	available within twenty-four		
	(24) hours of a department		
	representative's request; the		
	twenty-four (24) hour period		
	shall exclude holidays and		
	weekends.		

RHODE ISLAND	ALASKA	HAWAII	MICHIGAN
Nothing in state law speaks to	Not a "dispensary" state.	Not a "dispensary" state.	Not a "dispensary" state.
dispensaries.			

MONTANA	NEVADA	OREGON	VERMONT
Not a "dispensary" state.			

WASHINGTON		
Not a "dispensary" state.		

 ${\bf ISSUE: Dispensary-Number\ and\ Location}$ 

MAINE	NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
A nonprofit dispensary may not be	The secretary shall consider the	No provision in state law.	Nothing in state law speaks to
located within 500 feet of the	overall health needs of qualified	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	dispensaries.
property line of a preexisting	patients and the safety of the public		
public or private school. This	in deciding on the number and		
chapter does not prohibit a political	location of licenses to produce		
subdivision of this State from	marijuana issued to private entities,		
limiting the number of nonprofit	including, but not limited to, the		
dispensaries that may operate in the	following factors:		
political subdivision or from	(1) the sufficiency of the overall		
enacting reasonable zoning	supply available to qualified		
regulations applicable to nonprofit	patients statewide;		
dispensaries.	(2) the applicant's plan to ensure		
	purity, consistency of dose,		
	and the various forms of		
	applications to be provided;		
	i.e., topical, oral, tinctures,		
	etc.;		
	(3) the applicant's skill and		
	knowledge of organic		
	growing methods to ensure a		
	safe product;		
	(4) the quality of the security plan		
	proposed including location,		
	security devices employed		
	and staffing;		
	(5) the quality assurance plans in		
	place including provision for		
	periodic testing; and		
	(6) the Distribution of marijuana		
	by a non-profit entity to		
	qualified patients or primary		
	caregiver shall not take place		

at locations that are within three hundred (300) feet of any school, church or daycare	
center.	

RHODE ISLAND	ALASKA	HAWAII	MICHIGAN
Nothing in state law speaks to	Not a "dispensary" state.	Not a "dispensary" state.	Not a "dispensary" state.
dispensaries.			

MONTANA	NEVADA	OREGON	VERMONT
Not a "dispensary" state.			

WASHINGTON		

# ISSUE: Dispensary – Personnel

MAINE	NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
The department shall issue each	Employee policies and procedures;	No provision in state law.	Nothing in state law speaks to
principal officer, board member,	the private non-profit entity shall		dispensaries.
agent and employee of a nonprofit	develop, implement and maintain		
dispensary a registry identification	on the premises, employee policies		
card within 10 days of receipt of	and procedures to address the		
the person's name, address and date	following requirements:		
of birth under paragraph A and a	(a) a job description or		
fee in an amount established by the	employment contract		
department. Each card must specify	developed for all employees,		
that the cardholder is a principal	which includes duties,		
officer, board member, agent or	authority, responsibilities,		
employee of a nonprofit dispensary	qualifications and supervision;		
and must contain:	and		
(1) The name, address and date	(b) training in, and adherence, to		
of birth of the principal	state confidentiality laws;		
officer, board member, agent			
or employee;	The licensed producer shall		
(2) The legal name of the	maintain a personnel record for		
nonprofit dispensary with	each employee that includes an		
which the principal officer,	application for employment and a		
board member, agent or	record of any disciplinary action		
employee is affiliated;	taken; and;		
(3) A random identification			
number that is unique to the	The private non-profit entity shall		
cardholder;	develop, implement and maintain		
(4) The date of issuance and	on the premises on-site training		
expiration date of the registry	curriculum, or enter into		
identification card; and	contractual relationships with		
(5) A photograph, if the	outside resources capable of		
department decides to require	meeting employee training needs,		
one.	which includes, but is not limited		
	to, the following topics:		

MAINE	NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
The department may not issue a	(a) professional conduct, ethics		
registry identification card to any	and patient confidentiality;		
principal officer, board member,	and		
agent or employee of a nonprofit	(b) informational developments in		
dispensary who has been convicted	the field of medical use of		
of a felony drug offense. The	marijuana;		
department may conduct a			
background check of each principal	Employee safety and security		
officer, board member, agent or	training; the private non-profit		
employee in order to carry out this	entity shall provide each employee,		
provision. The department shall	at the time of his or her initial		
notify the nonprofit dispensary in	appointment, training in the		
writing of the purpose for denying	following:		
the registry identification card. All	(a) the proper use of security		
principal officers and board	measures and controls that		
members of a nonprofit dispensary	have been adopted; and		
must be residents of this State.	(b) specific procedural		
	instructions on how to		
	respond to an emergency,		
	including robbery or a violent		
	accident.		
	All private non-profit entities shall		
	prepare training documentation for		
	each employee and have		
	employees sign a statement		
	indicating the date, time and place		
	the employee received		
	said training and topics discussed,		
	to include name and title of		
	presenters; the private non-profit		
	entity shall maintain		
	documentation of an employee's		
	training for a period of at least six		

MAINE	NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
	(6) months after termination of an		
	employee's employment; employee		
	training documentation shall be		
	made available within twenty-four		
	(24) hours of a department		
	representative's request; the		
	twenty-four (24) hour period shall		
	exclude holidays and weekends.		

RHODE ISLAND	ALASKA	HAWAII	MICHIGAN
Nothing in state law speaks to dispensaries.	Not a "dispensary" state.	Not a "dispensary" state.	Not a "dispensary" state.

MONTANA	NEVADA	OREGON	VERMONT
Not a "dispensary" state.			

WASHINGTON		
Not a "dispensary" state.		

ISSUE: Dispensary-Requirements

M	AINE		NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
A. A nonprofit	dispensary must be	A pı	rivate non-profit entity must	Qualified patients, persons with	Nothing in state law speaks to
operated on	a not-for-profit	prov	ride the following in order to be	valid identification cards, and the	dispensaries.
basis for the	mutual benefit of	cons	sidered for a license to produce	designated primary caregivers of	
its members	and patrons. The	mari	ijuana:	qualified patients and persons with	
bylaws of a	nonprofit	(1)	acknowledgement that, at any	identification cards, who associate	
dispensary a	and its contracts		time, production shall not	within the State of California in	
with patrons	s must contain such		exceed ninety-five (95)	order collectively or cooperatively	
*	elative to the		mature plants and seedlings	to cultivate marijuana for medical	
_	of revenues and		and an inventory of usable	purposes, shall not solely on the	
	nay be necessary		marijuana that reflects current	basis of that fact be subject to state	
	riate to establish and		patient needs;	criminal sanctions. Any group that	
maintain its	nonprofit	(2)	proof that the private entity is	is collectively or cooperatively	
character.			a non-profit corporation;	cultivating and distributing	
*	dispensary need	(3)	appropriate non-refundable	marijuana for medical purposes	
•	gnized as a tax		fees;	should be organized and operated	
1 0	anization under 26	(4)	verification that the board of	in a manner that ensures the	
	es Code, Section		the non-profit includes, at a	security of the crop and safeguards	
1 / 1 /	nd is not required to		minimum, one (1) physician,	against diversion for non-medical	
_	pursuant to Title		a nurse or other health care	purposes. The following are	
13-B. B. A	-		provider, and three (3)	guidelines to help cooperatives and	
	nay not be located		patients currently qualified	collectives operate within the law,	
	feet of the property		under the Lynn and Erin	and to help law enforcement	
_	existing public or		Compassionate Use Act;	determine whether they are doing	
private scho		(5)	a description of the facility	so.	
	dispensary shall		that shall be used in the		
•	epartment within 10	(6)	production of marijuana;	Statutory Cooperatives: A	
_	n a principal	(6)	proof that the facility is not	cooperative must file articles of	
· ·	rd member, agent or		within three hundred (300)	incorporation with the state and	
* *	eases to work at the		feet of any school, church or	conduct its business for the mutual	
nonprofit di	-	(7)	daycare center;	benefit of its members. (Corp.	
	dispensary shall	(7)	a description of the means the	Code, § 12201, 12300.) No	
notity the de	epartment in writing		private non-profit shall	business may call itself a	

MAINE	NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
of the name, address and date	employ to make qualified	"cooperative" (or "coop") unless it	
of birth of any new principal	patients or the primary	is properly organized and	
officer, board member, agent or	caregiver aware of the quality	registered as such a corporation	
employee and shall submit a	of the product;	under the Corporations or Food	
fee in an amount established by	(8) a description of the means the	and Agricultural Code. (Id. at §	
the department for a new	private non-profit shall	12311(b).) Cooperative	
registry identification card	employ to safely dispense the	corporations are "democratically	
before the new principal	marijuana to qualified patients	controlled and are not organized to	
officer, board member, agent or	or the qualified patient's	make a profit for themselves, as	
employee begins working at the	primary caregivers;	such, or for their members, as such,	
nonprofit dispensary.	(9) a description of ingestion	but primarily for their members as	
E. A nonprofit dispensary shall	options of useable marijuana	patrons." ( <i>Id.</i> at § 12201.) The	
implement appropriate security	provided by the private non-	earnings and savings of the	
measures to deter and prevent	profit entity;	business must be used for the	
unauthorized entrance into	(10) a description of safe smoking	general welfare of its members or	
areas containing marijuana and	techniques that shall be	equitably distributed to members in	
the theft of marijuana.	provided to qualified patients;	the form of cash, property, credits,	
F. The operating documents of a	(11) a description of potential side	or services. ( <i>Ibid.</i> ) Cooperatives	
nonprofit dispensary must	effects and how this shall be	must follow strict rules on	
include procedures	communicated to qualified	organization, articles, elections,	
	patients and the qualified	and distribution of earnings, and	
	patient's primary caregivers;	must report individual transactions	
	(12) a description of the private	from individual members each	
	entity's means for educating	year. (See <i>id.</i> at § 12200, et seq.)	
		Agricultural cooperatives are	
		likewise nonprofit corporate	
		entities "since they are not	
for the exercisht of the	the qualified nations and the	organized to make profit for	
for the oversight of the nonprofit dispensary and	the qualified patient and the primary caregiver on the	themselves, as such, or for their members, as such, but only for	
1 1			
procedures to ensure accurate record keeping.	limitation of the right to possess and use marijuana;	their members as producers." (Food & Agric. Code, § 54033.)	
G. A nonprofit dispensary is	(13) a description of the packaging	Agricultural cooperatives share	
	of the useable marijuana that	many characteristics with	
prohibited from acquiring,	of the useable marijuana that	many characteristics with	

MAINE	NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
possessing, cultivating,	the private non-profit entity	consumer cooperatives. (See, e.g.,	
manufacturing, delivering,	shall be utilizing, including a	<i>id.</i> at § 54002, et seq.)	
transferring, transporting,	label that shall contain the	Cooperatives should not purchase	
supplying or dispensing	name of the strain, batch,	marijuana from, or sell to, non-	
marijuana for any purpose	quantity and a statement that	members; instead, they should only	
except to assist registered	the product is for medical use	provide a means for facilitating or	
qualifying patients with the	and not for resale;	coordinating transactions between	
medical use of marijuana	(14) a description of the private	members.	
directly or through the	non-profit entity's		
registered qualifying patients'	confidential sale records,	Collectives: California law does	
other primary caregivers.	ensuring that quantities	not define collectives, but the	
H. All principal officers and board	purchased do not suggest re-	dictionary defines them as "a	
members of a nonprofit	distribution; both clients and	business, farm, etc., jointly owned	
dispensary must be residents of	the department shall have	and operated by the members of a	
this State. I. All cultivation of	access to this information at	group." (Random House	
marijuana must take place in an	any time;	Unabridged Dictionary; Random	
enclosed, locked facility.	(15) a description of the private	House, Inc. © 2006.) Applying this	
	non-profit entity's policy on	definition, a collective should be an	
	the right of the entity to refuse	organization that merely facilitates	
	service;	the collaborative efforts of patient	
	(16) a description of the device or	and caregiver members – including	
	series of devices that shall be	the allocation of costs and	
	used to provide security;	revenues. As such, a collective is	
	(17) a written description of the	not a statutory entity, but as a	
	private non-profit entity's	practical matter it might have to	
	security policies, safety and	organize as some form of business	
	security procedures, personal	to carry out its activities. The	
	safety and crime prevention	collective should not purchase	
	techniques;	marijuana from, or sell to, non-	
	(18) copies of the entity's articles	members; instead, it should only	
	of incorporation and by-laws;	provide a means for facilitating or	
	(19) a list of all persons or	coordinating transactions between members. (From California	
	business entities having direct	`	
	or indirect authority over the	Guidelines Regarding Collective	

management or policies of the facility;  (20) a list of all persons or business entities having five percent or more ownership in the facility, whether direct or indirect and whether the interest is in profits, land or building, including owners of any business entity which owns all or part of the land or building;  (21) the identities of all creditors holding a security interest in the premises, if any;  (22) criminal history screening requirements:	MAINE	NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
(20) a list of all persons or business entities having five percent or more ownership in the facility, whether direct or indirect and whether the interest is in profits, land or building, including owners of any business entity which owns all or part of the land or building;  (21) the identities of all creditors holding a security interest in the premises, if any;  (22) criminal history screening			and Collaboratives)	
business entities having five percent or more ownership in the facility, whether direct or indirect and whether the interest is in profits, land or building, including owners of any business entity which owns all or part of the land or building;  (21) the identities of all creditors holding a security interest in the premises, if any;  (22) criminal history screening		• •		
percent or more ownership in the facility, whether direct or indirect and whether the interest is in profits, land or building, including owners of any business entity which owns all or part of the land or building;  (21) the identities of all creditors holding a security interest in the premises, if any;  (22) criminal history screening				
the facility, whether direct or indirect and whether the interest is in profits, land or building, including owners of any business entity which owns all or part of the land or building;  (21) the identities of all creditors holding a security interest in the premises, if any;  (22) criminal history screening		business entities having five		
indirect and whether the interest is in profits, land or building, including owners of any business entity which owns all or part of the land or building;  (21) the identities of all creditors holding a security interest in the premises, if any;  (22) criminal history screening		_		
interest is in profits, land or building, including owners of any business entity which owns all or part of the land or building;  (21) the identities of all creditors holding a security interest in the premises, if any;  (22) criminal history screening		•		
building, including owners of any business entity which owns all or part of the land or building;  (21) the identities of all creditors holding a security interest in the premises, if any;  (22) criminal history screening				
any business entity which owns all or part of the land or building;  (21) the identities of all creditors holding a security interest in the premises, if any;  (22) criminal history screening		-		
owns all or part of the land or building;  (21) the identities of all creditors holding a security interest in the premises, if any;  (22) criminal history screening				
building; (21) the identities of all creditors holding a security interest in the premises, if any; (22) criminal history screening				
(21) the identities of all creditors holding a security interest in the premises, if any; (22) criminal history screening				
holding a security interest in the premises, if any; (22) criminal history screening		<u> </u>		
the premises, if any; (22) criminal history screening				
(22) criminal history screening		•		
requirements:		1 . ,		
(a) all persons associated with				
a non-profit private entity		1 1		
production facility must				
consent to a nationwide				
and statewide criminal				
history screening				
background check; this				
includes board members,				
persons having direct or				
indirect authority over management or policies,		- I		
and employees; all				
and employees, an applicable fees associated		- ·		
with the nationwide and				
statewide criminal history				
screening background		•		
check shall be paid by the				

MAINE	NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
	individual or production		
	facility;		
	(b) individuals convicted of a		
	felony are prohibited from		
	participating or being		
	associated with a		
	production facility		
	licensed under this rule; if		
	an individual has been		
	convicted of a felony, and		
	the final completion of the		
	entirety of the associated		
	sentence of such felony		
	conviction has been less		
	than five (5) years from		
	the date of the individual's		
	anticipated association		
	with the production		
	facility, then the		
	individual is prohibited		
	from serving in his or her		
	role on the board or for		
	the entity; the individual		
	shall be notified by		
	registered mail of his or		
	her disqualification; if the		
	individual has been		
	convicted of more than		
	one (1) felony violation,		
	the individual shall be		
	notified by registered or		
	certified mail that he or		
	she is permanently		
	prohibited from		

MAINE	NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
	participating or being		
	associated with a		
	production facility		
	licensed under this rule;		
	any violation of this		
	subsection will result in		
	the immediate revocation		
	of any privilege granted		
	under this rule and the act;		
	(23) the department may verify		
	information on each		
	application and accompanying		
	documentation by:		
	(a) contacting the applicant		
	by telephone or by mail;		
	(b) conducting an on-site		
	visit;		
	(c) requiring a face-to-face		
	meeting		
	and the production of		
	additional identification		
	materials if proof of		
	identity is uncertain; and		
	(d) requiring additional		
	relevant information that		
	the department deems		
	necessary;		
	(24) cooperation with the		
	department upon notice by the		
	department of the intent to		
	review the licensed producer		
	application; failure of the		
	private entity to cooperate		
	with the department's request		

MAINE	NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
	may result in the application		
	being declared incomplete or		
	denied; and		
	(25) such other information as the		
	private entity wishes to		
	provide or that the licensing		
	authority shall request.		

RHODE ISLAND	ALASKA	HAWAII	MICHIGAN
Nothing in state law speaks to	Not a "dispensary" state.	Not a "dispensary" state.	Not a "dispensary" state.
dispensaries.			

MONTANA	NEVADA	OREGON	VERMONT
Not a "dispensary" state.			

WASHINGTON		
Not a "dispensary" state.		

# ${\bf ISSUE: Growing/Production-Dispensaries}$

MAINE	NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
Allowable amount depends upon	a non-profit private entity that	Dispensaries, growing collectives,	Nothing in state law speaks to
the number of registered patients	operates a facility and, at any one	etc are licensed through local	dispensaries.
who have designated the	time, is limited to a total of ninety-	city or county business ordinances	
dispensary and the primary	five (95) mature plants and	and the regulatory authority lies	
caregiver	seedlings and an inventory of	with the State Attorney General's	
	usable marijuana that reflects	Office.	
	current patient needs, and that shall		
	sell marijuana with a consistent		
	unit price, without volume		
	discounts.		

RHODE ISLAND	ALASKA	HAWAII	MICHIGAN
Nothing in state law speaks to dispensaries.	Not a "dispensary" state.	Not a "dispensary" state.	Not a "dispensary" state.

MONTANA	NEVADA	OREGON	VERMONT
Not a "dispensary" state.	Not a "dispensary" state.	Not a "dispensary" state, but see attached sheet.	Not a "dispensary" state.

WASHINGTON		
The law does not allow		
dispensaries. The law only allows		
qualifying patients and designated		
providers to possess medical		
marijuana.		

### Oregon "Grow Site" statute

- (1) The Department of Human Services shall establish by rule a marijuana grow site registration system to authorize production of marijuana by a registry identification cardholder, a designated primary caregiver who grows marijuana for the cardholder or a person who is responsible for a marijuana grow site. The marijuana grow site registration system adopted must require a registry identification cardholder to submit an application to the department that includes:
  - (a) The name of the person responsible for the marijuana grow site;
  - (b) The address of the marijuana grow site;
  - (c) The registry identification card number of the registry cardholder for whom the marijuana is being produced; and
  - (d) Any other information the department considers necessary.
- (2) The department shall issue a marijuana grow site registration card to a registry identification cardholder who has met the requirements of subsection (1) of this section.
- (3) A person who has been issued a marijuana grow site registration card under this section must display the registration card at the marijuana grow site at all times when marijuana is being produced.
- (4) A marijuana grow site registration card must be obtained and posted for each registry identification cardholder for whom marijuana is being produced at a marijuana grow site.
- (5) All usable marijuana, plants, seedlings and seeds associated with the production of marijuana for a registry identification cardholder by a person responsible for a marijuana grow site are the property of the registry identification cardholder and must be provided to the registry identification cardholder upon request.
- (6) (a) The department shall conduct a criminal records check under ORS 181.534 of any person whose name is submitted as a person responsible for a marijuana grow site.
  - (b) A person convicted of a Class A or Class B felony under ORS 475.840 to 475.920 for the manufacture or delivery of a controlled substance in Schedule I or Schedule II may not be issued a marijuana grow site registration card or produce marijuana for a registry identification cardholder for five years from the date of conviction.
  - (c) A person convicted more than once of a Class A or Class B felony under ORS 475.840 to 475.920 for the manufacture or delivery of a controlled substance in Schedule I or Schedule II may not be issued a marijuana grow site registration card or produce marijuana for a registry identification cardholder.
- (7) A registry identification cardholder or the designated primary caregiver of the cardholder may reimburse the person responsible for a marijuana grow site for the costs of supplies and utilities associated with the production of marijuana for the registry identification cardholder. No other costs associated with the production of marijuana for the registry identification cardholder, including the cost of labor, may be reimbursed. [2005 c.822 §8; 2007 c.573 §2]

SECTION 8a. The provisions of section 8 (6) of this 2005 Act apply only to a person convicted of a violation of ORS 475.992 (1)(a) or (b) that occurred on or after the effective date of this 2005 Act.

#### SECTION 9.

- (1) (a) A registry identification cardholder or the designated primary caregiver of the cardholder may possess up to six mature marijuana plants and 24 ounces of usable marijuana.
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, if a registry identification cardholder has been convicted of violating ORS 475.992 (1)(a) or (b), the registry identification cardholder or the designated primary caregiver of the cardholder may possess one ounce of usable marijuana at any given time for a period of five years from the date of the conviction.
- (2) If the marijuana used by the registry identification cardholder is produced at a marijuana grow site where the cardholder or designated primary caregiver is not present, the person responsible for the marijuana grow site:
  - (a) May produce marijuana for and provide marijuana to a registry identification cardholder or that person¢s designated primary caregiver as authorized under this section.
  - (b) May possess up to six mature plants and up to 24 ounces of usable marijuana for each cardholder or caregiver for which marijuana is being produced.
  - (c) May produce marijuana for up to four registry identification cardholders or designated primary caregivers per year.
  - (d) Must obtain and display a marijuana grow site registration card issued under section 8 of this 2005 Act for each registry identification cardholder or designated primary caregiver for which marijuana is being produced.
  - (e) Must provide all marijuana produced for a registry identification cardholder or designated primary caregiver to the cardholder or caregiver at the time the person responsible for a marijuana grow site ceases producing marijuana for the cardholder or caregiver.
  - (f) Must return the marijuana grow site registration card to the registry identification cardholder to whom the card was issued when requested to do so by the cardholder or when the person responsible for a marijuana grow site ceases producing marijuana for the cardholder or caregiver.
- (3) Except as provided in subsections (1) and (2) of this section, a registry identification cardholder, the designated primary caregiver of the cardholder and the person responsible for a marijuana grow site producing marijuana for the registry identification cardholder may possess a combined total of up to six mature plants and 24 ounces of usable marijuana for that registry identification cardholder.
- (4) (a) A registry identification cardholder and the designated primary caregiver of the cardholder may possess a combined total of up to 18 marijuana seedlings or starts as defined by rule of the Department of Human Services.
  - (b) A person responsible for a marijuana grow site may possess up to 18 marijuana seedlings or starts as defined by rule of the department for each registry identification cardholder for which the person responsible for the marijuana grow site is producing marijuana.

SECTION 10. A law enforcement officer who determines that a registry identification cardholder is in possession of amounts of usable marijuana or numbers of marijuana plants in excess of the amount or number authorized by section 9 of this 2005 Act may confiscate

only any usable marijuana or plants that are in excess of the amount or number authorized.

### **Maine Department of Agriculture Letter**

To: Committee on the Implementation of the

Maine Medical Marijuana Act

From: Ned Porter, Deputy Commissioner

Maine Department of Agriculture

Re: Departmental Perspectives on

Implementation Challenges

Date: Thursday, December 3, 2009

### **Opportunity for Maine producers**

Since voters approved the medical marijuana law, the Department has received a steady flow of inquiries from people seeking to learn more about the opportunities in growing medical marijuana. The callers have ranged from folks who have never been on our radar to the owners of long-established businesses.

An example of the latter is Rick Eastman of Western Maine Nurseries in Fryeburg. He has 10, 150 by 40 foot greenhouses, nursery and greenhouse sales of about \$1 million, and seasonally employs as many as 50 people. He talked to me about how he could make changes to his operation to meet the security needs of the state and to grow enough to meet the demands of dispensaries. Owners of similar operations have contacted the Department with similar interests.

I've explained to callers that the law as passed does not seem to envision production in a facility that is not a dispensary, but people have expressed a willingness to work with the state. If there were interest on the Committee in consolidating the number of growing operations or allowing dispensaries to contract the crop production, there are long-time operations that would welcome the opportunity to diversify their existing production.

### **Existing regulatory framework**

The Department regulates crops from the field to the table. We license and inspect nurseries, license and inspect food processors, including those that process and blend herbs. Additional statutes provide for the use of the quality trademark for commodities meeting grade and standards, and for the issuance of trip tickets to allow for the tracking of the transportation of wood or blueberries.

While the various facets of commerce covered by these laws and regulations are not identical to the movement of medical marijuana from the dispensary to the registered qualifying patient, there are many similarities. The initiated legislation is largely silent on these matters. What follows are explanations of the Department's current laws and rules that could serve as a model, should the Committee decide to pursue it.

### **Producing the crop**

The assistant horticulturist recently did a quick review of standard sources about the pests and diseases of Cannabis. The plant is susceptible to the common greenhouse and outdoor pests, many of which already occur in Maine. However, given that it is currently illegal to grow, the thoroughness and accuracy of the lists is debatable. At the same time, there are some species of those diseases that could pose threats to existing production of commercial crops. While the threat may be marginal, it can and ought to be addressed.

Under the initiated legislation it is unlikely that marijuana production or the dispensaries would fall under the Department's jurisdiction as established in 7 MRSA Chapter 404 Subchapter 1: Nursery Owners and Dealers Generally, and Chapter 405-A: Horticulture. However, Chapter 404 provides extensive authority covering the importation, growing and sale of plant materials in the state and Chapter 405-A provides for the inspection of licensed facilities – greenhouses and nurseries. Inspectors check the greenhouse, the plants and the operation. The regulations are designed to ensure the plants are free of disease and pests.

In addition, any pesticide used in the United States has to be registered with the Environmental Protection Agency and, if used in Maine, with the Board of Pesticides Control. The chemical companies register their products for use on specific crops. There are 643 products with active federal registrations for tobacco and none for marijuana. A grower using a chemical, including those used in organic production, to control a disease or pest in the growing operation would be using it illegally.

### **Processing the product**

Maine has a number of growers raising salad greens for the wholesale market. Once harvested, the greens are washed, sorted, weighed and packaged in facilities licensed and inspected by the Department. The standards cover worker hygiene, the facility, equipment, and sanitation as well as public health safeguards. They ensure that foods are wholesome, and processed, packaged and stored in a sanitary manner.

Medical marijuana is a regulatory anomaly under the initiated legislation. It does not seem to be a medicine as traditionally regulated. The process of cleaning, sorting, grading, weighing and packaging medical marijuana cannot be that much different from that undergone by ready-to-eat salad greens. And 22 MRSA, Chapter 551, Subchapter 1: Foods, clearly sets forth the standards that must be met by regulated entities.

As it stands today with the initiated legislation, salad greens grown in Maine and sold ready to eat in supermarkets would have to meet higher standards than would medical marijuana whose consumers have, by definition, a debilitating medical condition.

In order to provide consumers some assurance of the quality of Maine grown products, the Department administers the state quality trademark. It is a voluntary program that allows producers to use the logo, which certifies that the products have been produced within the state, undergone a quality inspection and met standards for size, color, and defects. It is important to note that the standards do not correspond to nutritional value. The use of the logo is outlined in 7 MRSA, Chapter 101, Subchapter 2: Grades and Standards for Farm Products. It is currently available for a variety of commodities such as blueberries, milk, potatoes and dry beans.

### Purveying the merchandise

The Department also administers 10 MRSA, Chapter 501: Weights and Measures Law, which requires testing of all weights and measures devices that are used in commercial transactions – scales at the deli counter, gas pumps etc.

In one method of transaction ("point of sale"), the scale itself must be tested and approved for commercial use. A "point of sale" transaction is when the product is sold by weight, for instance a half-pound of cheddar is ordered at the deli counter, the attendant loads a block on the slicer, places the clump of slices on the scale and it is weighed, wrapped and the price sticker generated.

The other method is the sale of prepackaged products, for instance an eight-ounce wedge of cheddar in the dairy case. In this case, the Department has the right to test the net weight of the packed commodity being offered for sale. Additionally, for pre-packaged commodities, Maine law requires the name and address of the responsible party accompanied with a zip code, common name of the commodity, a net weight declaration and an ingredient statement.

In any case, the law clearly applies to any commodity sold by weight or volume. Given the value of medical marijuana and the weight limits placed on possession, the Department would seem to have a role in this step, whatever the method of sale.

For the last link in the chain, moving the product to market, there are a couple of laws that may serve as models – 10 MRSA, Chapter 501, Subchapter 2-A: Measurement of Wood; or 36 MRSA, chapter 701, Blueberry Tax.

The trip ticket that must accompany each load of wood contains a variety of information that may be used by employees of the Department of Conservation investigating timber theft.

As for the permit required for the transportation of blueberries, it also creates a paper trail that can be used by law enforcement investigating blueberry theft.

**ISSUE:** Growing/Production – Patients

MAINE	NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
Patients (or their primary	Patients have the right to possess	Qualified patients and their	A patient or a primary caregiver
caregivers) may legally possess no	up to six ounces of usable	primary caregivers may possess no	who has been issued a Medical
more than 2.5 ounces of usable	cannabis, four mature plants and 12	more than eight ounces of dried	Marijuana Registry identification
marijuana, and may cultivate no	seedlings.	marijuana and/or six mature (or 12	card may possess no more than two
more than six marijuana plants.		immature) marijuana plants.	ounces of a usable form of
		However, S.B. 420 allows patients	marijuana and not more than six
		to possess larger amounts of	marijuana plants, with three or
		marijuana when recommended by a	fewer being mature, flowering
		physician. The legislation also	plants that are producing a usable
		allows counties and municipalities	form of marijuana.
		to approve and/or maintain local	
		ordinances permitting patients to	
		possess larger quantities of	
		medicinal pot than allowed under	
		the new state guidelines.	

RHODE ISLAND	ALASKA	HAWAII	MICHIGAN
RHODE ISLAND  Limits the amount of marijuana that can be possessed and grown to up to 12 marijuana plants or 2.5 ounces of cultivated marijuana.	ALASKA  Patients (or their primary caregivers) may legally possess no more than one ounce of usable marijuana, and may cultivate no more than six marijuana plants, of which no more than three may be mature.	HAWAII  The amount of marijuana that may be possessed jointly between the qualifying patient and the primary caregiver is an "adequate supply," which shall not exceed three mature marijuana plants, four immature marijuana plants, and one ounce of usable marijuana per	MICHIGAN  A qualifying patient and a qualifying patient's caregiver may each possess six marijuana plants and one ounce of usable marijuana. "Usable marijuana" means the dried leaves and flowers of marijuana and any mixture or preparation of marijuana.
		each mature plant.	"Enclosed, locked facility" means a closet, room, or other enclosed area equipped with locks or other security devices that permit access only by a registered primary caregiver or registered qualifying patient.

MONTANA	NEVADA	OREGON	VERMONT
Patients may possess up to two and	Patients (or their primary	A registry identification cardholder	No more than two mature
one-half (2.5) ounces of usable	caregivers) may legally possess no	or the designated primary caregiver	marijuana plants, seven immature
marijuana and twelve marijuana	more than one ounce of usable	of the cardholder may possess up	plants, and two ounces of usable
plants kept in an enclosed, locked	marijuana, three mature plants, and	to six mature marijuana plants and	marijuana may be collectively
facility. The twelve plants may be	four immature plants.	24 ounces of usable marijuana.	possessed between the registered
kept by the patient only if he or she			patient and the patient's registered
has not specified a primary			caregiver. A marijuana plant shall
caregiver to cultivate the marijuana			be considered mature when male or
for him or her.			female flower buds are readily
			observed on the plant by unaided
			visual examination. Until this
			sexual differentiation has taken
			place, a marijuana plant will be
			considered immature.

WASHINGTON		
Patients (or their primary		
caregivers) may legally possess or		
cultivate no more than a 60-day		
supply of marijuana. The law does		
not establish a state-run patient		
registry.		

### Maine Law - prior to referendum

#### Title 22

#### §2383. Possession

- **2. Butyl nitrite and isobutyl nitrite.** A person who possesses a usable amount of butyl nitrite or isobutyl nitrite commits a civil violation for which a fine of not more than \$200 may be adjudged.
  - **1. Marijuana.** Except as provided in section 2383-B, subsection 5, a person may not possess marijuana.
- A. A person who possesses a usable amount of marijuana commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$350 and not more than \$600 must be adjudged for possession of up to 1 1/4 ounces of marijuana and a fine of not less than \$700 and not more than \$1,000 must be adjudged for possession of over 1 1/4 ounces to 2 1/2 ounces of marijuana, none of which may be suspended.

### §2383-A. Possession of imitation scheduled drugs

Possession of fewer than 100 tablets, capsules or other dosage units of imitation scheduled drugs, as defined in Title 17-A, section 1101, subsection 19, constitutes a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not more than \$200 may be adjudged. In determining whether the substance is an imitation scheduled drug, the court shall apply Title 17-A, section 1116, subsection 5. An imitation scheduled drug is declared to be contraband and may be seized by the State.

### §2383-B. Authorized possession by individuals; exemptions

- 1. Lawfully prescribed drugs. A person to whom or for whose use any scheduled drug, prescription drug or controlled substance has been prescribed, sold or dispensed for a legitimate medical purpose by a physician, dentist, podiatrist, pharmacist or other person acting in the usual course of professional practice and authorized by law or rule to do so and the owner or the person having the custody or control of any animal for which any scheduled drug, prescription drug or controlled substance has been prescribed, sold or dispensed for a legitimate veterinary medical purpose by a licensed veterinarian acting in the usual course of professional veterinary practice may lawfully possess the drug or substance, except when in use, only in the container in which it was delivered by the person selling or dispensing the drug or substance. For purposes of this subsection, "when in use" includes reasonable repackaging for more convenient legitimate medical use.
- **2. Others lawfully in possession.** Except as otherwise authorized or restricted, the following persons are authorized to possess, furnish and have control of scheduled or prescription drugs, controlled substances or hypodermic apparatuses:
  - A. Common carriers or warehouse operators while engaged in lawfully transporting or storing prescription drugs or hypodermic apparatuses or any of their employees acting within the scope of their employment;
  - B. Employees or agents of persons lawfully entitled to possession who have temporary, incidental possession while acting within the scope of their employment or agency;

- C. Persons whose possession is for the purpose of aiding public officers in performing their official duties while acting within the scope of their employment or duties;
- D. Law enforcement officers while acting within the scope of their employment and official duties;
- E. Physicians, dentists, podiatrists, pharmacists or other persons authorized by law or rule to administer, dispense, prescribe or sell scheduled or prescription drugs, controlled substances or hypodermic apparatuses while acting within the course of their professional practice; and
- F. With regard to the possession or furnishing of hypodermic apparatuses, persons authorized by the Bureau of Health pursuant to a hypodermic apparatus exchange program, certified under chapter 252-A while acting within the scope of their employment under such programs.
- **3. Definitions.** As used in this section, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
  - A. "Controlled substances" has the same meaning as defined in 21 United States Code, Section 812 (1970) and 21 Code of Federal Regulations, Chapter II, Part 1308.
  - A-1. "Designated care giver" means a person over 18 years of age who:
    - (1) Is a family member or other person who has consistently assumed responsibility for the housing, health or safety of a person authorized to possess marijuana for medical use pursuant to subsection 5, paragraph A or B or who is a member of the same household as a person authorized to possess marijuana for medical use pursuant to subsection 5, paragraph A or B; and
    - (2) Is named in a written individual instruction or power of attorney for health care as defined in Title 18-A, section 5-801 by, or is the parent or legal guardian of, a person authorized to possess marijuana for medical use pursuant to subsection 5.
  - A-2. "Eligible patient" means a person authorized to possess marijuana for medical use pursuant to subsection 5.
  - B. "Law enforcement officer" has the same meaning as defined in Title 17-A, section 2, subsection 17.
  - B-1. "Physician" means a person licensed as an osteopathic physician by the Board of Osteopathic Licensure pursuant to Title 32, chapter 36 or a person licensed as a physician or surgeon by the Board of Licensure in Medicine pursuant to Title 32, chapter 48.
  - C. "Prescription drugs" has the same meaning as defined in Title 32, section 13702-A, subsection 30 and includes so-called legend drugs.
  - D. "Scheduled drug" has the same meaning as defined in Title 17-A, chapter 45.
  - E. "Usable amount of marijuana for medical use" means 2 1/2 ounces or less of harvested marijuana and a total of 6 plants, of which no more than 3 may be mature, flowering plants.
- 4. Specially restricted drugs and substances.
- **5. Medical use of marijuana; exemptions.** The following provisions govern the medical use of marijuana.
- A. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a person who is at least 18 years of age may lawfully possess a usable amount of marijuana for medical use if, at the time of that possession, the person has available an authenticated copy of a medical record or other written documentation from a physician, demonstrating that:
  - (1) The person has been diagnosed by a physician as suffering from one or more of the following conditions:
    - (a) Persistent nausea, vomiting, wasting syndrome or loss of appetite as a result of:
      - (i) Acquired immune deficiency syndrome or the treatment thereof; or
      - (ii) Chemotherapy or radiation therapy used to treat cancer;
    - (b) Heightened intraocular pressure as a result of glaucoma;
    - (c) Seizures associated with a chronic, debilitating disease, such as epilepsy; or
    - (d) Persistent muscle spasms associated with a chronic, debilitating disease, such as multiple sclerosis;

- (2) A physician, in the context of a bona fide physician-patient relationship with the person:
- (a) Has discussed with the person the possible health risks and therapeutic or palliative benefits of the medical use of marijuana to relieve pain or alleviate symptoms of the person's condition, based on information known to the physician, including, but not limited to, clinical studies or anecdotal evidence reported in medical literature or observations or information concerning the use of marijuana by other patients with the same or similar conditions;
- (b) Has provided the person with the physician's professional opinion concerning the possible balance of risks and benefits of the medical use of marijuana to relieve pain or alleviate symptoms in the person's particular case; and
- (c) Has advised the person, on the basis of the physician's knowledge of the person's medical history and condition, that the person might benefit from the medical use of marijuana to relieve pain or alleviate symptoms of the person's condition;
  - (3) The person has disclosed to the physician that person's medical use of marijuana; and
  - (4) The person is under the continuing care of the physician.
  - B. A person under 18 years of age may lawfully possess a usable amount of marijuana for medical use if:
  - (1) The person meets the requirements of paragraph A, subparagraphs (1) to (4); and
  - (2) The person:
- (a) Has available a signed written authorization from that person's parent or legal guardian consenting to that person's medical use of marijuana or
  - (b) Is a minor who is entitled to give consent to all medical and other health care services pursuant to Title 22, section 1503.
- C. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a designated care giver may lawfully possess a usable amount of marijuana for medical use by an eligible patient if the designated care giver is acting within the scope of the designated care giver's duties to the eligible patient.
- D. The fact that a person produces documentation described in paragraph A does not constitute a waiver of the physician-patient privilege in any other respect.
- E. A physician who, in the context of a bona fide physician-patient relationship, advises a patient that the patient might benefit from the medical use of marijuana may not be deemed to have violated any provision of Title 32, section 2591-A, subsection 2 or section 3282-A, subsection 2.
- F. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph A, medical use of marijuana by an eligible patient is not authorized by this section if such use occurs in a public place or in a workplace where such use is not permitted.
- G. It is an affirmative defense to prosecution for possession, use or cultivation of a usable amount of marijuana under section 2383, Title 15, section 3103 or Title 17-A, chapter 45 that the defendant was an eligible patient under this subsection.
- H. It is an affirmative defense to prosecution for possession, possession with the intent to furnish, furnishing or cultivation of a usable amount of marijuana under section 2383, Title 15, section 3103 or Title 17-A, chapter 45 that the defendant was a designated care giver under this subsection if the person to whom the marijuana was to be furnished or for whom it was cultivated was an eligible patient.
- **6. Lawful possession of hypodermic apparatuses by livestock owners.** A person who owns livestock is authorized to possess and have control of hypodermic apparatuses for the purpose of administering antibiotics, vitamins and vaccines to treat medical conditions or promote the health of that person's livestock. For the purposes of this subsection, "livestock" means cattle, equines, sheep, goats, swine, members of the genus Lama, poultry, rabbits and cervids as defined in Title 7, section 1333, subsection 1.

### **ISSUE: Limitations**

MAINE	NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
<b>Limitations</b> . This chapter does not	Participation in a medical	Nothing in this article shall require	No patient shall:
permit any person to:	cannabis program by a qualified	any accommodation of any medical	(I) Engage in the medical use of
A. Undertake any task under the	patient or primary caregiver does	use of marijuana on the property or	marijuana in a way that
influence of marijuana when	not relieve the qualified patient or	premises of any place of	endangers the health or well-
doing so would constitute	primary caregiver from:	employment or during the hours of	being of any person; or
negligence or professional	(1) criminal prosecution or civil	employment or on the property or	(II) Engage in the medical use of
malpractice;	penalties for activities not	premises of any jail, correctional	marijuana in plain view of, or
B. Possess marijuana or otherwise	authorized in this rule and	facility, or other type of penal	in a place open to, the general
engage in the medical use of	act;	institution in which prisoners	public.
marijuana:	(2) liability for damages or	reside or persons under arrest are	a) No governmental, private,
(1) In a school bus;	criminal prosecution arising	detained.	or any other health
(2) On the grounds of any	out of the operation of a	(b) Notwithstanding subdivision	insurance provider shall
preschool or primary or	vehicle while under the		be required to be liable
secondary school; or	influence of marijuana; or	(a), a person shall not be prohibited	for any claim for
(3) In any correctional facility;	(3) criminal prosecution or civil	or prevented from obtaining and	reimbursement for the
C. Smoke marijuana:	penalty for possession,	submitting the written information	medical use of marijuana.
(1) On any form of public	distribution or transfers of	and documentation necessary to	(b) Nothing in this section
transportation; or	marijuana or use of	apply for an identification card on	shall require any
(2) In any public place;	marijuana:	the basis that the person is	employer to
D. Operate, navigate or be in	(a) in a school bus or public	incarcerated in a jail, correctional	accommodate the medical
actual physical control of any	vehicle;	facility, or other penal institution in	use of marijuana in any
motor vehicle, aircraft or	(b) on school grounds or	which prisoners reside or persons	work place.
motorboat while under the	property;	under arrest are detained.	
influence of marijuana; or	(c) in the workplace of the		
E. Use marijuana if that person	qualified patient's or	(c) Nothing in this article shall	
does not have a debilitating	primary caregiver's	prohibit a jail, correctional facility,	
medical condition.	employment;	or other penal institution in which	
	(d) at a public park,	prisoners reside or persons under	
<b>Construction</b> . This chapter may	recreation center, youth	arrest are detained, from permitting	
not be construed to require:	center or other public	a prisoner or a person under arrest	
A. A government medical	place;	who has an identification card, to	
assistance program or	(e) to a person not approved	use marijuana for medical purposes	
private health insurer to	by the department	under circumstances that will not	

- reimburse a person for costs associated with the medical use of marijuana; or
- B. An employer to accommodate the ingestion of marijuana in any workplace or any employee working while under the influence of marijuana.

No sanction for medical use of marijuana. If a qualifying patient or a qualifying patient's primary caregiver demonstrates the qualifying patient's medical purpose for using marijuana pursuant to this section, the qualifying patient and the qualifying patient's primary caregiver may not be subject, for the qualifying patient's medical use of marijuana, to any state sanction, including:

- A. Disciplinary action by a business or occupational or professional licensing board or bureau; and
- B. Forfeiture of any interest in or right to property.

- pursuant to this rule;
- (f) outside New Mexico or attempts to obtain or transport marijuana from outside New Mexico; or
- (g) that exceeds the allotted amount of useable medical use marijuana. Participation in a medical use of marijuana licensing program by a licensed producer, or the employees of a licensed producer, does not relieve the producer or employee from criminal prosecution or civil penalties for activities not authorized in this rule and the act.

**Distribution** of medical marijuana to qualified patients or their primary caregivers shall take place at locations that are designated by the department and that are not within three hundred feet of any school, church or daycare center.

### **Fraudulent misrepresentation**:

Any person who makes a fraudulent representation to a law enforcement officer about the person's participation in a medical cannabis program to avoid arrest or

- endanger the health or safety of other prisoners or the security of the facility.
- (d) Nothing in this article shall require a governmental, private, or any other health insurance provider or health care service plan to be liable for any claim for reimbursement for the medical use of marijuana.

Nothing in this article shall authorize a qualified patient or person with an identification card to engage in the smoking of medical marijuana under any of the following circumstances:

- (a) In any place where smoking is prohibited by law.
- (b) In or within 1,000 feet of the grounds of a school, recreation center, or youth center, unless the medical use occurs within a residence.
- (c) On a school bus.
- (d) While in a motor vehicle that is being operated.
- (e) While operating a boat.

  (a) (1) Any criminal defendant who is eligible to use marijuana pursuant to Section 11362.5 may request that the court confirm that he or she is allowed to use

prosecution for a marijuana-related	medical marijuana while he	
offense is guilty of a petty	or she is on probation or	
misdemeanor and shall be	released on bail.	
sentenced in accordance with the		
provisions of Section 31-19-1 et		
seq. NMSA 1978.		
•		
Unlawful distribution: If a		
licensed producer or employee of a		
licensed producer sells, distributes,		
dispenses or transfers marijuana to		
a person not approved by the		
department pursuant to this rule		
and the act, or obtains or transports		
marijuana outside New Mexico in		
violation of federal law, the		
licensed producer or employee of		
the licensed producer shall be		
subject to arrest, prosecution and		
civil or criminal penalties pursuant		
to state law.		
Revocation of registry		
identification card, licensed		
primary caregiver card, license		
to produce or distribute:		
Violation of any provision of this		
rule may result in the immediate		
revocation of any privilege granted		
under this rule and the act.		

RHODE ISLAND	ALASKA	HAWAII	MICHIGAN
(a) This chapter shall not permit:	A No governmental, private, or any	(c) The authorization for the	Sec. 7.
(1) Any person to undertake any	other health insurance provider	medical use of marijuana in this	(a) The medical use of marihuana

task under the influence of marijuana, when doing so would constitute negligence or professional malpractice; (2) The smoking of marijuana: (i) In a school bus or other form of public transportation; (ii) On any school grounds; (iii) In any correctional facility; (iv) In any public place; or (v) In any licensed drug treatment facility in this state.(3) Any person to operate, navigate, or be in actual physical control of any motor vehicle, aircraft, or motorboat while under the influence of marijuana. However, a registered qualifying patient shall not be considered to be under the influence solely for having marijuana metabolites in his or her system. (b) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to require: (1) A government medical assistance program or private health insurer to reimburse a person for costs associated with the medical use of marijuana; or (2) An employer to accommodate the medical use of marijuana in any workplace.(c) Fraudulent representation to a law enforcement official of any fact or circumstance relating to the medical use of marijuana to avoid arrest or prosecution shall be punishable by a fine of five hundred dollars (\$500) which shall

shall be required to be liable for any claim for reimbursement for expenses associated with the] medical use of marijuana.

- (d) Nothing in this chapter requires any accommodation of any medical use of marijuana
- (1) in any place of employment;
- (2) in any correctional facility, medical facility, or facility monitored by the department or the Department of Administration;
- (3) on or within 500 feet of school grounds;
- (4) at or within 500 feet of a recreation or youth center; or (5) on a school bus.

section shall not apply to:

- (1) The medical use of marijuana that endangers the health or wellbeing of another person;
- (2) The medical use of marijuana:
- (A) In a school bus, public bus, or any moving vehicle;
- (B) In the workplace of one's employment;
- (C) On any school grounds;
- (D) At any public park, public beach, public recreation center, recreation or youth center; or
- (E) Other place open to the public; and
- (3) The use of marijuana by a qualifying patient, parent, or primary caregiver for purposes other than medical use permitted by this chapter.

- is allowed under state law to the extent that it is carried out in accordance with the provisions of this act.
- (b) This act shall not permit any person to do any of the following:
- (1) Undertake any task under the influence of marihuana, when doing so would constitute negligence or professional malpractice.
- (2) Possess marihuana, or otherwise engage in the medical use of marihuana:
  - (A) in a school bus;
  - (B) on the grounds of any preschool or primary or secondary school; or
  - (C) in any correctional facility.
- (3) Smoke marihuana:
  - (A) on any form of public transportation; or
  - (B) in any public place.
- (4) Operate, navigate, or be in actual physical control of any motor vehicle, aircraft, or motorboat while under the influence of marihuana.
- (5) Use marihuana if that person does not have a serious or debilitating medical condition.
  - (c) Nothing in this act shall be construed to require:
- (1) A government medical assistance program or

be in addition to any other penalties that may apply for making a false statement for the nonmedical use of marijuana.		commercial or non-profit health insurer to reimburse a person for costs associated with the medical use of marihuana.
		(2) An employer to accommodate the ingestion of marihuana in any workplace or any employee working while under the influence of marihuana.

MONTANA	NEVADA	OREGON	VERMONT
Limitations of medical marijuana	A person who holds a registry	No person authorized to possess,	This subchapter shall not exempt
act. (1) [Sections 1 through 9] do	identification card issued to him	deliver or produce marijuana for	any person from arrest or
not permit:	pursuant to NRS 453A.220 or	medical use pursuant	prosecution
(a) any person to operate, navigate,	453A.250 is not exempt from state	to ORS 475.300 to 475.346 shall	for:
or be in actual physical control of	prosecution for, nor may he	be excepted from the criminal laws	(1) Being under the influence of
any motor vehicle, aircraft, or	establish an affirmative defense to	of this state or shall be	marijuana while:
motorboat while under the	charges arising from, any of the	deemed to have established an	(A) operating a motor vehicle,
influence of	following acts:	affirmative defense to criminal	boat, or vessel, or any other vehicle
marijuana; or	(a) Driving, operating or being	charges of which possession,	propelled or drawn by power other
(b) the smoking of marijuana:	in actual physical control of a	delivery	than muscular power;
(i) in a school bus or other form of	vehicle or a vessel under power or	or production of marijuana is an	(B) in a workplace or place of
public transportation;	sail while under the influence of	element if the person, in	employment; or
(ii) on any school grounds;	marijuana.	connection with the facts giving	(C) operating heavy machinery or
(iii) in any correctional facility; or	(b) Engaging in any other	rise to	handling a dangerous
(iv) at any public park, public	conduct prohibited by <u>NRS</u>	such charges:	instrumentality.
beach, public recreation center, or	<u>484.379</u> , <u>484.3795</u> , <u>484.37955</u> ,	(a) Drives under the influence of	(2) The use or possession of
youth center.	484.379778, subsection 2 of <u>NRS</u>	marijuana as provided in ORS	marijuana by a registered patient or
(2) Nothing in [sections 1 through	488.400, NRS 488.410, 488.420,	813.010;	a registered caregiver:
9] may be construed to require:	488.425 or 493.130.	(b) Engages in the medical use of	(A) for purposes other than
(a) a government medical	(c) Possessing a firearm in	marijuana in a public place as that	symptom relief as permitted by this
assistance program or private	violation of paragraph (b) of	term is defined in ORS	subchapter; or
health insurer to reimburse a	subsection 1 of <u>NRS 202.257</u> .	161.015, or in public view or in a	(B) in a manner that endangers the
person for costs associated with the	(d) Possessing marijuana in	correctional facility as defined in	health or well-being of another

medical use of marijuana; or (b) an employer to accommodate the medical use of marijuana in any workplace.

- violation of NRS 453.336 or possessing drug paraphernalia in violation of NRS 453.560 or 453.566, if the possession of the marijuana or drug paraphernalia is discovered because the person engaged or assisted in the medical use of marijuana in:
- (1) Any public place or in any place open to the public or exposed to public view; or
- (2) Any local detention facility, county jail, state prison, reformatory or other correctional facility, including, without limitation, any facility for the detention of juvenile offenders.
- (e) Delivering marijuana to another person who he knows does not lawfully hold a registry identification card issued by the Department or its designee pursuant to NRS 453A.220 or 453A.250.
- (f) Delivering marijuana for consideration to any person, regardless of whether the recipient lawfully holds a registry identification card issued by the Department or its designee pursuant to NRS 453A.220 or 453A.250.
- 2. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 453A.225 and in addition to any other penalty provided by law, if the Department

- ORS 162.135 (2) or youth correction facility as defined in ORS 162.135 (6);
- (c) Delivers marijuana to any individual who the person knows is not in possession of a registry identification card;
- (d) Delivers marijuana for consideration to any individual, even if the individual is in possession
- of a registry identification card; (e) Manufactures or produces marijuana at a place other than: (A)(i) One address for property under the control of the patient; and
- (ii) One address for property under the control of the primary caregiver of the patient that have been provided to the Department of Human Services; or
- (B) A marijuana grow site authorized under section 8 of this 2005 Act; or
- (f) Manufactures or produces marijuana at more than one address.
- (2) In addition to any other penalty allowed by law, a person who the department finds has willfully violated the provisions of ORS 475.300 to 475.346, or rules adopted under ORS 475.300 to Enrolled Senate Bill 1085 (SB

person.

- (3) The smoking of marijuana in any public place, including:
- (A) a school bus, public bus, or other public vehicle;
- (B) a workplace or place of employment;
- (C) any school grounds;
- (D) any correctional facility; or
- (E) any public park, public beach, public recreation center, or youth center.
- (b) This chapter shall not be construed to require that coverage or reimbursement for the use of marijuana for symptom relief be provided by:
- (1) a health insurer as defined by subdivision 9402(7) of this title, or any insurance company regulated under Title 8;
- (2) an employer; or
- (3) for purposes of worker's compensation, an employer as defined in subdivision 601(3) of Title 21.

determines that a person has 1085-BCCA) Page 8 willfully violated a provision of this chapter or any regulation adopted by the Department or Division to carry out the provisions of this chapter, the Department may, at its own discretion, prohibit the person from obtaining or using a registry identification card for a period of up to 6 months. Nothing in the Act authorize the use or possession of the plant for a purpose other than medical or use for a medical purpose in public. Require reimbursement by an insurer for medical use of the plant or accommodation of medical use in a place of employment.

475.346, may be precluded from obtaining or using a registry identification card for the medical of marijuana for a period of up to six months, at the discretion of the department.

WASHINGTON		
(1) It shall be a misdemeanor to use		
or display medical marijuana in a		
manner or place which is open to		
the view of the general public.		
(2) Nothing in this chapter requires		
any health insurance provider to be		
liable for any claim for		
reimbursement for the medical use		
of marijuana.		
(3) Nothing in this chapter requires		
any physician to authorize the use		
of medical marijuana for a patient.		
(4) Nothing in this chapter requires		

any accommodation of any on-site		
medical use of marijuana in any		
place of employment, in any school		
bus or on any school grounds, in		
any youth center, in any		
correctional facility, or smoking		
medical marijuana in any public		
place as that term is defined in		
RCW <u>70.160.020</u> .		
(5) It is a class C felony to		
fraudulently produce any record		
purporting to be, or tamper with the		
content of any record for the		
purpose of having it accepted as,		
valid documentation under *RCW		
<u>69.51A.010</u> (6)(a).		
(6) No person shall be entitled to		
claim the affirmative defense		
provided in RCW 69.51A.040 for		
engaging in the medical use of		
marijuana in a way that endangers		
the health or well-being of any		
person through the use of a		
motorized vehicle on a street, road,		
or highway.		

### **ISSUE: Minors**

MAINE	NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
The department may not issue a registry identification card to a qualifying patient who is under 18 years of age unless:  A. The qualifying patient's physician has explained the potential risks and benefits of the medical use of marijuana to the qualifying patient and to a parent, guardian or person having legal custody of the qualifying patient; and  B. The parent, guardian or person having legal custody consents in writing to:  (1) Allow the qualifying patient's medical use of marijuana;  (2) Serve as one of the qualifying patient's primary caregivers; and  (3) Control the acquisition of the marijuana, the dosage and the frequency of the medical use of marijuana by the qualifying patient.	The department shall issue a registry identification card to an applicant under the age of eighteen (18) for the purpose of participating in the medical cannabis program upon the medical provider certification for patient eligibility from the applicant's practitioner and supporting application documents required under this rule. The qualified minor parental consent form shall require the following information to be provided:  (1) written documentation that the applicant's practitioner has explained the potential risks and benefits of the use of marijuana to both the applicant and parent or representative of the applicant; and  (2) the applicant's parent or representative consents to;  (a) allow the applicant's use of marijuana;  (b) serve as the applicant's primary caregiver; and  (c) control the acquisition of the marijuana, dosage and the frequency of the use of marijuana by the applicant.	Not addressed.	Notwithstanding paragraphs (2) (a) and (3) (d) of this section, no patient under eighteen years of age shall engage in the medical use of marijuana unless:  (a) Two physicians have diagnosed the patient as having a debilitating medical condition; (b) One of the physicians referred to in paragraph (6) (a) has explained the possible risks and benefits of medical use of marijuana to the patient and each of the patient's parents residing in Colorado; c) The physicians referred to in paragraph (6) (b) has provided the patient with the written documentation, specified in subparagraph (3) (b) (I); (d) Each of the patient's parents residing in Colorado consent in writing to the state health agency to permit the patient to engage in the medical use of marijuana; (e) A parent residing in Colorado
			consents in writing to serve as a patient's primary care-

MAINE	NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
			giver;
			(f) A parent serving as a primary
			care-giver completes and
			submits an application for a
			registry identification card as
			provided in subparagraph (3)
			(b) of this section and the
			written consents referred to in
			paragraph (6) (d) to the state
			health agency;
			(g) The state health agency
			approves the patient's
			application and transmits the
			patient's registry identification card to the
			parent designated as a
			primary care-giver; (h) The patient and primary care-
			giver collectively possess
			amounts of marijuana no
			greater than those specified in
			subparagraph (4) (a) (I) and
			(II); and
			(i) The primary care-giver
			controls the acquisition of
			such marijuana and the
			dosage and frequency of its
			use by the patient

RHODE ISLAND	ALASKA	HAWAII	MICHIGAN
The department shall not issue a	If the patient is a minor, a	Subsection (a) shall not apply to a	The department shall not issue a
registry identification card to a	statement by the minor's parent or	qualifying patient under the age of	registry identification card to a
qualifying patient under the age of	guardian that the patient's	eighteen years, unless:	qualifying patient who is under the
eighteen (18) unless:	physician has		age of 18 unless:
(1) The qualifying patient's	explained the possible risks and	(1) The qualifying patient's	(1) The qualifying patient's

RHODE ISLAND	ALASKA	HAWAII	MICHIGAN
practitioner has explained the	benefits of medical use of	physician has explained the	physician has explained the
potential risks and benefits of	marijuana and that the parent or	potential risks and benefits	potential risks and benefits of
the medical use of marijuana to	guardian consents to serve as the	of the medical use of	the medical use of marihuana
the qualifying patient and to a	primary caregiver for the patient	marijuana to the qualifying	to the qualifying patient and
parent, guardian or person	and to control the acquisition,	patient and to a parent,	to his or her parent or legal
having legal custody of the	possession, dosage, and frequency	guardian, or person having	guardian;
qualifying patient; and	of use of marijuana by the patient.	legal custody of the	(2) The qualifying patient's
(2) A parent, guardian or person		qualifying patient; and	parent or legal guardian
having legal custody consents		(2) A parent, guardian, or person	submits a written certification
in writing to:		having legal custody	from 2 physicians; and
(i) Allow the qualifying		consents in writing to:	(3) The qualifying patient's
patient's medical use of		A) Allow the qualifying	parent or legal guardian
marijuana;		patient's the medical use	consents in writing to:
(ii) Serve as one of the		of marijuana;	(A) Allow the qualifying
qualifying patient's primary		(B) Serve as the qualifying	patient's medical use of
caregivers; and		patient's primary	marihuana;
(iii)Control the acquisition of		caregiver; and	(B) Serve as the qualifying
the marijuana, the dosage,		(C) Control the acquisition of	patient's primary
and the frequency of the		the marijuana, the	caregiver; and
medical use of marijuana		dosage, and the	(C) Control the acquisition of
by the qualifying patient.		frequency of the medical	the marihuana, the
(3) The department shall verify the		use of marijuana by the	dosage, and the frequency
information contained in an		qualifying patient.	of the medical use of
application or renewal			marihuana by the
			qualifying patient.

MONTANA	NEVADA	OREGON	VERMONT
The department shall issue a	Restriction of medical use of the	(a) The attending physician of the	If the patient is under the age of 18
registry identification card to a	plant by a minor to require	person under 18 years of age	the application must be signed by
minor if the materials required	diagnosis and written authorization	has explained to that person	both the patient and a parent or
under subsection (2) are submitted	by a physician, parental consent,	and to the custodial parent or	guardian
and the custodial parent	and parental control of the	legal guardian with	
or legal guardian with	acquisition and use of the plant.	responsibility for health care	

responsibility for health care decisions for the minor signs and submits a written statement that:  (a) the minor's physician has explained to that minor and to the custodial parent or legal guardian with responsibility for health care decisions for the minor the potential risks and benefits of the medical use of marijuana; and (b) the custodial parent or legal guardian with responsibility for health care decisions for the minor the potential risks and benefits of the medical use of marijuana; and (b) the custodial parent or legal guardian with responsibility for health care decisions for the minor: (i) consents to the medical use of marijuana by the minor; (ii) agrees to serve as the minor's caregiver; and  decisions for the person under 18 years of age the possible risks and benefits of the medical use of marijuana; (b) The custodial parent or legal guardian with responsibility for health care decisions for the person under 18 years of age agrees to serve as the designated primary caregiver for the person under 18 years of age; and	MONTANA	NEVADA	OREGON	VERMONT
(iii) agrees to control the acquisition of marijuana and the dosage and frequency of the medical use of marijuana by the minor.  (d) The custodial parent or legal guardian with responsibility for health care decisions for the person under 18 years of age agrees to control the acquisition of marijuana and	responsibility for health care decisions for the minor signs and submits a written statement that:  (a) the minor's physician has explained to that minor and to the custodial parent or legal guardian with responsibility for health care decisions for the minor the potential risks and benefits of the medical use of marijuana; and  (b) the custodial parent or legal guardian with responsibility for health care decisions for the minor:  (i) consents to the medical use of marijuana by the minor;  (ii) agrees to serve as the minor's caregiver; and  (iii) agrees to control the acquisition of marijuana and the dosage and frequency of the medical use of marijuana by the	NEVADA	decisions for the person under 18 years of age the possible risks and benefits of the medical use of marijuana;  (b) The custodial parent or legal guardian with responsibility for health care decisions for the person under 18 years of age consents to the use of marijuana by the person under 18 years of age for medical purposes;  (c) The custodial parent or legal guardian with responsibility for health care decisions for the person under 18 years of age agrees to serve as the designated primary caregiver for the person under 18 years of age; and  (d) The custodial parent or legal guardian with responsibility for health care decisions for the person under 18 years of age; and	VERMONT

WASHINGTON		
Not addressed.		

# **ISSUE: Physicians**

MAINE	NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
Written certification" means a	"Practitioner" means a person	Attending physician means an	(c) It shall be an exception from
document signed by a physician	licensed in New Mexico to	individual who possesses a license	the state's criminal laws for any
and stating that in the physician's	prescribe and administer drugs that	in good standing to practice	physician to:
professional opinion a patient is	are subject to the Controlled	medicine or osteopathy issued by	(I) Advise a patient whom the
likely to receive therapeutic or	Substances Act, Section 30-31-1 et	the Medical Board of California or	physician has diagnosed as
palliative benefit from the medical	seq. NMSA 1978. A practitioner	the Osteopathic Medical Board of	having a debilitating
use of marijuana to treat or	shall not be subject to arrest or	California and who has taken	medical condition, about
alleviate the patient's debilitating	prosecution, penalized in any	responsibility for an aspect of the	the risks and benefits of
medical condition or symptoms	manner or denied any right or	medical care, treatment, diagnosis,	medical use of marijuana or
associated with the debilitating	privilege by the state of New	counseling, or referral of a patient	that he or she might benefit
medical condition. A written	Mexico, or political subdivision	and who has conducted a medical	from the medical use of
certification may be made only in	thereof, for recommending the use	examination of that patient before	marijuana, provided that
the course of a bona fide physician-	of marijuana or providing written	recording in the patient's medical	such advice is based upon
patient relationship after the	certification for the use of	record the physician's assessment	the physician's
physician has completed a full	marijuana pursuant to this rule and	of whether the patient has a serious	contemporaneous
assessment of the qualifying	act.	medical condition and whether the	assessment of the patient's
patient's medical history. The		medical use of marijuana is	medical history and current
written certification must specify		appropriate. The physician caring	medical condition and a
the qualifying patient's debilitating		for the qualified patient must fulfill	bona fide physician-patient
medical condition. Physician not		the following criteria and	relationship; or
subject to penalty. A physician		responsibilities: Possess a license	(II) Provide a patient with
may not be subject to arrest,		to practice medicine or osteopathy	written documentation,
prosecution or penalty in any		in California issued by the Medical	based upon the physician's
manner or denied any right or		Board of California or the	contemporaneous
privilege, including but not limited		Osteopathic Medical Board of	assessment of the patient's
to a civil penalty or disciplinary		California. This license must be in	medical history and current
action by the Board of Licensure in		good standing. Take responsibility	medical condition and a
Medicine or the Board of		for an aspect of the medical care,	bona fide physician-patient
Osteopathic Licensure or by any		treatment, diagnosis, counseling, or	relationship, stating that the
other business or occupational or		referral of the applicant (patient).	patient has a debilitating
professional licensing board or		Perform a medical examination of	medical condition and
bureau, solely for providing written		the applicant (patient). As a result	might benefit from the
certifications or for otherwise		of the medical examination,	medical use of marijuana.

stating that, in the physician's
professional opinion, a patient is
likely to receive therapeutic benefit
from the medical use of marijuana
to treat or alleviate the patient's
debilitating medical condition or
symptoms associated with the
debilitating medical condition
except that nothing prevents a
professional licensing board from
sanctioning a physician for failing
to properly evaluate a patient's
medical condition or otherwise
violating the standard of care for
evaluating medical conditions.

document in the patient's medical record that the patient has a serious medical condition and that the medical use of marijuana is appropriate. Have the patient sign an authorized medical release of information. The county program cannot process the patient's application without the appropriate authorization for release of medical information. Provide to the patient copies of the medical records stating that he or she has been diagnosed with a serious medical condition and that the medical use of marijuana is appropriate.

No physician shall be denied any rights or privileges for the acts authorized by this subsection.

RHODE ISLAND	ALASKA	HAWAII	MICHIGAN
"Practitioner" means a person who	A physician is not subject to any	"Physician" means a person who is	A physician shall not be subject to
is licensed with authority to	penalty, including arrest,	licensed under chapters 453 and	arrest, prosecution, or penalty in
prescribe drugs 33 pursuant to	prosecution, or disciplinary	460, and is licensed with authority	any manner, or denied any right or
chapter 37 of title 5. A practitioner	proceeding, or denial of any right	to prescribe drugs and is registered	privilege, including but not limited
shall not be subject to arrest,	or privilege, for	under section 329-32. "Physician"	to civil penalty or disciplinary
prosecution, or penalty in any		does not include physician's	action by the Michigan board of
manner, or denied any right or	(1) advising a patient whom the	assistant as described in section	medicine, the Michigan board of
privilege, including, but not limited	physician has diagnosed as	453-5.3.	osteopathic medicine and surgery,
to, civil penalty or disciplinary	having a debilitating medical		or any other business or
action by the Rhode Island Board	condition about the risks and		occupational or professional
of Medical Licensure and	benefits of medical use of	Protections afforded to a treating	licensing board or bureau, solely
Discipline or by any another	marijuana or that the patient	physician. No physician shall be	for providing written certifications,
business or occupational or	might benefit from the medical	subject to arrest or prosecution,	in the course of a bona fide
professional licensing board or	use of marijuana, provided that	penalized in any manner, or denied	physician-patient relationship and
bureau solely for providing written	the advice is based upon the	any right or privilege for providing	after the physician has completed a
certifications or for otherwise	physician's contemporaneous	written certification for the medical	full assessment of the qualifying
stating that, in the practitioner's	assessment in the context of a	use of marijuana for a qualifying	patient's medical history, or for
professional opinion, the potential	bona fide physician-patient	patient; provided that:	otherwise stating that, in the

benefits of the medical marijuana would likely outweigh the health risks for a patient.

A practitioner nurse or pharmacist shall not be subject to arrest, prosecution or penalty in any manner, or denied any right or privilege, including, but not limited to, civil penalty or disciplinary action by a business or occupational or professional licensing board or bureau solely for discussing the benefits or health risks of medical marijuana or its interaction with other substances with a patient.

relationship of

- (A) the patient's medical history and current medical condition; and
- (B) other approved medications and treatments that might provide relief and that are reasonably available to the patient and that can be tolerated by the patient; or
- (2) providing a patient with a written statement in an application for registration under AS 17.37.010.

- (1) The physician has diagnosed the patient as having a debilitating medical condition, as defined in section 329-A;
- (2) The physician has explained the potential risks and benefits of the medical use of marijuana, as required under section 329-B;
- (3) The written certification is based upon the physician's professional opinion after having completed a full assessment of the patient's medical history and current medical condition made in the course of a bona fide physician-patient relationship; and
- (4) The physician has complied with the registration requirements of section 329-C.

physician's professional opinion, a patient is likely to receive therapeutic or palliative benefit from the medical use of marihuana to treat or alleviate the patient's serious or debilitating medical condition or symptoms associated with the serious or debilitating medical condition, provided that nothing shall prevent a professional licensing board from sanctioning a physician for failing to properly evaluate a patient's medical condition or otherwise violating the standard of care for evaluating medical conditions.

MONTANA	NEVADA	OREGON	VERMONT
A physician may not be arrested,	The Board of Medical Examiners	"Attending physician" means a	"Bona fide physician-patient
prosecuted, or penalized in any	or the State Board of Osteopathic	physician licensed under ORS	relationship" means a treating or
manner, or be denied any right or	Medicine, as applicable, shall not	chapter 677 who has primary	consulting relationship of not less
privilege, including but not limited	take any disciplinary action against	responsibility for the care and	than six months duration, in the
to civil penalty or disciplinary	an attending physician on the basis	treatment of a person diagnosed	course of which a physician has
action by the board of medical	that the attending physician:	with a debilitating medical	completed a full assessment of the
examiners or the department of		condition.	registered patient's medical history

labor and industry, for providing written certification for the medical use of marijuana to qualifying patients.

- 1. Advised a person whom the attending physician has diagnosed as having a chronic or debilitating medical condition, or a person whom the attending physician knows has been so diagnosed by another physician licensed to practice medicine pursuant to the provisions of chapter 630 of NRS or licensed to practice osteopathic medicine pursuant to the provisions of chapter 633 of NRS:
  - (a) About the possible risks and benefits of the medical use of marijuana; or
  - (b) That the medical use of marijuana may mitigate the symptoms or effects of the person's chronic or debilitating medical condition, if the advice is based on the attending physician's personal assessment of the person's medical history and current medical condition.
- 2. Provided the written documentation required pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 2 of NRS 453A.210 for the issuance of a registry identification card or pursuant to subparagraph (1) of paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of

No attending physician may be subjected to civil penalty or discipline by the Board of Medical Examiners for:

- (1) Advising a person whom the attending physician has diagnosed as having a debilitating medical condition, or a person who the attending physician knows has been so diagnosed by another physician licensed under ORS chapter 677, about the risks and benefits of medical use of marijuana or that the medical use of marijuana may mitigate the symptoms or effects of the person's debilitating medical condition, provided the advice is based on the attending physician's personal assessment of the person's medical history and current medical condition: or
- (2) Providing the written documentation necessary for issuance of a registry identification card under ORS 475.309, if the documentation is based on the attending physician's personal assessment of the applicant's medical history and current medical condition and the attending physician has

and current medical condition, including a personal physical examination.

WASHINGTON		
A physician licensed under chapter		
18.71 or 18.57 RCW shall be		
excepted from the state's criminal		
laws and shall not be penalized in		
any manner, or denied any right or		
privilege, for:		
(1) Advising a qualifying patient		
about the risks and benefits of		
medical use of marijuana or		
that the qualifying patient may		
benefit from the medical use of		
marijuana where such use is		
within a professional standard		
of care or in the individual		
physician's medical judgment;		
or		
(2) Providing a qualifying patient		

with valid documentation,		
based upon the physician's		
assessment of the qualifying		
patient's medical history and		
current medical condition, that		
the medical use of marijuana		
may benefit a particular		
qualifying patient.		

### **ISSUE: Primary Care Giver**

MAINE	NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
"Primary caregiver" means a person who	Primary caregiver means a resident of	"Primary caregiver" means the individual,	Primary care-giver means a person, other
is at least 21 years of age who has agreed	New Mexico who is at least eighteen (18)	designated by a qualified patient or by a	than the patient and the patient's
to assist with a qualifying patient's	years of age and who has been designated	person with an identification card, who	physician, who is eighteen years of age or
medical use of marijuana and who has	by a qualified patient or the patient's	has consistently assumed responsibility for	older and has significant responsibility for
never been convicted of a felony drug	practitioner as being necessary to take	the housing, health, or safety of that	managing the well-being of a patient who
offense. Unless the primary caregiver is a	responsibility for managing the well-being	patient or person, and may include any of	has a debilitating medical condition.
nonprofit dispensary, the primary	of the patient with respect to the medical	the following: (1) In any case in which a	
caregiver may assist no more than 5	use of cannabis pursuant to the provisions	qualified patient or person with an	
qualifying patients with their medical use	of the Lynn and Erin Compassionate Use	identification card receives medical care	
of marijuana. A primary caregiver, other	Act. The department shall issue a registry	or supportive services, or both, from a	
than a nonprofit dispensary, who has been	identification card to a primary caregiver	clinic licensed pursuant to Chapter 1	
issued and possesses a registry	applicant for the purpose of managing the	(commencing with Section 1200) of	ļ
identification card may not be subject to	well-being of up to four (4) qualified	Division 2, a health care facility licensed	
arrest, prosecution or penalty in any	patients pursuant to the requirements of	pursuant to Chapter 2 (commencing with	
manner or denied any right or privilege,	this rule upon the completion and approval	Section 1250) of Division 2, a residential	
including but not limited to a civil penalty	of the primary caregiver application form	care facility for persons with chronic life-	
or disciplinary action by a business or	available from the medical cannabis	threatening illness licensed pursuant to	
occupational or professional licensing	program. In order for a registry	Chapter 3.01 (commencing with Section	
board or bureau, for assisting a qualifying	identification card to be obtained and	1568.01) of Division 2, a residential care	
patient to whom the primary caregiver is	processed, the following information shall	facility for the elderly licensed pursuant to	
connected through the department's	be submitted to the medical cannabis	Chapter 3.2 (commencing with Section	
registration process with the medical use	program: (1) birth certificate verifying that	1569) of Division 2, a hospice, or a home	
of marijuana in accordance with this	the applicant is at least eighteen (18) years	health agency licensed pursuant to Chapter	
chapter as long as the primary caregiver	of age; (2) written approval by the	8 (commencing with Section 1725) of	
possesses an amount of marijuana that: A.	qualified patient(s) and the qualified	Division 2, the owner or operator, or no	
Is not more than 2 1/2 ounces of usable	patient(s)' practitioner(s) authorizing	more than three employees who are	
marijuana for each qualifying patient to	responsibility for managing the well-being	designated by the owner or operator, of	
whom the primary caregiver is connected	of a qualified patient(s) with respect to the	the clinic, facility, hospice, or home health	
through the department's registration	use of marijuana; (3) the name(s),	agency, if designated as a primary	
process; and B. For each qualifying patient	address(es), telephone number(s) and date	caregiver by that qualified patient or	
who has specified that the primary	of birth of the qualified patient(s); (4) the	person with an identification card. (2) An	
caregiver is allowed under state law to	name, address and telephone number of	individual who has been designated as a	
cultivate marijuana for the qualifying	the qualified patient's practitioner; (5) the	primary caregiver by more than one	
patient, does not exceed 6 marijuana	name, address, telephone number of the	qualified patient or person with an	
plants, which must be kept in an enclosed,	applicant; and (6) the applicant's signature	identification card, if every qualified	]
locked facility unless they are being	and date.	patient or person with an identification	
transported because the primary caregiver		card who has designated that individual as	
is moving.		a primary caregiver resides in the same	
		city or county as the primary caregiver. (3)	
		An individual who has been designated as	

MAINE	NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
		a primary caregiver (3) An individual who	
		has been designated as a primary caregiver	
		by a qualified patient or person with an	
		identification card who resides in a city or	
		county other than that of the primary	
		caregiver, if the individual has not been	
		designated as a primary caregiver by any	
		other qualified patient or person with an	
		identification card.(e) A primary caregiver	
		shall be at least 18 years of age, unless the	
		primary caregiver is the parent of a minor	
		child who is a qualified patient or a person	
		with an identification card or the primary	
		caregiver is a person otherwise entitled to	
		make medical decisions under state law	
		pursuant to Sections 6922, 7002, 7050, or	
		7120 of the Family Code	

RHODE ISLAND	ALASKA	HAWAII	MICHIGAN
"Primary caregiver" means a person who is at least twenty-one (21) years old and who has agreed to assist with a person's medical use of marijuana and who doesn't have a felony drug conviction. A primary caregiver may assist no more than five (5)	A person may be listed under this section as the primary caregiver or alternate caregiver for a patient if the person submits a sworn statement on a form provided by the department that the person	"Primary caregiver" means a person, other than the qualifying patient and the qualifying patient's physician, who is eighteen-years-of-age or older who has agreed to undertake responsibility for managing the well-being of the qualifying patient with respect to the medical use of	"Primary caregiver" means a person who is at least 21 years old and who has agreed to assist with a patient's medical use of marihuana and who has never been convicted of a felony involving illegal drugs.
qualifying patients with their medical use of marijuana. No primary caregiver shall possess an amount of marijuana in excess of twenty-four (24) marijuana plants and five (5) ounces of usable marijuana for qualifying patients to whom he or she is connected through the department's registration process.	(1) is at least 21 years of age; (2) has never been convicted of a felony offense under AS 11.71 or AS 11.73 or a law or ordinance of another jurisdiction with elements similar to an offense under AS 11.71 or AS 11.73; and (3) is not currently on probation or parole from this or another jurisdiction.	patient with respect to the medical use of marijuana. In the case of a minor or an adult lacking legal capacity, the primary caregiver shall be a parent, guardian, or person having legal custody.	
	(e) A person may be a primary caregiver or alternate caregiver for only one patient at a time unless the primary caregiver or alternate caregiver is simultaneously caring for two or more patients who are related to the caregiver by at least the fourth degree of kinship by blood or		

marriage. A primary caregiver may only act as the primary caregiver for the patient when the primary caregiver is in physical possession of the caregiver registry identification card. An alternate caregiver may only act as the primary caregiver for the patient when the alternate caregiver is in physical possession of the caregiver registry identification card.

#### **OREGON** VERMONT

"Caregiver" means an individual, 18 years of age or older who has agreed to undertake responsibility for managing the well-being of a person with respect to the medical use of marijuana. A qualifying patient may have only one caregiver at any one time.

**MONTANA** 

(b) The term does not include the qualifying patient's physician. The department shall issue a registry identification card to the caregiver who is named in a qualifying patient's approved application if the caregiver signs a statement agreeing to provide marijuana only to qualifying patients who have named the applicant as caregiver. The department may not issue a registry identification card to a proposed caregiver who has previously been convicted of a felony drug offense. A caregiver may receive reasonable compensation for services provided to assist with a qualifying patient's medical use of marijuana.

A designated primary caregiver may not be the designated primary caregiver to more than one person.

**NEVADA** 

Designated primary caregiver" means a person who:

- (a) Is 18 years of age or older;
- (b) Has significant responsibility for managing the well-being of a person diagnosed with a chronic or debilitating medical condition; and
- (c) Is designated as such in the manner required pursuant to NRS 453A.250.
- 2. The term does not include the attending physician of a person diagnosed with a chronic or debilitating medical condition.

"Designated primary caregiver" means an individual 18 years of age or older who has significant

responsibility for managing the well-being of a person who has been diagnosed with a debilitating

medical condition and who is designated as such on that person's application for a registry identification card or in other written notification to the department. "Designated primary

caregiver" does not include the person's attending physician.

Registered caregiver" means a person who is at least 21 years old who has never been convicted of a drug-related crime and who has agreed to undertake responsibility for managing the well-being of a registered patient

with respect to the use of marijuana for symptom relief.

A person may submit a signed application to the department of public safety to become a registered patient's registered caregiver. The department shall approve or deny the application in writing within 30 days. The department shall approve a registered caregiver's application and issue the person an authorization card, including the caregiver's name, photograph, and a unique identifier, after verifying:

- (1) the person will serve as the registered caregiver for one registered patient only; and
- (2) the person has never been convicted of a drug-related crime.
- (b) Prior to acting on an application, the department shall obtain from the Vermont criminal information center a Vermont criminal record, an out-of-state criminal record, and a criminal record from the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the applicant. For purposes of this

MONTANA

2.2 5 2 7 2 3 2 4 2 2		
		subdivision, "criminal record" means a
		record of whether the person has ever been
		convicted of a drug-related crime. Each
		applicant shall consent to release of
		criminal records to the department on
		forms substantially similar to the release
		forms developed by the center pursuant to
		section 2056c of Title 20. The department
		shall comply with all laws regulating the
		release of criminal history records and the
		protection of individual privacy. The
		Vermont criminal information center shall
		send to the requester any record received
		pursuant to this section or inform the
		department of public safety that no record
		exists. If the department disapproves an
		application, the department shall promptly
		provide a copy of any record of
		convictions and pending criminal charges
		to the applicant and shall inform the
		applicant of the right to appeal the
		accuracy and completeness of the record
		pursuant to rules adopted by the Vermont
		criminal information center. No person
		shall confirm the existence or
		nonexistence of criminal record
		information to any person who would not
		be eligible to receive the information
		pursuant to this subchapter.
		(c) A registered caregiver may serve only
		one registered patient at a time, and a
		registered patient may have only one
		registered caregiver at a time.
L	<u> </u>	registered caregiver at a time.
WASHINGTON		
"Designated provider" means a person		
who:		
(a) Is eighteen years of age or older;		
(b) Has been designated in writing by a		
patient to serve as a designated provider		
under this chapter;		
c) Is prohibited from consuming marijuana		

OREGON

NEVADA

VERMONT

MONTANA	NEVADA	OREGON	VERMONT
obtained for the personal, medical use of			
the patient for whom the individual is			
acting as designated provider; and			
d) Is the designated provider to only one			
patient at any one time.			

#### **ISSUE: Protections**

**MAINE NEW MEXICO CALIFORNIA COLORADO** Possession of, or application for, a registry a) Subject to the requirements of this No school, employer or landlord may **Presumption.** There is a presumption that a qualifying patient or primary caregiver is identification card shall not constitute article, the individuals specified in refuse to enroll, employ or lease to or engaged in the medical use of marijuana in probable cause or give rise to reasonable subdivision (b) shall not be subject, on otherwise penalize a person solely for his suspicion for any governmental agency to accordance with this chapter if the that sole basis, to criminal liability under or her status as a registered qualifying qualifying patient or primary caregiver: A. patient or a registered primary caregiver. (various) Sections. However, nothing in search the person or property of the person possessing or applying for the card. A. A this section shall authorize the individual Is in possession of a registry identification A primary caregiver, who has in his or her card; and B. Is in possession of an amount possession, a registry identification card qualified patient shall not be subject to to smoke or otherwise consume marijuana of marijuana that does not exceed the arrest, prosecution or penalty in any shall not be subject to arrest, prosecution, unless otherwise authorized by this article, manner for the possession of or the use of amount allowed under this chapter. The nor shall anything in this section authorize or penalty in any manner, or denied any presumption may be rebutted by evidence marijuana by the state of New Mexico, or any individual or group to cultivate or right or privilege, including but not that conduct related to marijuana was not political subdivision thereof, if the distribute marijuana for profit. (b) limited to, civil penalty or disciplinary for the purpose of treating or alleviating quantity of marijuana does not exceed an Subdivision (a) shall apply to all of the action by a business or occupational or the qualifying patient's debilitating adequate supply **B.** A primary caregiver following: (1) A qualified patient or a professional licensing board or bureau, for medical condition or symptoms associated shall not be subject to arrest, prosecution person with an identification card who assisting a qualifying patient to whom he with the debilitating medical condition in or penalty in any manner for the transports or processes marijuana for his or she is connected through the accordance with this chapter. Cardholder possession of marijuana by the state of or her own personal medical use. (2) A department's registration process with the not subject to arrest. A cardholder may New Mexico, or political subdivision medical use of marijuana; provided, that designated primary caregiver who not be subject to arrest, prosecution or thereof, for the medical use by the transports, processes, administers, the primary caregiver possesses an amount qualified patient if the quantity of delivers, or gives away marijuana for penalty in any manner or denied any right of marijuana which does not exceed or privilege, including but not limited to a marijuana does not exceed an adequate medical purposes, in amounts not twelve (12) marijuana plants and two and A qualified patient or a exceeding those established in subdivision one-half (2.5) ounces of usable marijuana civil penalty or disciplinary action by a supply. C. primary caregiver shall be granted the full business or occupational or professional (a) of Section 11362.77, only to the licensing board or bureau, for giving an legal protections provided under 7.34.3.12 qualified patient of the primary caregiver, each qualifying patient to whom he or she NMAC by the state of New Mexico if the is connected through the department's amount of marijuana the person is allowed or to the person with an identification card to possess under subsection 1 or 2 to a qualified patient or primary caregiver is in who has designated the individual as a registration. A primary caregiver may cardholder for the registered qualifying possession of a registry identification card. primary caregiver. (3) Any individual who receive reimbursement for costs associated provides assistance to a qualified patient patient's medical use when nothing of If the qualified patient or primary with assisting a registered qualifying caregiver is not in possession of a registry value is transferred in return or for or a person with an identification card, or patient's medical use of marijuana. his or her designated primary caregiver, in offering to do the same. School, employer identification card, the qualified patient or Compensation shall not constitute sale of or landlord may not discriminate. A primary caregiver shall be given an administering medical marijuana to the controlled substances. school, employer or landlord may not opportunity to produce the registry qualified patient or person or acquiring the process. Any interest in or right to refuse to enroll or employ or lease to or skills necessary to cultivate or administer identification card before any arrest or property that is possessed, owned, or used otherwise penalize a person solely for that criminal charges or other penalties are marijuana for medical purposes to the in connection with the medical use of

person's status as a registered qualifying patient or a registered primary caregiver unless failing to do so would put the school, employer or landlord in violation of federal law or cause it to lose a federal contract or funding. Person may not be denied custody or visitation of minor. A person may not be denied custody or visitation of a minor for acting in accordance with this chapter unless the person's behavior is such that it creates an unreasonable danger to the minor that can be clearly articulated and substantiated. Person not subject to penalty for providing registered qualifying patient or registered primary caregiver marijuana paraphernalia. A person may not be subject to arrest, prosecution or penalty in any manner or denied any right or privilege, including but not limited to a civil penalty or disciplinary action by a business or occupational or professional licensing board or bureau, for providing a registered qualifying patient or a registered primary caregiver with marijuana paraphernalia for purposes of a qualifying patient's medical use of marijuana. Property not subject to forfeiture. Any marijuana, marijuana paraphernalia, licit property or interest in licit property that is possessed, owned or used in connection with the medical use of marijuana, as allowed under this chapter, or property incidental to such use, may not be seized or forfeited. **Person not subject** to penalty for being in presence of medical use of marijuana. A person may not be subject to arrest, prosecution or

penalty in any manner or denied any right or privilege, including but not limited to a civil penalty or disciplinary action by a business or occupational or professional licensing board or bureau, simply for being in the presence or vicinity of the initiated. **D.** A practitioner shall not be subject to arrest or prosecution, penalized in any manner or denied any right or privilege by the state of New Mexico, or political subdivision thereof, for recommending the use of marijuana or providing written certification for the use of marijuana pursuant to this rule and act. **E.** Any property interest that is possessed, owned or used in connection with the use of marijuana, or acts incidental to such use, shall not be harmed, neglected, injured or destroyed while in the possession of New Mexico state or local law enforcement officials. Any such property interest shall not be forfeited under any New Mexico state or local law providing for the forfeiture of property except as provided in the Forfeiture Act. Marijuana, paraphernalia or other property seized from a qualified patient or primary caregiver in connection with the claimed use of marijuana shall be returned immediately upon the determination by a court or prosecutor that the qualified patient or primary caregiver is entitled to the protections of the provisions of this rule and act, as shall be evidenced by a failure to actively investigate the case, a decision not to prosecute, the dismissal of charges or acquittal. F. A person shall not be subject to arrest or prosecution by the state of New Mexico, or political subdivision thereof, for a marijuana related offense for being in the presence of the use of marijuana as permitted under the provisions of this rule and act.

qualified patient or person. (c) A primary caregiver who receives compensation for actual expenses, including reasonable compensation incurred for services provided to an eligible qualified patient or person with an identification card to enable that person to use marijuana under this article, or for payment for out-of-pocket expenses incurred in providing those services, or both, shall not, on the sole basis of that fact, be subject to prosecution or punishment under Section 11359 or 11360.

marijuana, or acts incidental to such use, shall not be forfeited.

(h) No person shall be subject to arrest or prosecution for constructive possession, conspiracy, aiding and abetting, being an accessory, or any other offense for simply being in the presence or vicinity of the medical use of marijuana as permitted under this chapter or for assisting a registered qualifying patient with using or administering marijuana.

medical use of marijuana as allowed under		
this chapter or for assisting a registered		
qualifying patient with using or		
administering marijuana.		

**HAWAII** RHODE ISLAND **ALASKA MICHIGAN** A patient, primary caregiver, or alternate Protections afforded to a qualifying patient A qualifying patient who has been issued A qualifying patient who has in his or her possession a registry identification card caregiver registered with the department and possesses a registry identification card or primary caregiver. shall not be subject to arrest, prosecution, (a) A qualifying patient or the primary shall not be subject to arrest, prosecution, under this chapter or penalty in any manner, or denied any has an affirmative defense to a criminal caregiver may assert the medical use of or penalty in any manner, or denied any marijuana as an affirmative defense to any right or privilege, including but not prosecution related to marijuana to the right or privilege, including but not limited to, civil penalty or disciplinary prosecution involving marijuana under extent provided in AS limited to civil penalty or disciplinary action by a business or occupational or this chapter or chapter 712; provided that action by a business or occupational or 11.71.090. professional licensing board or bureau, for (b) Except as otherwise provided by law, a the qualifying patient or the primary professional licensing board or bureau, for person is not subject to arrest, prosecution, the medical use of marijuana; provided, caregiver strictly complied with the the medical use of marihuana in that the qualifying patient possesses an requirements of this part. or penalty in any accordance with this act, provided that the amount of marijuana that does not exceed manner for applying to have the person's (b) Any qualifying patient or primary qualifying patient possesses an amount of twelve (12) marijuana plants and two and caregiver not complying with the marihuana that does not exceed 2.5 ounces name placed on the confidential registry one-half (2.5) ounces of usable marijuana. maintained by the permitted scope of the medical use of of usable marihuana, and, if the qualifying Said plants shall be stored in an indoor department under AS 17.37.010. marijuana shall not be afforded the patient has not specified that a primary facility. (b) No school, employer or caregiver will be allowed under state law protections against searches and seizures to cultivate marihuana for the qualifying landlord may refuse to enroll, employ or pertaining to the misapplication of the lease to or otherwise penalize a person medical use of marijuana. patient, 12 marihuana plants kept in an solely for his or her status as a registered (c) No person shall be subject to arrest or enclosed, locked facility. Any incidental qualifying patient or a registered primary prosecution for simply being in the amount of seeds, stalks, and unusable caregiver. (c) A primary caregiver, who presence or vicinity of the medical use of roots shall also be allowed under state law has in his or her possession, a registry marijuana as permitted under this part. and shall not be included in this amount. identification card shall not be subject to (b) A primary caregiver who has been arrest, prosecution, or penalty in any issued and possesses a registry manner, or denied any right or privilege, identification card shall not be subject to including but not limited to, civil penalty arrest, prosecution, or penalty in any or disciplinary action by a business or manner, or denied any right or privilege, occupational or professional licensing including but not limited to civil penalty board or bureau, for assisting a qualifying or disciplinary action by a business or patient to whom he or she is connected occupational or professional licensing through the department's registration board or bureau, for assisting a qualifying process with the medical use of marijuana; patient to whom he or she is connected provided, that the primary caregiver through the department's registration

possesses an amount of marijuana which does not exceed twelve (12) marijuana plants and two and one-half (2.5) ounces of usable marijuana for each qualifying patient to whom he or she is connected through the department's registration process.(d) There shall exist a presumption that a qualifying patient or primary caregiver is engaged in the medical use of marijuana if the qualifying patient or primary caregiver: (1) Is in possession of a registry identification card; and (2) Is in possession of an amount of marijuana that does not exceed the amount permitted under this chapter. Such presumption may be rebutted by evidence that conduct related to marijuana was not for the purpose of alleviating the qualifying patient's debilitating medical condition or symptoms associated with the medical condition. (e) A primary caregiver may receive reimbursement for costs associated with assisting a registered qualifying patient's medical use of marijuana. Compensation shall not constitute sale of controlled substances. (f) A practitioner shall not be subject to arrest, prosecution, or penalty in any manner

- process with the medical use of marihuana in accordance with this act, provided that the primary caregiver possesses an amount of marihuana that does not exceed: (1) 2.5 ounces of usable marihuana for each qualifying patient to whom he or she is connected through the department's registration process; and
- (2) for each registered qualifying patient who has specified that the primary caregiver will be allowed under state law to cultivate marihuana for the qualifying patient, 12 marihuana plants kept in an enclosed, locked facility; and
- (3) any incidental amount of seeds, stalks, and unusable roots.
- (c) A person shall not be denied custody or visitation of a minor for acting in accordance with this act, unless the person's behavior is such that it creates an unreasonable danger to the minor that can be clearly articulated and substantiated. A person shall not be subject to arrest, prosecution, or penalty in any manner, or denied any right or privilege, including but not limited to civil penalty or disciplinary action by a business or occupational or professional licensing board or bureau, for providing a registered qualifying patient or a registered primary caregiver with marihuana paraphernalia for purposes of a qualifying patient's medical use of marihuana. (h) Any marihuana, marihuana paraphernalia, or licit property that is possessed, owned, or used in connection with the medical use of marihuana, as allowed under this act, or acts incidental to such use, shall not be seized or forfeited.
- (i) A person shall not be subject to arrest, prosecution, or penalty in any manner, or denied any right or privilege, including but not limited to civil penalty or disciplinary action by a business or

	occupations	al or professional licensing
	board or bu	reau, solely for being in the
	presence or	vicinity of the medical use of
	marihuana	in accordance with this act, or
	for assisting	g a registered qualifying patient
	with using	or administering marijuana.

MONTANA	NEVADA	OREGON	VERMONT
Subject to 37-1-138, each licensing board	Professional licensing board prohibited	No professional licensing board may	A person who has in his or her possession
allocated to the department has the	from taking disciplinary action against	impose a civil penalty or take other	a valid registration card issued pursuant to
authority, in addition to any other penalty	licensee on basis of licensee's	disciplinary	this subchapter and who is in compliance
or disciplinary action provided by law, to	participation in certain activities in	action against a licensee based on the	with the requirements of this subchapter,
adopt rules specifying grounds for	accordance with chapter. A professional	licensee's medical use of marijuana in	including the possession limits in
disciplinary action and rules	licensing board shall not take any	accordance with the	subdivision 4472(4) of this title, shall be
providing for:	disciplinary action against a person	provisions of ORS 475.300 to 475.346 or	exempt from arrest or prosecution under
(a) revocation of a license;	licensed by the board on the basis that:	actions taken by the licensee that are	subsection 4230(a) of this title.
(b) suspension of its judgment of	1. The person engages in or has	necessary to carry	c) No person shall be subject to arrest or
revocation on terms and conditions	engaged in the medical use of marijuana in	out the licensee's role as a designated	prosecution for constructive possession,
determined by the board;	accordance with the provisions of this	primary caregiver to a person who	conspiracy, or any other offense for
(c) suspension of the right to practice for a	chapter; or	possesses a lawful registry	simply being in the presence or vicinity of
period not exceeding 1 year;	2. The person acts as or has acted as	identification card	a registered patient or registered caregiver
(d) placing a licensee on probation;	the designated primary caregiver of a	A licensed health care professional may	engaged in use of marijuana for symptom
(e) reprimand or censure of a licensee; or	person who holds a registry identification	administer medical marijuana to a person	relief.
(f) taking any other action in relation to	card issued to him pursuant to paragraph	who possesses a registry identification	
disciplining a licensee as the board in its	(a) of subsection 1 of <u>NRS 453A.220</u> .	card and resides in a licensed health care	
discretion considers proper.		facility if	
(2) Any disciplinary action by a board		the administration of pharmaceuticals is	
shall be conducted as a contested case		within the scope of practice of the licensed	
hearing under the provisions of the		health	
Montana Administrative		care professional. Administration of	
Procedure Act.		medical marijuana under this subsection	
(3) Notwithstanding any other provision		may not take	
of law, a board may maintain an action to		place in a public place as defined in ORS	
enjoin a person from engaging in the		161.015 or in the presence of a person	
practice of the		under 18 years	
occupation or profession regulated by the		of age. If the medical marijuana	
board until a license to practice is		administered under this subsection is	

procured. A person who has been enjoined	smoked, adequate	
and who violates the injunction is	ventilation must be provided.	
punishable for contempt of court.	(b) Nothing in this subsection requires:	
(4) An action may not be taken against a	(A) A licensed health care professional to	
person who is in compliance with	administer medical marijuana; or	
[sections 1 through 9]."	(B) A licensed health care facility to make	
	accommodations for the administration of	
	medical marijuana	

	T	
WASHINGTON		
(1) The lawful possession or manufacture		
of medical marijuana as authorized by this		
chapter shall not result in the forfeiture or		
seizure of any property.		
(2) No person shall be prosecuted for		
constructive possession, conspiracy, or		
any other criminal offense solely for being		
in the presence or vicinity of medical		
marijuana or its use as authorized by this		
chapter.		
(3) The state shall not be held liable for		
any deleterious outcomes from the		
medical use of marijuana by any		
qualifying patient.		

### **ISSUE: Qualifying Individuals/Patients**

MAINE	NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
Qualifying patient means a person who	A resident of New Mexico who has been	"Person with an identification card" means	Patient means a person who has a
has been diagnosed by a physician as	diagnosed by a practitioner as having a	an individual who is a qualified patient	debilitating medical condition.
having a debilitating medical condition.	debilitating medical condition and has received written certification and a	who has applied for and received a valid identification card pursuant to this article.	
	registry identification card issued pursuant	"Qualified patient" means a person who is	
	to the Lynn and Erin Compassionate Use	entitled to the protections of Section	
	Act	11362.5, but who does not have an	
		identification card issued pursuant to this	
		article.	
DIVODE IOLAND	A V A CUZ A	******	Mana
RHODE ISLAND	ALASKA	HAWAII	MICHIGAN
"Qualifying patient" means a person who has been diagnosed by a physician as	Not defined specifically. Law just	"Qualifying patient" means a person who has been diagnosed by a physician as	"Qualifying patient" means a person who has been diagnosed by a physician as
having a debilitating medical condition	talks about "applicants. "	having a debilitating medical condition.	having a debilitating medical condition.
and is a resident of Rhode Island.		naving a decimaling medical condition.	naving a desirating medical condition.
MONTANA	NEVADA	OREGON	VERMONT
"Qualifying patient" means a person who	Not defined specifically. Law just	"Patient" has the same meaning as	"Registered patient" means a person who
has been diagnosed by a physician as	talks about "registry card holders."	"registry identification cardholder."	has been issued a registration card by the
having a debilitating medical condition.			department of public safety identifying the person as having a debilitating medical
			condition pursuant to the provisions of this
			subchapter.
		<u> </u>	заоспарил.
WASHINGTON			
"Qualifying patient" means a person who:			
(a) Is a patient of a physician licensed			
under chapter 18.71 or 11 18.57 RCW;			
(b) Has been diagnosed by that physician			
as having a terminal or debilitating medical condition;			
(c) Is a resident of the state of Washington			
at the time of such diagnosis;			
(d) Has been advised by that physician			
about the risks and benefits of the medical			
use of marijuana; and			
e) Has been advised by that physician that			

they may benefit from the medical use of		
marijuana.		

### **ISSUE: Revocation**

MAINE	NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
Any cardholder who sells marijuana to a person who is not allowed to possess marijuana for medical purposes under this chapter must have that cardholder's registry identification card revoked and is liable for any other penalties for the sale of marijuana. The department may revoke the registry identification card of any cardholder who violates this chapter, and the cardholder is liable for any other penalties for the violation. The statute is silent as to the confidentiality of revocation.	Suspension of license without prior hearing: In accordance with the Public Health Act, Section 24-1-5 (H) NMSA 1978, if immediate action is required to protect the health and safety of the general public, the qualified patient or primary caregivers, the department may suspend the qualified patient or primary caregiver license without notice.  (1) A qualified patient or primary caregiver whose license has been summarily suspended is entitled to a record review not later than thirty (30) calendar days after the license was summarily suspended.  (2) The record review requested subsequent to a summary suspension shall be conducted by the administrative review committee.  (3) The administrative review committee shall conduct the record review on the summary suspension by reviewing all documents submitted by both licensee and the department.  (4) The sole issue at a record	Not addressed in state statute.	In addition to any other penalties provided by law, the state health agency shall revoke for a period of one year the registry identification card of any patient found to have willfully violated the provisions of this section or the implementing legislation adopted by the general assembly.

review on a summary suspension is whether the licensee's license shall remain suspended pending a final adjudicatory hearing and ruling. (5) A licensee given notice of summary suspension by the	
division may submit a written request for a record review.	

RHODE ISLAND	ALASKA	HAWAII	MICHIGAN
If a qualifying patient and/or primary caregiver willfully violates any provision of this chapter as determined by the department, his or her registry identification card may be revoked.  The registry registry registry and registry identification card action card gual min	the denial or revocation of a registry identification card or the removal of a patient from the registry or the listing of a caregiver hall be considered a final agency retion subject to judicial review. Only the patient, or the parent or uardian of a patient who is a minor, has standing to contest the nal agency action.	No provision in law.	No provision in law.

MONTANA	NEVADA	OREGON	VERMONT
No provision in law.	No provision in law.	(1) The Department may suspend	
		a registry identification card,	
		and preclude a person from	
		using a registry identification	
		card for a period of up to six	
		months if the Department	
		obtains evidence that	
		establishes a registry	
		identification cardholder has:	
		(a) Committed egregious	
		violations of the Act,	

### APPENDIX C including obtaining a registry identification card by fraud; (b) Committed multiple or continuing violations of the Act; or (c) Been convicted of a marijuana-related offense. (2) The Department shall send written notice of a suspension by certified mail. The notice shall comply with ORS 183.415, and shall include the right to request a contested case hearing. The request for hearing must be received within 21-days from the date the notice was mailed. (3) The Department shall revoke the registry identification card of a cardholder if a court has issued an order that prohibits the cardholder from participating in the medical use of marijuana or otherwise participating in the OMMP under ORS 475.300 to 475.346. The cardholder shall return the registry identification card to the department within 7 calendar days. (4) The cardholder shall return the registry identification card to the department within 7

calendar days of the final order

	of suspension being issued. If the cardholder is a patient, the patient shall return his or her card and all other associated OMMP cards.  (5) If, during the period of suspension, a patient's annual renewal date comes due, the patient must apply for renewal at the end of the period of suspension.
--	---

WASHINGTON		
No state registration.		

**ISSUE: Timelines for Issuing Cards** 

MAINE	NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
The department shall verify the	The department shall issue a	Because the program is voluntary	Within thirty days of receiving the
information contained in an	registry identification card within	and users do not have to register to	information referred to in
application or renewal submitted	five (5) business days of approving	receive protection under the statute,	subparagraphs (3) (b) (I)-(IV), the
pursuant to this section and shall	an application. A registry	I found no timelines for issuing	state health agency shall verify
approve or deny an application or	identification card shall contain an	cards.	medical information contained in
renewal within 30 days of	eight (8) digit number maintained		the patient's written documentation.
receiving it. The department may	by the division which identifies the		The agency shall notify the
deny an application or renewal	qualified patient or primary		applicant that his or her application
only if the applicant did not	caregiver. Unless renewed at an		for a registry identification card has
provide the information required	earlier date, suspended or revoked,		been denied if the agency's review
pursuant to this section or the	a registry identification card shall		of such documentation discloses
department determines that the	be valid for a period of one (1) year		that: the information required
information provided was falsified.	from the date of issuance and shall		pursuant to paragraph (3) (b) of
Rejection of an application or	expire at midnight on the day		this section has not been provided
renewal is considered a final	indicated on the registry		or has been falsified; the
agency action, subject to judicial	identification card as the expiration		documentation fails to state that the
review. Jurisdiction and venue for	date.		patient has a debilitating medical
judicial review are vested in the			condition specified in this section
Superior Court.			or by state health agency rule; or
			the physician does not have a
			license to practice medicine issued
			by the state of Colorado.
			Otherwise, not more than five days
			after verifying such information,
			the state health agency shall issue
			one serially numbered registry
			identification card to the patient.

RHODE ISLAND	ALASKA	HAWAII	MICHIGAN
The department shall verify the	The department shall review the	No provision.	The department shall verify the
information contained in an	application and all information		information contained in an
application or renewal submitted	submitted under (c) and (d) of this		application or renewal submitted
pursuant to this section, and shall	section within 30 days of receiving		pursuant to this section, and shall

approve or deny an application or renewal within fifteen (15) days of receiving it. The department may deny an application or renewal only if the applicant did not provide the information required pursuant to this section, or if the department determines that the information provided was falsified. Rejection of an application or renewal is considered a final department action, subject to judicial review. Jurisdiction and venue for judicial review are vested in the superior court.

it. The department shall notify the patient that the patient's application for a registry identification card has been denied if the department's review of the information that the patient has provided discloses that the information required under (c) of this section has not been provided or has been falsified or that the patient is not otherwise qualified to be registered.

approve or deny an application or renewal within 15 days of receiving it. The department may deny an application or renewal only if the applicant did not provide the information required pursuant to this section, or if the department determines that the information provided was falsified. Rejection of an application or renewal is considered a final department action, subject to judicial review. Jurisdiction and venue for judicial review are vested in the circuit court for the county of Ingham.

MONTANA	NEVADA	OREGON	VERMONT
information contained in an application or renewal submitted pursuant to this section and shall approve or deny an application or renewal within 15 days of receipt of the application or renewal.	The Department shall verify the information contained in an application submitted pursuant to this section and shall approve or deny an application within 30 days after receiving the application. The Department may contact an applicant, his attending physician and designated primary caregiver, if any, by telephone to determine that the information provided on or accompanying the application is accurate.	The Department will approve or deny an application within 30 days of receiving a complete application, including payment of the designated fee.	The department shall approve or deny the application for registration in writing within 30 days from receipt of a completed registration application.  If the application is approved, the department shall issue the applicant a registration card which shall include the registered patient's name and photograph, as well as a unique identifier for law enforcement verification purposes under section 4474d of this title.

WASHINGTON		
State has no registration program.		

### **ISSUE: Visiting Patients and Reciprocity**

MAINE	NEW MEXICO	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO
Visiting qualifying patient means a patient	None	The California card program is voluntary	No provision in the law.
with a debilitating medical condition who		and it is not necessary to have a card to be	
is not a resident of this State or who has		entitled to the protections of the law.	
been a resident of this State less than 30			
days. Effect of registry identification card			
issued by another jurisdiction. A registry			
identification card, or its equivalent, that is			
issued under the laws of another state,			
district, territory, commonwealth or			
insular possession of the United States that			
allows the medical use of marijuana by a			
visiting qualifying patient has the same			
force and effect as a registry identification			
card issued by the department.			

RHODE ISLAND	ALASKA	HAWAII	MICHIGAN
If you have a medical marijuana registry identification card from any other state, U.S. territory, or the District of Columbia you may use it in Rhode Island. It has the same force and effect as a card issued by the Rhode Island Department of Health.	No provision	No provision	"Visiting qualifying patient" means a patient who is not a resident of this state or who has been a resident of this state for less than 30 days. A registry identification card, or its equivalent, that is issued under the laws of another state, district, territory, commonwealth, or insular possession of the United States that allows the medical use of marihuana by a visiting qualifying patient, or to allow a person to assist with a visiting qualifying patient's medical use of marihuana, shall have the same force and effect as a registry identification card issued by the department.

MONTANA	NEVADA	OREGON	VERMONT
No provision in law.	No provision.	No provision.	None.

WASHINGTON		
Doctor recommendations, ID cards, and		
other documentation from other states are		
not legal in Washington.		