

**BURGLARY**

Burglary, also known as breaking and entering, is “the unlawful entry or attempted forcible entry of any structure to commit a felony or larceny.”

“A person is guilty of burglary if he enters or surreptitiously remains in a structure, knowing that he is not licensed or privileged to do so, with the intent to commit a crime therein.” M.R.S.A. Title 17-A, § 401

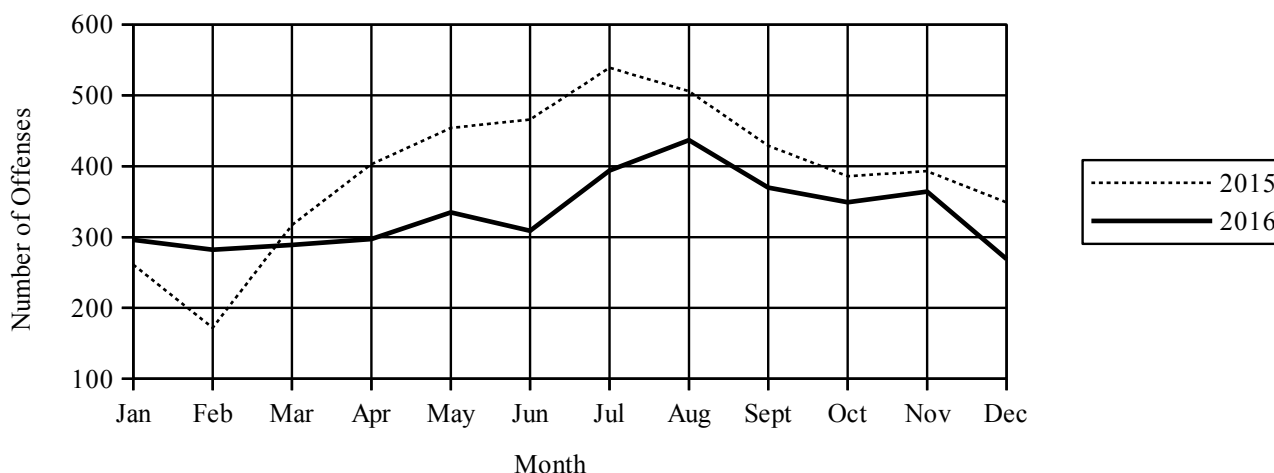
**Crime Clock**

<b>Trend</b>						
<b>Year</b>	<b>2012</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2012–2016</b>
Number reported	7,429	6,453	5,009	4,675	3,991	
% change from previous year	-5.1%	-13.1%	-22.4%	-6.7%	-14.6%	
						% change -46.3%
Rate per 1,000	5.59	4.86	3.77	3.52	3.00	
% change from previous year	-5.1%	-13.1%	-22.5%	-6.7%	-14.8%	
						% change -46.4%

<b>Characteristics — 2016</b>	
<b>Place of Occurrence</b>	<b>Months of Highest Occurrence</b>
Residence ..... 75.0%	August ..... 10.9%
Non-Residence ..... 25.0%	July ..... 9.9%
<b>Type of Entry</b>	September ..... 9.3%
Forcible Entry ..... 42.9%	<b>Value of Property Stolen during Offense</b>
Unlawful Entry — No Force ..... 50.0%	Total ..... \$4,309,318.00
Attempted Forcible Entry ..... 7.1%	Per Incident Average ..... \$1,079.76
<b>Time of Day</b>	<b>Clearance Rate</b>
Night — 6 p.m.–6 a.m. .... 26.9%	831 Offenses Cleared ..... 20.8%
Day — 6 a.m.–6 p.m. .... 51.9%	Arrests/Crime Ratio ..... 0.17
Unknown ..... 21.1%	

<b>Profile of Persons Arrested</b>	
<b>677 Arrests</b>	
<b>Age</b>	
17 and under ..... 19.9%	
18–24 ..... 23.8%	
25–29 ..... 17.4%	
30–34 ..... 14.6%	
35–39 ..... 9.0%	
40 and over ..... 15.2%	
<b>Sex</b>	
Male ..... 86.6%	
Female ..... 13.4%	

<b>Type of Entry, 2015–2016</b>			
	<b>2015</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>% change</b>
Forcible Entry	1,972	1,712	-13.2%
Unlawful Entry, No Force	2,433	1,996	-18.0%
Attempted Forcible Entry	270	283	4.8%
<b>Totals</b>	<b>4,675</b>	<b>3,991</b>	<b>-14.6%</b>

***Burglaries — Comparative Data 2015–2016******Burglary by Time of Day, 2015–2016***

	Number of Offenses			Estimated Value of Property Loss		
	2015	2016	% change	2015	2016	% change
<b>Residence</b>						
6 p.m.–6 a.m.	778	746	-4.1%	\$544,164	\$630,612	15.9%
6 a.m.–6 p.m.	1,931	1,624	-15.9%	\$2,246,253	\$1,861,383	-17.1%
Unknown	733	622	-15.1%	\$1,082,292	\$673,472	-37.8%
<b>Subtotals</b>	<b>3,442</b>	<b>2,992</b>	<b>-13.1%</b>	<b>\$3,872,709</b>	<b>\$3,165,467</b>	<b>-18.3%</b>
<b>Non-Residence</b>						
6 p.m.–6 a.m.	371	329	-11.3%	\$371,817	\$547,005	47.1%
6 a.m.–6 p.m.	612	448	-26.8%	\$701,627	\$319,071	-54.5%
Unknown	250	222	-11.2%	\$270,422	\$277,775	2.7%
<b>Subtotals</b>	<b>1,233</b>	<b>999</b>	<b>-19.0%</b>	<b>\$1,343,866</b>	<b>\$1,143,851</b>	<b>-14.9%</b>
<b>Grand Totals</b>	<b>4,675</b>	<b>3,991</b>	<b>-14.6%</b>	<b>\$5,216,575</b>	<b>\$4,309,318</b>	<b>-17.4%</b>

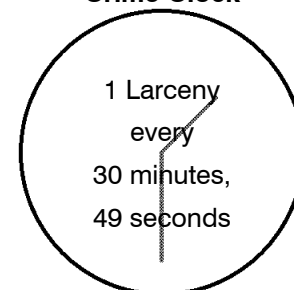
***LARCENY-THEFT***

Larceny is the unlawful taking of the property of another with the intent to deprive him of ownership.

Maine has consolidated conduct denoted as Theft under Title 17-A, Chapter 15, § 351, Consolidation, embracing numerous separate crimes previously known as larceny, embezzlement, false pretenses, extortion, blackmail, shoplifting, and receiving stolen property. In properly classifying/scoring these offenses under UCR guidelines, certain offenses fall under Larceny-Theft, while others more appropriately fit under Part II offense definitions such as Fraud, Embezzlement, Stolen Property or All Other Offenses.

*Theft by unauthorized taking or transfer* — “1. A person is guilty of theft if he obtains or exercises unauthorized control over the property of another with intent to deprive him thereof.” M.R.S.A. Title 17-A, § 353

*Burglary of a motor vehicle* — “A person is guilty of theft if the actor enters a motor vehicle knowing the actor is not licensed or privileged to do so, with the intent to commit a crime therein (and that crime is theft).” M.R.S.A. Title 17-A, § 405

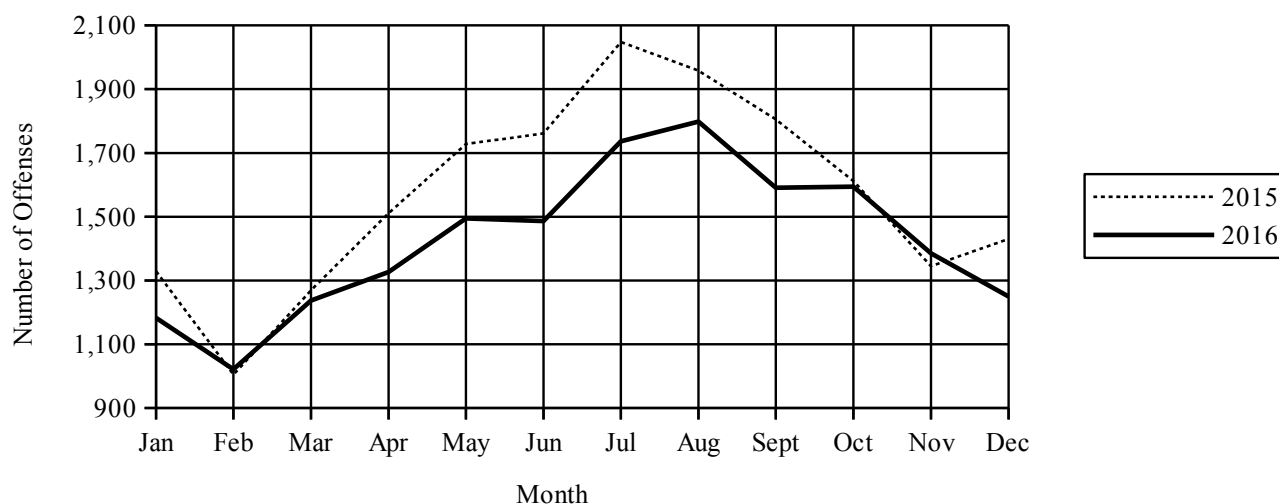
**Crime Clock**

<i>Trend</i>						
Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2012–2016
Number reported	24,812	23,006	20,501	18,801	17,104	
% change from previous year	-0.1%	-7.3%	-10.9%	-8.3%	-9.0%	
						% change -31.1%
Rate per 1,000	18.67	17.32	15.41	14.14	12.85	
% change from previous year	-0.1%	-7.2%	-11.0%	-8.2%	-9.2%	
						% change -31.2%

<i>Characteristics — 2016</i>		
<b>Type of Criminal Activity</b>		
Pocket-Picking .....	0.1%	\$50 to \$200 ..... 22.5%
Purse-Snatching .....	0.2%	Under \$50 ..... 44.8%
Shoplifting .....	20.0%	<b>Months of Highest Occurrence</b>
From Motor Vehicles .....	15.9%	August ..... 10.5%
Motor Vehicle Parts & Accessories .....	2.5%	July ..... 10.1%
Bicycles .....	3.3%	October ..... 9.3%
From Buildings .....	12.7%	<b>Value of Property Stolen during Offense</b>
From Coin-Op Machines .....	0.1%	Total ..... \$8,545,583.00
All Other .....	45.1%	Per Incident Average ..... \$499.62
		<b>Clearance Rate</b>
<b>Value per Incident</b>		5,972 Offenses Cleared ..... 34.9%
Over \$200 .....	32.7%	Arrests/Crime Ratio ..... 0.28

<i>Profile of Persons Arrested</i>	
<i>4,706 Arrests</i>	
<b>Age</b>	
17 and under.....	12.8%
18–24.....	21.2%
25–29.....	17.5%
30–34.....	14.1%
35–39.....	10.8%
40 and over.....	23.5%
<b>Sex</b>	
Male.....	56.8%
Female.....	43.2%

<i>Larceny by Classification, 2015–2016</i>						
	Number of Offenses			Value Stolen		
	2015	2016	% change	2015	2016	% change
Pocket-Picking	10	13	30.0%	\$1,446	\$2,501	73.0%
Purse-Snatching	36	38	5.6%	\$4,715	\$7,925	68.1%
Shoplifting	3,782	3,425	-9.4%	\$493,691	\$466,363	-5.5%
From Motor Vehicles	2,872	2,720	-5.3%	\$954,154	\$1,258,335	31.9%
M/V Parts & Accessories	393	434	10.4%	\$203,079	\$197,723	-2.6%
Bicycles	631	567	-10.1%	\$192,572	\$178,608	-7.3%
From Buildings	2,484	2,171	-12.6%	\$1,939,748	\$1,473,121	-24.1%
From Coin-Op Machines	25	23	-8.0%	\$64,224	\$6,969	-89.1%
All Other	8,568	7,713	-10.0%	\$6,063,424	\$4,954,038	-18.3%
<b>Totals</b>	<b>18,801</b>	<b>17,104</b>	<b>-9.0%</b>	<b>\$9,917,053</b>	<b>\$8,545,583</b>	<b>-13.8%</b>

***Larceny-Theft — Comparative Data, 2015–2016******MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT***

Uniform Crime Reporting defines Motor Vehicle Theft as the larceny or attempted larceny of a motor vehicle, including “joy riding.” Excluded from this class is a reported offense where there is lawful access to the vehicle, such as a family situation, or unauthorized use by others with lawful access, such as with employees.

Motor vehicles are defined by UCR as self-propelled vehicles that run on the surface of the land and not on rails, such as automobiles, trucks, buses, motorcycles, motor scooters, snowmobiles, ATVs, etc. Not included are farm equipment, construction equipment, airplanes, motorboats.

*Unauthorized use of property* — “1. A person is guilty of theft if: A. Knowing that he does not have the consent of the owner, he takes, operates or exercises control over a vehicle, or knowing that the vehicle has been wrongfully obtained, he rides in such vehicle.” M.R.S.A. Title 17-A § 360

**Crime Clock**

1 Motor Vehicle  
Theft every  
11 hours,  
20 minutes

***Trend***

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2012–2016
Number reported	990	902	796	810	775	
% change from previous year	-7.8%	-8.9%	-11.8%	1.8%	-4.3%	% change -21.7%
Rate per 1,000	0.74	0.68	0.60	0.61	0.58	
% change from previous year	-8.6%	-8.2%	-12.0%	1.6%	-4.5%	% change -21.3%

**Type of Vehicle 2015–2016**

	Auto- mobiles	Trucks/ Buses	Other Vehicles	Totals
2015	592	92	126	<b>810</b>
2016	607	68	100	<b>775</b>
% change	2.5%	-26.1%	-20.6%	<b>-4.3%</b>

**Locally Stolen M/Vs Recovered 2016**

	No. Recovered	% Recovered
Recovered Locally	229	29.5%
Recovered — Other Jurisdictions	92	11.9%
<b>Total Recovered</b>	<b>321</b>	<b>41.4%</b>
Not Recovered	454	58.6%

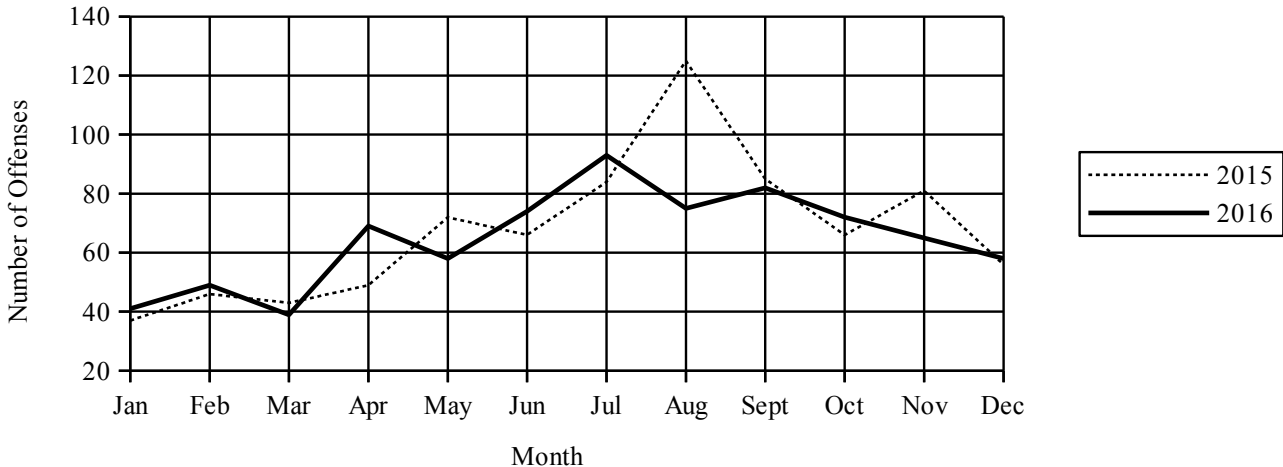
**Characteristics — 2016**

Type of Vehicle	Value of Property Stolen during Offense
Automobiles ..... 78.3%	Total ..... \$4,857,979.00
Truck/Buses ..... 8.8%	Per Incident Average ..... \$6,268.36
Other Vehicles ..... 12.9%	<b>Number of Locally Stolen M/Vs Recovered</b> ..... 321
Months of Highest Occurrence	Value of Property Recovered
July ..... 12.0%	Total ..... \$2,924,891.00
September ..... 10.6%	<b>Clearance Rate</b>
August ..... 9.7%	282 Offenses Cleared ..... 36.4%
	Arrests/Crime Ratio ..... 0.28

**Profile of Persons Arrested  
214 Arrests**

Age	
17 and under.....	26.6%
18–24.....	27.6%
25–29.....	13.1%
30–34.....	11.7%
35–39.....	10.3%
40 and over.....	10.7%
Sex	
Male.....	78.0%
Female.....	22.0%

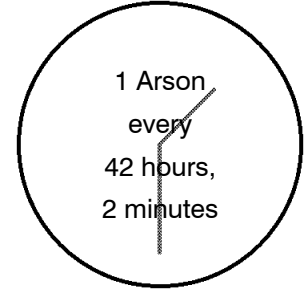
**Stolen Vehicles — Comparative Data 2015–2016**



**ARSON**

Arson is defined by the Uniform Crime Reporting program as any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc. Only fires determined through investigation to have been willfully or maliciously set are classified as arson. Fires of suspicious or unknown origins are excluded.

"1. A person is guilty of arson if he starts, causes, or maintains a fire or explosion; A. On the property of another with the intent to damage or destroy property thereon; or B. On his own property or the property of another (1) with the intent to enable any person to collect insurance proceeds for the loss caused by the fire or explosion; or (2) which recklessly endangers any person or the property of another." M.R.S.A. Title 17-A, § 802

**Crime Clock**

<b>Trend</b>						
<b>Year</b>	<b>2012</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2012–2016</b>
Number reported	226	140	99	91	209	
% change from previous year	-13.1%	-38.1%	-29.3%	-8.1%	129.7%	% change -7.5%
Rate per 1,000	0.17	0.11	0.07	0.07	0.16	
% change from previous year	-15.0%	-38.0%	-32.3%	-2.2%	129.3%	% change -7.7%

**Characteristics — 2016**

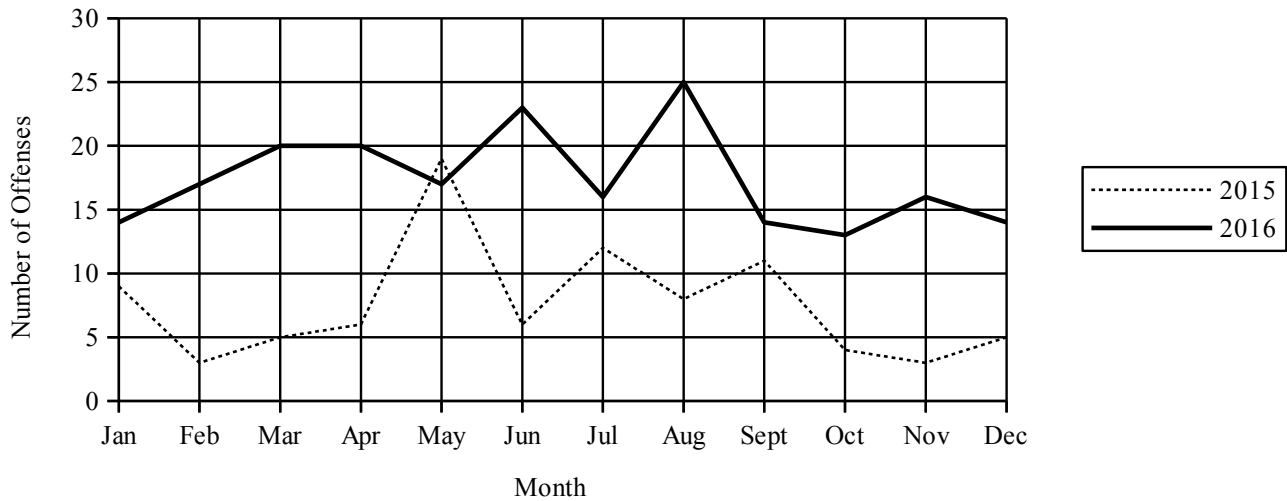
<b>Type of Property</b>	
Structural .....	59.8%
Mobile .....	16.3%
Other .....	23.9%
<b>Months of Highest Occurrence</b>	
August .....	12.0%
June .....	11.0%
March, April .....	9.6%
<b>Value of Property Damaged</b>	
Total .....	\$3,498,904.00
Per Incident Average .....	\$16,741.17
<b>Clearance Ratio</b>	
82 Offenses Cleared .....	39.2%
Arrests/Crime Ratio .....	0.37

**Profile of Persons Arrested  
77 Arrests**

<b>Age</b>	
17 and under .....	22.1%
18–24 .....	24.7%
25–29 .....	7.8%
30–34 .....	11.7%
35–39 .....	9.1%
40 and over .....	24.7%
<b>Sex</b>	
Male .....	83.1%
Female .....	16.9%

**Arson by Property Type, 2015–2016**

	<b>Number of Offenses</b>			<b>Estimated Value of Property Loss</b>		
	<b>2015</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>% change</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>% change</b>
Structural — Residential	26	86	230.8%	\$1,175,474	\$2,905,650	147.2%
Structural — Non-residential	20	39	95.0%	\$203,457	\$81,510	-59.9%
Mobile (cars, trailers, boats, etc.)	14	34	142.9%	\$73,350	\$475,940	548.9%
All other (crops, fields, signs, etc.)	31	50	61.3%	\$115,725	\$35,804	-69.1%
<b>Totals</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>129.7%</b>	<b>\$1,568,006</b>	<b>\$3,498,904</b>	<b>123.1%</b>

*Arsons — Comparative Data 2015–2016**Arson Breakdown by County*

County	No. Offenses			Estimated Value of Property Loss		
	2015	2016	% change	2015	2016	% change
Androscoggin	8	12	50.0%	\$171,521	\$18,390	-89.3%
Aroostook	5	8	60.0%	\$150,000	\$192,100	28.1%
Cumberland	14	25	78.6%	\$315,288	\$442,350	40.3%
Franklin	—	6	100.0%	—	\$185,000	100.0%
Hancock	—	9	100.0%	—	\$35,300	100.0%
Kennebec	9	26	188.9%	\$55,402	\$516,302	831.9%
Knox	2	6	200.0%	\$8,500	\$86,000	911.8%
Lincoln	—	3	100.0%	—	\$131,000	100.0%
Oxford	11	14	27.3%	\$507,605	\$23,800	-95.3%
Penobscot	11	24	118.2%	\$68,853	\$339,150	392.6%
Piscataquis	2	6	200.0%	\$50,000	\$15,200	-69.6%
Sagadahoc	2	11	450.0%	\$109,000	\$153,060	40.4%
Somerset	4	7	75.0%	\$13,601	\$131,190	864.6%
Waldo	2	11	450.0%	\$30,001	\$651,195	2,070.6%
Washington	2	5	150.0%	\$400	\$162,000	40,400.0%
York	19	36	89.5%	\$87,835	\$416,867	374.6%
<b>Totals</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>129.7%</b>	<b>\$1,568,006</b>	<b>\$3,498,904</b>	<b>123.1%</b>